

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to
Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arraigned in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment. Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her. He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery. He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th, to which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott, were the witnesses for the government and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near

the car barn of the Boston & Northern Street Railway company in First street, and upon learning that his wife had \$5 he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife. Mrs. Prescott has been working at a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife threw her out of the house. She returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

Believing that he might carry out his threat she fled to the house of a neighbor. She had not been there long before she heard the report of a rifle and peering through a window found her husband standing outside of her house with a gun in his hand and the panes of glass in the pantry window shattered.

She telephoned the police and two patrolmen were sent to the scene and they placed Prescott under arrest.

Mrs. Prescott informed the court that she had been married to her husband 21 years and that during that time he had drunk almost continually and despite her efforts to make him stop he refused to do so.

Prescott, when asked if he wanted to testify, said that he did not care to and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

FOOTBALL GAMES

Harvard Tackles Williams College Today

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 8.—Presenting the lineup that will oppose Yale, probably Harvard met in the stadium today Williams college, whose team was the only one to cross the Crimson goal line before the big game with Yale last year. A close contest was expected today with a good tryout for the new rules.

The Williams team as it lines up today includes six veterans of the team which set quaking the hearts of the Crimson supporters by scoring within five minutes of play. The weather today is brisk and snappy, ideal for football, and the wind was moderate from the southwest.

YALE VS. HOLY CROSS

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 8.—Yale meets Holy Cross on the gridiron here today. The strength of the visitors is an unknown quantity, but it is expected that the Blue eleven will have to extend itself to win. Last year with an exceptionally strong team Yale was able to score but 12 points. In the game with Tufts Wednesday Yale showed up poorly and a hurry call for graduate coaches was sent out. An improvement along all lines is hoped for in today's game, especially in the catching of punts.

The lineup:

Yale	Holy Cross
Coates, lb	Jo, lb
Pauli, lb	H. Davitt, lb
Loore, lb	Ostregren, lb
Morris, c	Monahan, c
Loore, lb	Collins, lb
Childs, lb	Collins, lb
Reilly, lb	Collins, lb
Corey, lb	Collins, lb
Dewing, lb	Collins, lb
Daly, Kistler, rlb	O'Brien, lb
Phillips, lb	Collins, lb

U. OF P. VS. WEST VIRGINIA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 8.—New football will have its first test on a slippery field today when the university of Pennsylvania lines up against the university of West Virginia. Pennsylvania expects a hard game. Denny Hutchinson, the star backfield, has been declared ineligible to play because of conditions in his

Free from Grease, Hood's Lotion does not make hair grow. This is a strong point in its favor. Soothes and heals the skin. 25 or 50c.

Indigestion

Sour stomach, wind in stomach, belching, acid eructations, heartburn and nausea, are quickly relieved and in many cases permanently cured by

Dyspeptics

Combining the best digestives, carminatives and correctives. 10 or 25c. Remember **Dys-pep-lets**. Take on the name

It's an easy matter to advertise suits at \$15, but a mighty hard proposition to try and compete with the Merrimack Clothing Co.'s offering of suits at this price—Enough said—Just compare.

Lowell Electric Light

50 Central Street

Welch Bros. 61-63 Middle Street

GAS FIXTURES, LAMPS, DOMES

Welch Bros. 61-63 Middle Street

RADICAL ACTION

New Regime in Portugal to Drive
Out Religious Orders

LISBON, Oct. 8.—Provisional President Theophile Braga and his associates every day feeling more secure in their newly assumed authority are drawing tighter the reins of government.

The first step was the publication today of an official decree ordering all religious bodies in Portugal to leave the country within 24 hours. Almost at the moment that the decree appeared Marquis de Pombal was placed under arrest, charged with having sheltered members of the religious bodies and having concealed arms in his house. Troops were stationed in the vicinity of the religious establishments to prevent attacks upon them by mobs.

Dr. Alfonso Costa, the minister of justice, also issued a decree ordering the release of all persons detained by the monarchy on the charge of belonging to secret societies including those serving terms of imprisonment as well as those being held for trial. This is in fulfillment of the projected policy of political freedom.

Dr. Costa visited the camps of the republican soldiers and personally congratulated those who had especially distinguished themselves in the recent fighting. These included two women who had taken places in the ranks and participated throughout the combat.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

QUIET STILL REIGNS

IN CITY OF LISBON

LISBON, Oct. 8.—Quiet continues to reign in this city and thus far there has been no sign of any reaction in favor of the old regime. The monarchical party is generally regarded as dead, particularly since the radicals under the leadership of Dr. Jose Maria Alpoim have thrown their lot heartily with the republicans. With all the monarchical leaders, only three, including Gen. Pimentel Pinto and two Fraticelli, Vasconcellos, Porto and Ayres Ornelas, are said to have taken an active share in attempting to suppress the revolutionary movement.

The complete disappearance of the monarchical party is reflected in the discontinuance of the seven newspapers which represent the entire monarchical press.

It is not yet indicated what action the new government will take against the leaders of the opposition. However, General Pinto, who is a former minister of war, has been arrested, and several officials, including Vasconcellos Porto, have been directed to report themselves at once to headquarters.

The date for the reassembling of the national assembly has not yet been fixed.

Admiral Reyes, who committed suicide on his flagship shortly after the uprising began, in the belief that the revolution had been unsuccessful, has taken a place in the minds of the pop-

place alongside the other so-called martyr of the revolution. Dr. Bombarda, whose assassination was the occasion for an outburst, which led up directly to the events of the past few days.

Admiral Reyes took the initiative in precipitating the revolutionary movement among the vessels of the fleet which lay anchored off Lisbon. He had agreed with the other republican naval leaders, that a salute of thirty-one guns should be the signal on each boat apprising the others that the uprising was successful. In the confusion which attended the outbreak on the cruisers, only three guns were fired. Admiral Reyes, hearing these three guns, jumped to the conclusion that the whole movement had failed, in despair he drew his revolver and fired a shot into his head, dying at once.

REVOLUTIONS WERE PLANNED

IN SPAIN AND PORTUGAL

PARIS, Oct. 8.—Despatches from Madrid quote Ezquirdo, the republican leader, in confirmation of the statement that a definite plan existed for simultaneous revolutionary movements in both Spain and Portugal. Dr. Ezquirdo has just returned from Lisbon where he conferred with Dr. Bombarda and other Portuguese republicans in regard to the plan. They decided on Oct. 10, the anniversary of Ferret's death, as the date for the uprising but in personal property and in houses and lands. The king, however, pays taxes upon all his property like any Portuguese citizen.

THE KING'S PROPERTY

WILL NOT BE SEIZED

BORDEAUX, Oct. 8.—Advices from Lisbon say that the new republican government has declared its intention not to seize the private property of King Manuel. The republican leaders said several weeks ago in outlining their program that if the revolt was a success they would favor the seizure of the king's property and the payment of an annual pension to the king.

The royal fortune is very large, both in personal property and in houses and lands. The king, however, pays taxes upon all his property like any Portuguese citizen.

RUSSIAN CRUISER ORDERED

TO GO TO LISBON

TOULON, Oct. 8.—It is understood that the Russian cruiser Admiral Makharoff, which was under instructions to sail at once for Cronstadt has received instructions to go to Lisbon to watch the course of events and to co-operate with the other foreign warships for the protection of the interests of foreigners.

NEW MAIL TRAIN

Put on to Connect Lowell With New York

As a result of the energetic efforts of the Lowell board of trade, a new train to New York is to run through Lowell, starting next Tuesday night. The train will run between Portland and New York, being express between this city and New York. By the placing of this train on the schedule it will remove an evil which the business men of this city have been trying to get rid of for years, that of securing an early delivery of the New York mail. The board has also succeeded in securing the transportation of express bundles on the new train. Few people, even the business men, who have been the most anxious to secure better service, realize the worth of this new train for mail and express facilities.

At the present time there is a Portland to New York train, which passes through this city, but that train was put on merely for the summer and it will be dropped next Tuesday. The train was of such benefit to the people of this city that the board of trade decided that such a train should be permanent, but that a rearrangement of time was advisable and as a result of the efforts of the local board the new train will be put on permanently. It will pass through this city about 9:20 p. m. on its way to New York, while on the return trip it will reach Lowell at 5:20 a. m.

When the board learned that the railroad officials had decided to substitute a train for that run on summer schedule, Secretary John H. Murphy of the Lowell board of trade wrote to the postal authorities, asking them to place the mail on the new train. This morning Mr. Murphy received information to the effect that the wishes of the board would be carried out.

At the present time the New York mail does not arrive in Lowell until 9:30 in the morning, and as fact work and the addition of an extra carrier the business men are able to secure the New York mail by 9 o'clock. Many business men who are anxious to take a trip to Boston or some other city early in the morning are desirous of pursuing their mail before leaving the

MAN WAS FINED \$50

Because He Failed to Provide for
His Wife

Nicola Psichramis, when arraigned before Judge Hadley in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his wife, stated that he refused to support her because his father-in-law did not give him a dowry of \$600 which he promised and that all his wife ever did for him was to marry him \$50 and the money which she had earned for four weeks.

It is a fact that in some of the foreign countries a dowry, instead of love, is one of the principal factors in the arrangement for a marriage, but inasmuch as these laws are not effective in this country Judge Hadley found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$50, the money to be paid to the wife of the defendant.

Nicola appeared before the court several months ago on a similar complaint and on agreeing to do better in the future and provide for his wife

he was placed in the custody of the probation officer. Nicola, however, must have had a poor memory for after being placed on probation he left the city and traveled from place to place until recently when he returned to Lowell and was immediately placed under arrest.

When questioned as to why he did not care for his wife, he said that he did not care for her because she did not care for his wife. He did so and her father gave him \$600 as a dowry. The marriage took place and \$50 was advanced on the alleged dowry and for four weeks his wife turned her pay over to him. Then she stopped paying, and after having a consultation with his father-in-law, he decided that he would leave his wife. He did so and she returned to her father and then proceeded against the husband with the result that he was arrested on a complaint of non-support, placed on probation, then ran away and was arrested yesterday.

FOR SPITTING ON FLOOR

Man Was Ordered to Pay a
Fine of \$6

To disturb the performance at a theatre or to expectorate on the floor of a theatre are rather serious offenses according to Judge Hadley and this morning when two young men were brought before the court each charged with one of the offenses, he imposed fines.

Thomas Cleary was charged with spitting on the floor of a theatre and although he entered a plea of guilty he said that he was a stranger in this city and was ignorant of the law. Patrolman Huse who made the arrest stated that he had cautioned the occupants of the gallery of the theatre about expectorating and that there was a notice relative to the prohibition of spitting within plain view of the defendant.

Judge Hadley stated that while the law provided that a fine of \$20 could be imposed, inasmuch as this was the first offense of this kind that had ever been brought to the attention of the court he would impose a fine of \$6.

Disturbed the Audience
Valere Lecomte was charged with interrupting and disturbing an assembly of people. In other words, he disturbed the audience at a performance at one of the local theatres yesterday afternoon. When an act was placed on the stage Lecomte did not find it to his liking and instead of remaining quiet or leaving the theatre, he shouted at the top of his voice, "Oh, you're rotten; take a snail!"

Patrolman Joseph Clark, who was in the gallery of the theatre at the time, rushed downstairs and did not have any difficulty in locating the offender, for the latter was in a heated argument with several people in the immediate vicinity.

Lecomte was placed under arrest and sent to the police station. In court this morning the defendant had no defence to offer and a fine of \$15 was imposed.

AT ST. PETER'S

Holy Name Society to
Receive Communion

Following out a time honored custom the Holy Name society of St. Peter's church will receive holy communion tomorrow at that church, it being the regular quarterly appearance of the organization. After a brief respite from the activities of society work during the summer months, the members feel prepared to enter upon the fall and winter season with renewed efforts for the promotion of the laudable objects of the society. Hence it is that at tomorrow's service the attendance of every member enrolled in the great organization is expected.

The members will assemble at 7:50 o'clock in the fair hall and under the direction of Marshal Wm. J. Gargan will proceed to the church, where communion will be reserved at the 8 o'clock mass. The Holy Name choir, under the direction of Mr. James E. Donnelly, will

render a special musical program. After mass the members will repair to Lincoln hall, where breakfast will be served under the direction of Mrs. Katherine McQuade, assisted by a corps of young ladies of the parish. Following breakfast the entertainment program will be presented with Pres. Richard Lyons in the chair. Remarks will be made by Rev. Dr. Keleher and Rev. John F. Burns, after which the following well known talent will entertain: Piano solos by Miss Marietta G. Gormley and George Tierney; solos by Miss Gertrude E. Keleher, Mrs. Fred Leahy, Messrs. James H. Gannon, Joseph Mahan and James Lyons; chorist duet by Messrs. John Fairbrother and John McCann; readings by James B. Coughlin, Wm. McQuade and Maurice O'Donnell; duet by Messrs. Robert Lindsay and Andrew Doyle; recitations by John Payne. The committee in charge of tomorrow's event has labored hard for its success and the indications point to the biggest attendance in the history of the society.

Political

Printing, good work and low prices.
Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

COLUMBUS' discovery

and OURS

Columbus discovered our whole land, but we discovered a small piece of it, and we are sharing that discovery with others. We are speaking of that beautiful property on Andover street, BELVIDERE PARK, which we are selling in HOUSE LOTS on easy terms. Anybody can tell you where it is, and they all say the same thing you look at it, "WE WANT TO OWN SOME OF THAT LAND." Selling many every week. Agents on property every Sunday and week days excepting Wednesday.

PARK LAND CO., 65 Merr'k St.

Take Andover St. east across the bridge, 5 and 35 past hour.

Announcement

ABEL R. CAMPBELL, the real estate man at 417 Middlesex street, corner Thorndike, who has been unable to be at his office for the past ten weeks on account of illness will be found there daily from this date.

SPECIAL NOTICE

All members of the Little Associates are requested to report at their hall, Sunday, Oct. 9th, at 10 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late brother, Patrick J. Furry. Shared, Secretary.

Bright, Sears & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS

Wyman's Exchange

SECOND FLOOR

FIGHT IS IMMINENT

The Dietz Outlaw Truce Will Expire Today

WINTER, Wis., Oct. 8.—The truce declared yesterday between John Dietz, the Cameron dam outlaw, and the sharpshooters who surround his cabin, ended yesterday afternoon and a battle will follow the first appearance of the man.

The truce was made to enable Atty. Gen. Gilbert and C. I. Munson to hold another conference with Dietz to induce him to surrender. Dietz refused the terms of surrender offered him, and Sheriff Madden at once ordered Capt. Thorburn, commanding the 60 sharpshooters to "do your duty."

Within 15 minutes from the final rejection of surrender offers, Dietz was barricaded behind logs two feet thick and the men who had been picking the woods about his house for a week were ordered to close in. Dietz refused to come after a long conference with Atty. Gen. Gilbert and Col. Munson, secretary to the governor, who offered the outlaw's family immunity and agreed that Dietz should have a fair trial. Dietz held out for the dismissal of all the indictments against him except the one charging him with assault with intent to kill Horel.

Pointing at the U. S. flag waving above the cabin Dietz said: "I'm going to stay right here after this is shot to rags. Shoot when you are ready."

"This is my home. I will die right here, where I have lived and where we have all resisted repeated attempts at assassination. There floats the flag. I will die beneath it fighting for my rights like a good American."

"I never have harmed a man in my life, nor have I ever violated a law. I have defended myself and my family only."

"I will make my life cost them dearly. I am here to sell it and am

CHAFING
All Skin Irritation and Odors caused by Perspiration or Heat are speedily removed by

E. S. SYKES Comfort
ANTISEPTIC TOILET POWDER
a skillfully medicated Toilet Powder which is no more like ordinary Talcum Powder than cream is like skinned milk being perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin and possessing unequalled healing and soothing power.
Look for the name E. S. SYKES on every box. None genuine without it.

ready for the transaction. Let them begin shooting."

When he fought the Weyerhaeuser timber interests and the lumber company's millions and won he did not realize that the battle of one lone homesteader against the great corporation obtained him public sympathy which meant victory in the end. He thought it was his rifle that won the victory and did not think that when he shot a man in cold blood in an election day fight he would alienate the friends he had won in his struggle against the Weyerhaeusers.

Today the men who supported him in that contest are the men who are waiting for a glimpse of Dietz to give them a chance to put a rifle bullet home.

Dietz has prepared for a siege. His house has provisions for the entire family until spring. A pile of wood will keep the cabin warm until the winter is gone.

Sheriff Madden first tried to serve his warrant peacefully, but was told to keep away if he wished to escape death when he visited Dietz. The sheriff went unarmed to the Dietz homestead and tried to have Dietz submit to arrest and trial quietly. Dietz made Madden stand with his hands above his head while the two exchanged their ultimatums.

The fight in which the deputies shot and probably fatally wounded Myra Dietz, the 25-year-old daughter; slightly wounded Clarence Dietz, the older brother, and slightly wounded Leslie, the 20-year-old brother, ended the first chapter of the story.

The story starts back in 1905, when the Weyerhaeuser interests were cutting the last of the pine from the vicinity of Winter. There was only the Thompson river flows and upon whose banks Dietz's homestead is placed. Dietz claimed that his title to the land gave him the right to assess a small tax on the lumber company for every log sent through the Cameron dam, on the Dietz place. The company appealed to the state courts to force Dietz to let 5,000,000 feet of pine piled above the dam be sent through and when Dietz defied the state courts the federal authorities were appealed to. Dietz threw the U. S. marshal out of the window of his house, and later shot one of the deputy U. S. marshals sent to arrest him. Dietz sent word that if this official came again he would not miss a vital spot again.

Dietz claimed that the courts could not give him justice because the wealth of the corporation would fight the case in the higher courts until Dietz could fight no longer and so he decided to pin his faith to his rifle. This attitude won him such powerful support that the lumber company dropped its fight.

But when on Sept. 4 Dietz had an election fight and shot Bert Horel, a former friend, the settlers in the northern woods turned against Dietz. The first bloodshed in the fight against Dietz was Saturday, when

Dietz had planned to visit Winter to get his mail. Although the sheriff had warrants for him and his son, Clarence, the two had twice visited the village, walking back to back with rifles cocked. The officers could not get the drop on the two men.

The plan of Sheriff Madden was to have his deputies scattered along the road and thus capture Dietz. They were to shoot to kill if he did not hold up his hands. Dietz, instead of leaving home himself, sent his sons Clarence and Leslie and their sister to act as a safeguard, believing that the officers would not shoot with a woman near.

The officers, however, knew that Myra, the daughter, could use a rifle as well as any man in the country. When the officers ordered the Dietz boys to throw up their hands, they say, the Dietz sons refused, and started to get their rifles. Then the officers fired.

Sheriff Madden says: "We could have killed all three, but Leslie was allowed to escape. Clarence was shot through the arm and the girl through the body. After the shooting we hurried to town to get medical care for the two who had been wounded."

Sheriff Madden has been criticised for a lack of care for the wounded girl. He says she is herself as much a fighter as her brothers, and that if she had not been shot she would have shot the officers. She was sent to Ashland for hospital attention, without a nurse, except a woman who occasionally does such work in Winter, and was sent under close police guard.

Dietz has declared that he will slip through the cordon of deputies about his house, reach Winter and free his son Clarence from jail. Winter, however, is under martial law, enforced by 35 deputies, who have established a dead line. The sheriff made an effort to censor the newspaper telegrams, but the local operator said he was under instructions from his superiors that a sheriff could not force him to refuse business, and so the newspapermen, after a single day in which they could not send a word to their papers, are able to do their work.

GIRLS INJURED

HORSE WAS SCARED BY AN AUTOMOBILE

FAIRHAVEN, Vt., Oct. 8.—Lucy and Mabel Bartholomew, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Willis Bartholomew of New Hampton, N. Y., were seriously injured yesterday afternoon when a horse they were driving ran away after being frightened by an automobile.

The girls were on their way home from school. The machine passed them at a rapid rate near the Frank Norton house on West street. The horse ran to the state line bridge, where the girls were pitched out.

One of them was badly shaken up and bruised, and the other was thrown against the corner of the bridge, cutting open her head so that 12 stitches were necessary to close the wound. It is expected that both will recover.

The machine was going so rapidly that nobody saw the number, but the police are seeking the chauffeur.

RATS AND PUFFS THE STYLE

Women who cover their heads with masses of false hair will in time have diseased scalps. Rats and puffs are denounced by doctors as unhygienic dust and germ-catchers. They exclude the air from the scalp and the pressure on the delicate network of veins soon results in the loss of hair. A good thing to shampoo the head with is a neutral soap, combined with Glycerin, White of Eggs, Coconut Oil and Salicylic Acid. These are the ingredients in Birt's Head Wash is made of. It removes every trace of dandruff and scales from the scalp and leaves the hair soft and glossy. 25c and 50c at drug and department stores.



A Wonderful Oven

they all say.

Glenwood Range

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Ask the Woman who uses one

M. F. Gookin Co., Lowell

Ask the Woman who uses one

KING MANUEL AND RELATIVES SEEK REFUGE AT GIBRALTAR



LONDON, Oct. 8.—Under the sanctuary of the British flag the Portuguese royal yacht Amelie is anchored here, having on board King Manuel of Portugal, the queen mother Amelie, the dowager queen, Maria Pia, and the Duke of Oporto. How long the royal exile will remain here is unknown, but there are reports to the effect that as soon as the loyal soldiers about Lisbon can arrange some semblance of organization King Manuel will take the field in person to lead his army against the republicans who have sought to overthrow his kingdom. Official advisers state that the republic has been proclaimed at Oporto, Selva, Braga, Coimbra, Estremoz, Evora and Portalegre, Portugal. There are conflicting reports as to the state of affairs in Oporto. The most credible have it that nothing more serious happened there than a fight between a great crowd of republicans and a force of police. One of the ministers of the provisional government is touring the country urging the people to remain peaceful.

ARREST PETERS

He is Charged With Operating Still

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 8.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Fred Stevens of Portland and special U. S. Revenue officers Augustus H. Sweet and G. P. Turner arrested last night, having in custody William R. Peters, who will be given a hearing today before U. S. Commissioner Hamilton. Peters is charged with operating a still for the illegal manufacture of liquors on July 1 last.

He was arrested at his camp in the deep woods about 24 miles north of the seacoast at the head of Moos-head lake. To reach his place was a tiresome journey for the officers, who had to walk much of the way through woods.

Protect Yourself!

Get the Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

The Food-drink for All Ages.

For Infants, Invalids, and Crowing children. Pure Nutrition, up building the whole body. Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged. Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form.

A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S.

In No Combination or Trust!

LOST MINE

WORKED BY SPANIARDS YEARS AGO IS FOUND

BISBEE, Ariz., Oct. 8.—Mexican officials in Cananea announce the rediscovery of the old Santa Fe-Teresa gold mine, one of the few really "lost" mines of the southwest, which was known to have been worked by the Spaniards more than a century ago, and which has been lost since 1810. The mine shaft is well preserved, but the timbers have been rotted and the earth has caved in. Two skeletons were found in the bottom of the shaft. The Mexican government is now making arrangements to take charge of the mine.

SILVER WEDDING

Observed By Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thompson

A very happy event took place last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Thompson, 17 Ralph street, the occasion being the 25th anniversary of their marriage. The happy couple were presented a silver easel filled with silver coin, while Mr. Thompson's workmates in the machine shop of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, presented \$25 in silver. There were many other presents, all of silver.

The home was prettily decorated with laurel, evergreen and autumn foliage. The reception was from 7.30 to 8.30 and was followed by music and a general good time.

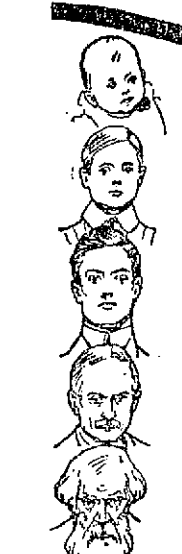
During the evening the Lyric Ladies' quartet, consisting of Miss Clifford, Miss Edna Thompson, Miss Bessie Waters and Mrs. Lillian Dodge Haskell, gave several selections. Miss Thompson gave several solos and Mrs. Haskell gave a brace of readings. Miss Viola Marshall was pianist.

Four generations were represented at the reception. Mrs. Laranda Thompson, mother of Mr. Thompson, and Mrs. Mary Houston, mother of Mrs. Thompson, were present. Mrs. Gertrude Lord, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, and her daughter, Miss Florence Lord, made the four generations. Miss Edna Thompson, another daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, was also present.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson were united in marriage on the evening of October 7, 1885, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Houston, the bride's parents, in West Fourth street. Rev. Robert Court, D. D., at that time pastor of the First Presbyterian church, was the officiating clergyman. Mr. Thompson was born in Lowell, while Mrs. Thompson, who was Miss Elizabeth Houston, was born in Scotland.

The best man of 25 years ago was James Houston, a brother of the bride. The bridesmaid was Mrs. Hattie Costello, a sister of Mr. Thompson. Both were present at the anniversary observance last night. Other friends and relatives were present from Old Myrtle, Conn., Haverhill, Mass., Centerville, R. I., North Chelmsford and Trumbull.

MAN SEEKS WRIT
WANTS STATE OFFICER KEATING TO RELEASE HIM
BOSTON, Oct. 8.—A. Shirley Ladd of Haverhill brought a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the supreme court yesterday, against Arthur E. Keating of the state police, with a view to have the latter release him from custody. Keating arrested Ladd on an extradition warrant for the authorities in Vermont, who want him for an alleged violation of a law in illegally soliciting risks and applications for fire insurance companies. The petitioner claims the offence is not extraditable. Judge Rugg set the case down for hearing on Oct. 14 and admitted the petitioner to bail of \$1000.



TRUE'S ELIXIR

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Makes a sturdy boy of a healthy baby; helps the boy onward into athletic youth; builds strong, virile manhood on youthful vigor and crowns a long life with happy old age.

Why? Because it keeps bodily functions healthy and active. Take it for that foe of health—constipation. It relieves biliousness; restores lost appetite; strengthens a weak stomach; steadies tired nerves; gives a clear head and an optimistic outlook to anyone, and everyone, who takes it. It's been in use three generations and more people use it to-day than ever before — do you wonder?

Every ingredient in True's Elixir is selected for great medicinal value and absolute freedom from deleterious properties or impurities. The compounding is done with the strictest care.

"Keeps you and your children well!"

Sold by all druggists — 35c. — 50c. — \$1.00.

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Maine

COAL

Bright, Clear and Clean

COAL

HORNE COAL CO.

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store for Thrifty People

Fine Table Linens

TO BE SOLD AT

A THIRD BELOW REGULAR PRICE

About \$2500 worth of Damasks, Napkins, Pattern Cloths, Trays, Scarfs, etc. Our usual fall offering of Bleacher's Damasks will go on sale.

Monday, Oct. 10th

LINEN DEPT

PALMER STREET

LEFT AISLE

SPEAKERS HEARD

On the Workingmen's Compensation Act

The state commission on compensation for workmen receiving injuries in employment gave a public hearing at city hall yesterday afternoon and evening.

This commission consists of James A. Lowell, chairman; Amos T. Sanders, Magnus W. Alexander, Henry Howard, Joseph A. Parks and Carroll W. Doten. Mr. Parks is a member of the legislature and a recognized friend of labor. Mr. Doten acted in the capacity of chief investigator, and the meeting was called to order shortly after three o'clock.

Mr. Doten presided and the meeting was called to order shortly after three o'clock.

Agent Thomas of the Boott mills asked what the present law is.

He was told that under the present law an employee can recover for injuries due to the carelessness of his employer or his agents, if he can prove it was due to their carelessness and not to his own, but experience had gone to show that it was rather difficult to procure the necessary evidence.

Michael A. Lee, of the organized carpenters of Lowell said he had seen a great many accidents in mills and said he had suffered a few himself.

He said he thought there was great need of a law protecting the employee. He is not sufficiently protected at the present time, he said.

Mr. Lee told the story of the accident at the Hatch building in Church street in 1907. The falling of a heavy stone resulted in the death of two men; one was killed instantly and the other died shortly after reaching the hospital.

Another man sustained a broken leg. The relatives of the men who were killed or injured were not compensated. The claim was that the men themselves were to blame, but Mr. Lee said the men were handling stones with hands and ropes that should have been handled by aid of a derrick. Mr. Lee cited many other cases where injuries were sustained and no compensation received.

President Regan of the Trades and Labor Council said the laboring people are anxious to have established a law that will properly protect the employee.

Mr. Regan, too, referred to the Church street job and how it was fought in the courts. He said that one of the men injured on the job would appear before the commission and tell how it happened.

In reply to a question by Commissioner Parks, Mr. Regan said he thought that if employers would show more sympathy for and more interest in their employees who meet with injuries, that a better feeling would exist between employer and employee.

Agent Thomas of the Boott mills said that there are 18,000 people employed in the mills of Lowell, and he thought that the number of accidents were few as compared to the number of employees. He spoke of the corporation hospital, which is supported chiefly by the corporations, and said that employees of the mills who receive injuries are cared for there at a minimum cost. He said that textile machinery has been very much improved, and mill managements are said to be very careful and solicitous as to the safety of their employees. He said that in the case of foreigners coming to work in the mills they are instructed and warned as to whatever dangers may surround them at their work.

Rep. Kearns spoke of an incident he witnessed in the dyehouse of a mill in this city, when a man lost the sight of one eye. He said the accident was not due to the man's own carelessness, but he was not compensated for his injuries. He said he would favor any law that would mean better protection for the laboring man. He cited other instances of injuries to persons who were not responsible for the accidents but who were never compensated.

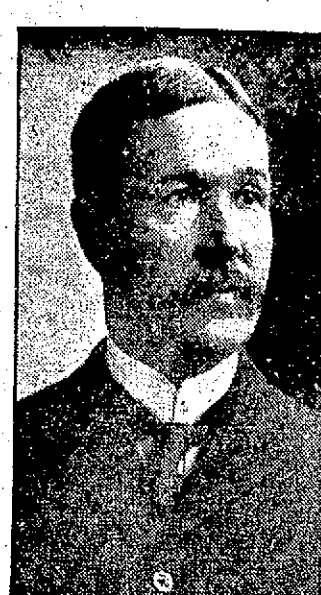
Joseph F. Convery said:

"I believe that the work in which you men are now engaged is a move in the right direction."

Mr. Convery inquired of Agent Thomas if employees injured in the



WILLIAM N. OSGOOD

HARVEY B. GREENE
President Board of Trade

FRANK A. BOWEN

Boott mills are paid while they are out as the result of injuries received in the mills.

"Ordinarily, that is the custom," said Mr. Thomas.

Sup't. W. A. Mitchell of the Massachusetts mills gave as his opinion that 90 per cent of the accidents occurring in the Massachusetts mills did not confine to the house or to the hospital for more than two weeks the injured one. In reply to a question by the chairman relative to the average wage in the Massachusetts mills, Mr. Mitchell said he thought it was about \$8.47 a week, not including overwork.

F. A. Bowen, superintendent of the Appleton mills, said that a large percentage of accidents in mills were sustained by experienced hands, rather than by green hands as is generally believed. He said that the experienced hand grows careless and takes too many chances. He said that operations would clean their machines while in motion though to do so is directly against both verbal and printed orders. He told of a man who lost a hand while cleaning a machine in motion. "He lost a hand purely through carelessness," said Mr. Bowen, "and why should his employers have to pay for his carelessness?" Mr. Bowen said he was disposed to be fair with everybody and he sincerely hoped that the commission would be successful in framing a law that would give both sides to the controversy a square deal.

Lawrence Cummings told of a couple of instances that came under his observation while a member of the Lowell board of charities. The instances did not relate to any corporation and he related them simply for the benefit of the commission. The cases had to do with men who were so injured as to destroy their earning capacity. They were never compensated for their injuries and, having settlement in Lowell, became city charges.

The commission gave two hearings, the second hearing beginning at 7 o'clock p.m. There were eight men present at the afternoon hearing and about three times that number in the evening.

William N. Osgood was the first speaker at the evening meeting. Mr. Osgood said it had been found necessary to make these compensation acts in other countries and he believed they were necessary in any country and he said the way was open for Massachusetts to lead as there is no Workingmen's Compensation Act in the United States.

Speaking of the Employers' Liability Insurance companies, Mr. Osgood said: "These companies were originally incorporated to do a strictly insurance business—that is, to guarantee the employers against the payment of losses to injured employees. We read the insurance laws in vain to find any other powers granted to them. What, as a matter of fact, have they been doing? They have made contracts or policies

with employers in which they agree as soon as the employer reports any accident to them to go out to the scene of the accident, take the names and statements of all the witnesses, secure all the evidence possible, employ the best medical experts, retain able lawyers and generally get ready to go into court and give battle to the injured employee, who may be hurried away in an ambulance to a distant hospital to undergo treatment, little dreaming of his legal rights and the busy agents of the insurance companies behind digging up and jolting down points to be used against him some future trial. More than this, the companies agree to go into the courts themselves and furnish lawyers to try the cases if they can not be settled out of court, and in any event to save the employer harmless.

According to excellent authority during the past dozen years the employer liability insurance companies in the United States alone have collected something like \$100,000,000 from employers and have used about 70 per cent of this vast sum in expense in maintaining their business, paying their officers, doctors, claim agents, and expenses incident to litigation and contingent purposes never dreamed of at the outset. The balance, a meagre 30 per cent, has been paid to the injured employee, for whose special benefit the Employers' Liability Act was originally passed, but of this unfair division the employee must still pay many of his own expenses. Is it not therefore, apparent that a great wrong is perpetuated upon the injured employee? Besides, so many defenses already remain that are taken advantage of by the insurance companies that the employee can recover in only ten per cent of the cases which he is obliged to take into court.

On the whole, it is safe to say that under present conditions there is a small chance for the injured employee to recover anything, and if he is successful, it is only after perhaps years of fighting and delay and in the end recovering a totally inadequate sum, from which he is obliged to pay large sums for the expenses of litigation. You will readily recall similar cases which have occurred under your own observation.

I think I have said enough to show the injustice and waste of the present system of treating personal injury cases for employees.

What are the advantages of a workmen's compensation act? Most important of all the injured employee is sure of receiving a fair compensation if his injury lasts longer than a week and is not willfully and fraudulently caused. That is, the defenses of negligence either on his own part or that of his employer are entirely eliminated. Likewise all questions of assuming the risks of employment.

The compensation is regulated according to the extent of injury. In the event of death an amount equal to three years' earnings, not less than one thousand or more than two thousand dollars, for example, shall be paid to those dependent upon him. If there are no dependents, an amount sufficient to meet the expenses of his funeral and last sickness. In case of total or partial incapacity, a weekly payment, not exceeding one-half his wages, to be continued not to exceed a certain long period, or not to exceed a certain considerable amount. Provision is also made for settling claims for lump sums after payments have been extended beyond a certain period.

The experience in other countries has been that the parties usually settle the amount of compensation between themselves. If they do not a committee may be chosen by them to do this. If they cannot agree there is a way of appealing to a referee to be appointed by the court. The fees of court and attorneys are regulated by the act. Medical examiners are generally appointed to examine injured employees from time to time, so as to prevent fraud and imposition.

We must not lose sight of the very important effects of the Workingmen's Compensation Act in England upon the insurance companies. They have indeed been obliged, because of the new act, to retract their plan of insurance.

Saved From the Grave

"I had about given up hope, after nearly four years of suffering from a severe lung trouble," writes Mrs. M. L. Dix, of Clarksville, Tenn. "Often the pain in my chest would be almost unbearable and I could not do any work. But Dr. King's New Discovery made me feel like a new person. It's the best medicine made for the throat, lungs, and chest. I have asthma, coughs, colds, hay fever, in croup, asthma, croup, bronchitis, and hemorrhages, hoarseness, and whooping cough, yield quickly to this wonderful medicine. Try it. 50c and \$1.00 bottles free. Guaranteed by A. W. Dows & Co."



Our Determination

To sell the best paint in the world at the fairest price to assure best results to our customers.

That paint we know is

Lowe Brothers
"High Standard" Paint

Let us show you—Color Cards are beautiful—They are free.

ERVIN E. SMITH CO.

43-45-47-49 MARKET ST.



SOCIAL TEN CIGAR

is a leader and is so acknowledged by all smokers

R. H. HARKINS, Manufacturer

912 Gorham Street

LOWELL, MASS.

They insure employees under the new arrangement, but pursue an entirely opposite policy to that pursued by the employers' liability insurance companies in this country. They had, of course, for a time to go to court to get the interpretation of certain doubtful phrases of the act, as would have to be done anywhere. Now, I am informed, they seldom resort to court to get the ruling of the court as to the distribution of allowances to dependents in some doubtful and novel cases not covered by the act. This is inevitable, and is done not in a spirit of contest, but to receive instructions of the court and proceed safely. It is certain that the companies and the employers do not rush into court and try to wear out the employee. I am credibly informed that the insurance companies in England are anxious not to get a reputation for contesting cases in court; that like fire insurance companies they find that such a course injures their business. Note this great difference between these companies in England and our companies under the antiquated Employers' Liability Act.

No wonder, then, that great interest is now being manifested for the early enactment in Massachusetts of a workmen's compensation act. The subject has become one of great public importance. The taxpayer is deeply interested. The unnecessary expense of maintaining many jury trials of personal injuries to employees should be saved. We must also remember that unfortunate employees who may sustain serious injuries for which they can recover nothing, or who are defrauded by others in any way from securing justice, may become public charges and add to the public burden. The public has to bear the burden now in supplying courts with private corporations with which to exploit the public for their own gain. As long as the public has to foot the bill, let it see that the money goes where it belongs, into the pockets of those for whom it was intended, the injured employees.

Another important point which I do not want to omit is the saving in expense of insurance companies under workmen's compensation acts. We noticed that in this country the employers' liability insurance companies charge 70 per cent in expenses and pay the injured employee only the balance of 30 per cent. It is estimated by competent authority that the companies under the compensation acts abroad consume only 10 per cent in expenses and pay the injured employee 90 per cent. This alone proves the superiority of the new law over the old. The money goes where it should go and not into channels to defeat justice and the very objects for which the law was enacted.

This subject is important not only to employers and injured employees, but also to the public. The great expense and oftentimes great waste incurred by unnecessary litigation under the present regime must be borne by some one. The money is received by those who in justice ought to receive at least a fair proportion of it, viz: the injured employees. The bill must be paid by some one, and is ultimately paid by the taxpayers. The attendant expense of insurance and so forth are indeed paid in the first instance by the employers, but the maintenance of courts, officials and all the paraphernalia incident to litigation, which is too often needless, must be provided for out of the public treasury. As some eminent authority has observed, it would be well for employers to charge the slight increase of expense occasioned by workmen's compensation to the cost of production. The consumers could not complain, because they have to pay the cost now in increased taxes.

Harvey B. Greene, representing the executive committee of the Lowell board of trade, said:

"I have long felt that some such method as you gentlemen have in mind is very necessary in order that conditions should be properly met."

"The corporations are large and are growing larger and the employees are getting farther away from the paternal care of the corporations."

"I think it is very necessary that we should keep our laws up to date. Accidents have increased and are increasing, and as the danger has increased and the process of manufacture has changed, we need laws to deal with new conditions and new things."

"It is not a matter of charity but a matter of right that those best able to stand the loss should be made to stand it. The loss should not fall entirely upon the shoulders of those least able to bear it. The hard-working breadwinner or those dependent upon him."

John H. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, told of a magazine article he had read which stated that five per cent of the premiums paid by employers went to the injured employees, and Mr. Murphy thought it was time for the state to step in and have the insurance companies pay the indemnities.

Frank Gannon said he had been injured in the Carpet mills 15 months ago and his case had not come to trial yet. Meanwhile, he had been obliged to depend on his people for support, working a hardship on them and on him. Mr. Gannon was still on crutches.

Clevis Ouellette of the Carpenters' union called attention to a case in which the victim of an accident had failed to recover because it was held that a board with a knot in it was just as strong as one without. He thought

GENERAL ECKERT

Famous Telegrapher is Seriously Ill

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Oct. 8.—Gen. Thomas Thompson Eckert, for several years president of the Western Union Telegraph company, is seriously ill at his home in Ocean avenue. He has been in failing health for some time and for the last few weeks has been unable to leave his room. General Eckert was born at St. Clairsville, O., in 1824, and at an early age took up



GEN. THOS. T. ECKERT



ONE OF ECKERT'S MILITARY TELEGRAPHERS AT WORK

telegraphy. At the outbreak of the Civil war he had charge of the military telegraph of the Army of the Potomac and eventually became head of the entire military system. In 1893 he was made president and general manager of the Western Union and retained that place until 1902, when he retired and was succeeded by Col. Robert C. Clowry of Chicago.

CHICAGO WON

TOKIO, Oct. 8.—The university of Chicago baseball team, which is touring this country, met the Waseda university nine today and defeated them a second time. The score:

Chicago 5 3 2

Waseda 0 2 2

The Merrimack Clothing Company is offering the best suit in New England today at

\$15.00

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS

of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS.,
Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts.
Near Edison Cemetery
Telephone 1617.

Pekin Restaurant

CHINESE AND AMERICAN CUISINE

The most beautiful eating place in the city; typically Chinese. Our mode of preparing and serving food cannot be improved upon. Course dinner from 11.30 a. m. to 2.30 p. m. Give us a trial. Prompt service. Open daily from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m. Sunday included. 29 Central st., cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass. Tel. 1055.

Chin Lee & Co

Chinese and American Restaurant

Dinner rooms reserved for ladies or private parties. This restaurant is open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m. including Sunday. 117 Merrimack st., near John st. Telephone 1522.

Dwyer & Co.

PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 47 Andover street.

BUNTING'S BANQUET

AND PRIZE AWARDS TO BE HELD NEXT SATURDAY

The 11th annual banquet of the United States Bunting Cricket and Athletic association will be held at the headquarters in South Lowell next Saturday night at 7 o'clock. The prizes for the cricket players and given by the club will be presented by Mayor John F. Meehan. The winners are: for best batting average, 1st, Albert Briggs, 2nd, J. Marsh; bowling prizes, 1st, Theron Striks, 2nd, Hugh Rudden; fielding prize is tied by three players and will be divided between Theron Striks, William Scholes and J. Marsh. Members and friends desiring tickets for banquet can get them at the club house no later than next Wednesday night, Oct. 12. In addition to the club prizes, President Sam Dean will give special prizes to the above winners. He has also given every member of the cricket team, umpire and scorer, a complimentary ticket to the banquet for winning the championship of the Merrimack Valley Cricket league.

Flower Pot

SIZES 3 INCHES to 18 INCHES with Saucers

Fern Pots Bulb Pots Hanging Flower Pots With Chains.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A positive cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Puffiness. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without griping. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Laws. Free samples on request to SCHENCK'S CHINESE MEDICAL FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK. 25 cents a box at

HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND SCOTLAND

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND NORTH OF IRELAND

Only Direct Service from Galway. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort, safety. Second Cabin. Glasgow, Derry or Galway. \$42.50 upwards; third class \$20.00 to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool. Prepaid fares. \$22.75. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 1-12 years, half rate. H. & A. ALLAN, 110 State St., Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St. FREDERIC B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.

Bay State Dye Works

There is such a thing as dyeing and also such a thing as dying. When a person tells you that one dye house is just as good as another, that is lying. There is just as much difference in the work done at the Bay State Dye Works as you can imagine. When you have your work done here you can feel sure that you have gone to the best place and will get the best results. That is the truth and we will prove it if you only give us a trial order. Bring in your winter wearing apparel and you will get it when you need it at Lowell's Leading Dye Works.

54 Prescott St. D. J. Leary, Prop.

DRAWING INSTRUMENTS

FOR TEXTILE AND DRAWING SCHOOL

W. T. S. Bartlett

Up-Town Hardware Store
653-659 MERRIMACK ST.

Goodwin The Screen Man

To earn a dollar by hard work and try to save any part of it is a hard thing to do, but you can save a hundred dollars by having the Goodwin Weather Strips put in your door or front door, or better still, you can save at least \$7 or \$8 in a winter and always in warmer and more comfortable house. Ask your neighbor what he thinks of them for economy. Order now and you will be all ready for cold weather.

J. B. GOODWIN

11 THROLDIKE STREET

REDUCED PRICES

FOR TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES

DEVINE'S

Factory and Salesroom, 124 Merrimack Street.

REPAIRING, ETC. TEL. 2100

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF Household Furnishings

AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED

Crescent Range

PETER DAVEY, 184 Market Street

Telephone Connection 79-2

Furniture Dealer Undertaker

Funeral Director

Carroll Bros.

PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS

36 Middle Street Telephone 1850

All summer we have been preparing to give you the best of fuel for this winter's use. We submit the following varieties of coal for your inspection:

Lackawanna Old Comp'y Lehigh
Wilkesbarre Jeddo Lehigh
Reading White Ash Franklin
Shamokin Cannel

All Sizes and You Get What You Buy

NEW RIVER STEAM FOR STEAM

GEORGE'S CUMB. CREEK FOR SMITHING

BURN Wilson's Coal

Three Offices, Five Telephones for Your Convenience.

4 Merrimack Square 700 Broadway 15 Tanner Street

JAMES T. O'HEARN

Nominated For County Commissioner Yesterday

William J. McCluskey called the democratic county convention to order in democratic city committee headquarters yesterday and on motion of Robert E. Crowley the same officers who presided at the district attorney convention officiated. A committee of five on credentials was appointed on



JAMES T. O'HEARN
Nominated for County Commissioner

motion and they reported in due time. Mr. Cummings protested against the failure to send out credentials and Mr. Gallagher said that the credentials were to be had at headquarters. The committee reported 43 delegates. George M. Harrigan nominated John Mr. Fairbairn for sheriff stating that there was no chance for a democratic candidate and hence the advisability of endorsing a good man in office. While Mr. Harrigan was speaking

Cornelius F. Cronin of ward 7 approached the chairman and demanded a credential but did not interrupt the proceedings.

D. J. Donahue seconded the nomination. Mr. Cronin then arose and protested against any ballot being taken until he got his credential. He said he was regularly elected a delegate and no ballot could be legally cast until he got his.

He said he was not properly notified and he refused to be sold out or deceived.

Mr. Cronin stood in the center of the floor and in loud tones demanded his rights.

Mr. Donahue made a reference to rowdiness and Mr. Cronin said there'd be no ballot until he got his credential.

Mr. Gallagher suggested that a credential be made out for Mr. Cronin, but the latter indignantly protested that he wanted no fake credential but wanted the original credential.

Mr. Gallagher said that there was no credential in Mr. Cronin's name.

While Mr. Cronin was protesting, Chairman McCluskey declared Mr. Fairbairn nominated.

Mr. Cronin then took the papers off the chairman's desk and defied anyone to take them away from him.

Mr. Cronin said: "We are all democrats today, tomorrow and every day, and if we want to become republicans we can go to city hall and change our politics. We are not going to be sold out year after year to republican candidates."

Mr. Cronin then attacked Mr. Gallagher relative to the last congressional convention, and Mr. Gallagher replied calmly.

"The next business—" began the chairman.

"The next business is my credential. When the voters of ward seven elected me they elected a democrat, cried Mr. Cronin.

With Mr. Cronin still protesting, James T. O'Hearn was unanimously nominated for county commissioner.

Dexter C. Whittemore of Carlisle has nominated for county commissioner for the unexpired term.

Charles H. Burns and George D. Wilkins were nominated as special commissioners and the convention dissolved.

SPANISH RULER, FEARING UPRISING, SENDS TROOPS TO BARCELONA



MADRID, Oct. 8.—Many in ministerial and court circles are apprehensive, for the republicans are reported to be unusually active, especially in the provinces. But the police and military are taking extraordinary precautions to quell any uprising. Premier Canalejas has assured King Alfonso that orders covering all contingencies have been sent to the provinces and that any outbreak will be suppressed instantly. That the Spanish republicans have been planning with their Portuguese fellows for a simultaneous outbreak in both countries has been known to the Spanish government for some time. Even the date for the uprising is known, Oct. 13, the anniversary of Francisco Ferrer's execution. But the Spaniards realized they had

small chance to succeed, the royalists there troops are held in readiness for instant. They found that the officers of any emergency. Civic guards patrol the streets, and a strong force of them is kept before the republican club in the Basque provinces in the north and house. The governor of Valencia ordered the removal of republican flags from the windows of the club house and similar organizations. Numerous bands of radicals, cheering and waving flags, have paraded the streets of Barcelona until the police scattered them.

Federal collector at Atlanta, Ga., and a fine of \$5000. Robert Coleman, leaving superintendent, to 15 months and a fine of \$1000. C. C. Hilton and E. B. Higgins, employees, to 12 months and a fine of \$1000, all for having conspired to commit the offense known as perjury. The accused are seeking to be released on writs of habeas corpus, the claim being that the sentence to hard labor was illegal, that the trial court had no jurisdiction and that the grand jury was not constituted according to law.

Scarcely of less interest in the labor world will be the cases involving the constitutionality of the employers liability law of 1908. This law was passed by congress to take the place of the act nullified by the supreme court because it applied to intra-state commerce as well as to interstate. The present law has been attacked along the same lines.

Of even greater interest is the case involving the contempt proceedings against the officials of the American Federation of Labor. Samuel Gompers, president of the federation, is under sentence to serve twelve months in jail; John Mitchell, formerly president of the United Mine Workers, nine months; and Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, six months, all for alleged contempt of the supreme court of the District of Columbia in that they disregarded the injunction to cease interfering with the business of the Buck's Stove & Range company of St. Louis, which had brought suit against them to prevent them from boycotting it. All the points in the controversy are to be laid before the court for final decision.

The Missouri two-cent passenger rate law and the maximum freight rate law of that state have been set for argument after the contempt cases. The constitutionality of these laws is attacked. Owing to the veto by Governor Hughes of the New York two-cent fare bill, his attitude as a member of the court toward the Missouri cases will be watched with interest.

The court was to have given a second hearing at the beginning of the term to the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad cases, involving the question as to what should be the unit for the assessment of penalties for violations of the 28 hour law, governing the shipment of livestock. Last year the court stood four in favor of holding the railroad to the unit and four in favor of making the unit the separate shipments. In view of the vote. It is now believed the case will await the filling of the vacancies.

A case involving the constitutionality of the California law of 1906, providing for the quieting of title to real estate in case of the loss or destruction of public records, as by earthquake, will be heard according to present arrangements early in the term.

A long list of prosecutions under federal laws were also put forward at the head of the calendar for the coming term. Among those are the appeal of the government from the action of the New York federal courts in setting aside the indictment against F. Augustus Helme on charges of intent to defraud the Mercantile National bank of

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Chicago	80	48	62.5
New York	80	50	61.3
Pittsburgh	86	65	56.7
Philadelphia	75	79	48.7
Cincinnati	74	78	48.7
Brooklyn	62	88	41.3
St. Louis	60	86	41.1
Boston	51	99	34.0

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	102	48	68.0
New York	86	62	57.7
Detroit	86	66	56.3
Boston	81	70	53.7
Cleveland	69	80	46.3
Chicago	66	84	44.0
Washington	66	85	43.7
St. Louis	46	105	30.6

GAMES TODAY

American: Boston at New York, Philadelphia at Washington, Detroit at Chicago, Cleveland at St. Louis.

National: Philadelphia at Boston, New York at Brooklyn, Chicago at Pittsburgh, St. Louis at Cincinnati.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

National League
At Chicago: Chicago 1, Pittsburgh 0.

American League
At Chicago: Chicago 2, Detroit 0.

AMATEUR GAMES TODAY

Y. M. C. A. vs. Wanderers at Washington park.
Mysteries vs. Dixwells at Alken street.

DIVISION 2, A. O. H.

At the last meeting of Division 2, A. O. H., five candidates were initiated and ten propositions for membership were received. The division has organized one military company and expects to have two or three other companies organized within a few weeks. Dennis Lynch presided over the meeting and it was decided to support Daniel E. Hogan, who is a candidate for county vice-president at the convention to be held in Cambridge next Sunday.

THE IRISH ENVOYS

Given Great Welcome on Their Arrival in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Three of Ireland's envoys to America, John E. Redmond, Joseph Devlin and Daniel Boyle, leaders of the Irish Parliamentary party, reached Boston at 6 o'clock last night from Philadelphia. They are to address a mass meeting Sunday night in Symphony hall.

At the railroad station last night were many of the reception committee of the United Irish League of Boston and vicinity. When the three envoys and Mrs. Redmond, who is accompanying her husband on his tour of the country, came down the platform there were cheers.

President Augustine J. Daly of the Boston Central branch, U. I. L., Dr. E. J. Timmins, James E. Cotter, C. O'Connell Galvin, John O'Callaghan, Mark Crehan and T. B. Fitzpatrick were among those who greeted the visitors.

Under escort of the committee, the leaders went by auto to the Hotel Lenox, where they passed the evening.

Plans For State
Today they will make a few informal calls and tomorrow morning at the Cathedral will attend the solemn pontifical mass, at which Cardinal Vannetti will also be present.

At 8 o'clock tomorrow night in Symphony hall, the mass meeting will be opened by President Augustine J. Daly, who will introduce Mayor Fitzgerald as chairman.

The departure of the envoys from Boston will probably be Tuesday morning, when they will start for Pittsburgh, and then go to Chicago. T. P. O'Connor, who arrived in New York with them, is now in Canada, making addresses in various cities, and at Chicago the party will be further split up.

St. Louis and Detroit and many leading cities of the central states will be visited. In all about 60 meetings will be addressed by the envoys before they sail back for the opening of the session of parliament in England, November 15.

Mr. Redmond said in an interview: "I believe that the power of the House of Lords is doomed, and any day now we can carry home rule in the house of commons. We have there a majority of 124 in favor of home rule. Every movement of reform and

Don't fail to see those Shuman fall weight top coats at the Mer-

\$15.00

rimack Clothing Company at

FOSS WINS OUT

Court Dismisses Petition Against Him

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Judge Rugg of the supreme court yesterday dismissed the petition for an attachment for contempt against Hon. Eugene N. Foss which was brought by Crohan J. Daly of Newbury street. The petitioner alleged a violation of an injunction restraining the defendant from using any part of the building he erected in Newbury street as a garage or for the sale of automobiles.

Foss leased the entire building to the Walker lithograph and publishing company, which sublet a part of it to an auto company. The use of a part of the building by the latter was the violation of the injunction that the petitioner complained of.

It appeared in evidence that the auto company is engaged in the business of making and selling tops and slips for automobiles; that three or four machines a day go in and out of the part of the building occupied by the company. The autos go there to be measured, which takes a short time, and when the tops and slips are made they return to have the same adjusted. It takes about three hours to put on a top. No machine is allowed to remain overnight. Gasoline is not kept there.

Judge Rugg held, as matter of law, that the use of the premises by the auto company for the making and selling of automobile tops and slips and the entering and leaving of automobiles as described was not a violation of the injunction in that it did not constitute the use of the place as a garage.

As to the custom of Mr. Walker to keep his machine there during the day, the judge found that such act did constitute the use of the premises as a garage and was in violation of the injunction, but he found that such use was without the knowledge of Mr. Foss. He said that the purpose for which Mr. Foss leased the entire building to the Walker company were not such as to have him anticipate the use of the premises as a garage and he could not reasonably have been expected to know that Mr. Walker was so using the premises.

His honor, however, did say offhand that the defendant could not shift responsibility for the use of the premises in violation of the injunction by his lease and that he was required to know and would be responsible for any use of the building or any part of it as a garage under a subletting by the tenant.

SUPREME COURT

Has Considerable Business to Transact

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—The supreme court of the United States will convene next Monday at noon for one of the most important sessions in its history. During the coming eight months it will have to pass upon cases profoundly involving the industrial and business life of the nation, and this fact adds importance to the pending changes in the personnel of the great court occasioned by the death of Chief Justice Fuller and the expected retirement of Associate Justice Moody.

Charles E. Hughes of New York has been confirmed in the place of Justice Brewer, and there appears excellent reason to expect that he will be named in place of the chief justice, although surviving member of the court, has been much spoken of for promotion to the chief justiceship. In any event, including Justice Hughes, there will be three new men on this bench during the coming session.

President Taft has said that he will make no recess appointments to the court; this means that the chief justiceship and the place of Justice Moody probably will remain vacant until the regular session of congress begins in December.

It also means undoubtedly that the three great corporation cases upon which the expectancy of the business world is centered will not come up for argument at least until after the Christmas recess of the court. Of these cases two, the Standard Oil case and the so-called Tobacco Trust case, were set for re-argument on November 14. The series of corporation-tax cases were merely restored to the calendar for re-argument in ordinary circumstances, this would throw them over for a year or more. The general expectation is that none of the three cases will be taken up until all the vacancies in the court have been filled, and that then the corporation tax cases will be advanced, and with the other two cases mentioned, will be set for dates relatively early in 1911.

Aside from these celebrated cases, a tremendous amount of work awaits the court at the beginning of its session.



J. W. GRADY Eyesight Specialist

ROOMS 418, 419, 420 WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BLDG.
Office Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m. 2 to 5, 7 to 8 p. m. Open Sundays from 2 to 5 p. m. Office closed Wednesdays and holidays. Apointments made by telephone. Tel. 1844.

Spectacles and Eye Glasses at Half Price. Eyes Examined Free. Glasses From \$1 Up

Broken Lenses Replaced.....40c
Gold Filled Riding Bow Glasses.....\$2.00
Shur-ons, low as.....\$2.50
Aluminum Frames.....\$1.00

WORLD'S GREATEST SHOT PUTTER, ENTERED IN NAT. CHAMPIONSHIPS



NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 8.—The national amateur championships that are to be held here Oct. 14 and 15 will bring together the greatest athletes that ever represented America on any field. If the weather is good many new records are looked forward to. The strongest clubs in the country are sending full teams to the meet. The Olympic A. C. of San Francisco, the Chicago A. C., the Illinois A. C., the New York A. C. and the I. A. A. C. of New York will send the strongest teams. But they won't have a monopoly of the point winning, for crack men from many other clubs will

compete and will cut into the scores of the clubs named. The Multnomahs of Portland, Ore.; the Boston A. A., the Denver A. C., the Los Angeles A. C. and a score of others are sending smaller teams and individual stars. Any athlete who wins a championship at New Orleans will earn it. Among the many entries received is one Ralph Rose, the sensational shot putter of the Olympic club of San Francisco. Rose has not been seen in competition for two years, and his return is being hailed with delight. Rose is the holder of all world's shot put records.

A CLOSE CONTEST Theatre Prize Puzzle Contest

Hancock Tub Won the Muster at Brockton

BROCKTON, Oct. 8.—Hundreds of red jacketed firemen thronged the streets of the city yesterday and later gathered at the fair grounds for the annual Brockton fair playout, one of the interesting events of fair week. Forty-two hand tubs were entered, but three did not play. Hancock of Brockton, holder of the world's record, won the contest with a stream of 238 feet 7 1/2 inches. Protector of Brockton was second, less than a foot behind.

There were 10 prizes, the first \$300, second \$225, third \$150 and fourth \$100, the other prizes being in smaller sums down to \$10. Alabama Coon of Stoughton, winner of the New England muster championship this year, finished 25d. Watchmaker of East Providence, R. I., whose entry went astray and did not reach this city in time to be placed, competed and won a prize of \$10, the prize being given by President Charles Howard of the fair, who agreed to present the Rhode Island company with the same prize the machine would have won had it been officially entered.

One Prize In Dispute

Previous to the muster there was a parade of the hand tubs and companies, hundreds of firemen marching. Wallace W. Jones of the Enterprise company of Brockton was chief marshal.

There were several special prizes awarded. Columbia No. 5 of New Bedford won \$15 for playing the shortest stream, and Constitution No. 4 of Hingham won \$10 for the second shortest stream. Copper punch bowls were presented by President Howard to the Hancock company for the best record of a Brockton machine and the Columbia of Winchendon for the best work by a visiting hand tub. The prize of \$25 to be awarded the company coming the longest distance is in dispute and will be awarded by the muster committee. Fountain of South Hadley Falls and Edwin A. Whiting of Holyoke loaded from the same platform at Holyoke and each claimed the prize.

Results of the Muster

The judges were: John H. Barber of Central Falls, R. I., George D. Langford of Weymouth, John H. Thompson of Brockton, Frank A. Maloney of North Chelmsford, J. Henry Gleason of Marlboro, John Kelley of Braintree, Baxter H. Studley of Pawtucket, R. I., John L. Rankin of Taunton, Richard Vanston of Stoughton, Walter F. Foley of Holyoke. Timekeeper, David L. Adamson of East Boston. The summary:

	Feet	Inches
Hancock, Brockton	238	7 1/2
Protector No. 3, Brockton	237	6 1/2
Columbia, Winchendon	236	6 1/2
Enterprise No. 2, Brockton	222	4 1/2
Rough and Ready, Templeton	223	6 3/4
Defender, E. Weymouth	223	5 1/2
Pro King, Pawtucket, R. I.	222	11 1/4
Watch City, Weymouth	219	10 1/4
Gardner No. 4, Gardner	219	7 1/4
City of Somerville, Som.	217	3 1/4
Fountain, South Hadley Falls	215	3 1/4
Hingham Vets, Hingham	216	11 1/4
Deluge, Somerville	204	4 3/4
Paul Revere, Revere	204	3 1/4
Edwin A. Whiting, Holyoke	203	4
Labadie, Chelmsford	203	2 1/4
Red Jacket, Cambridge	201	3 3/4
Union, East Braintree	201	1 1/4
Watchmaker, E. Prov., R. I.	200	1 1/4
City of Lowell, Lowell	200	1 1/4
Eureka No. 1, Arlington	199	1 1/4
King Philip, Bristol, R. I.	198	1 1/4
Alabama Coon, Stoughton	196	3
P. A. Taggart, Goffstown	196	2 1/4
Converse, Milford	196	1 1/4
Washington No. 2, Brookville	196	1 1/4
Narragansett, Riverdale, R. I.	195	10 1/4
Active, Weymouth	195	5 1/4
Hydrant No. 1, Milton	194	7 1/4
Gen. Taylor, Everett	193	1 1/4
Mechanic, Warren, R. I.	190	10 1/4
Ginger, Jamaica Plain	190	7 1/4
Enterprise, Cranston, R. I.	186	1 1/4
Hancock No. 5, Taunton	176	3 1/4
Rumford, Rumford, R. I.	175	8 1/4
Columbia, Brockton	174	2 1/4
Tremont No. 7, Roxbury	167	3
Constitution No. 4, Hingham	164	10 1/4
Columbia No. 5, New Bedford	159	3

Last evening at the Commercial club the fair muster committee entertained the judges and the presidents and foremen of visiting companies. Vice

Chairman George Clarence Holmes presided, in the absence of chairman Charles Howard. About 60 were present. Mr. Holmes presented the two copper punch bowls, offered by Pres. Howard for best streams for local and visiting engines. John A. Jackson accepting for the Hancock and J. J. Hunt for the Columbias of Winchendon.

IN REAL ESTATE

Transactions Recorded During Past Week

The following real estate sales for Lowell and suburban towns were recorded at the registrar of deeds during the present week:

LOWELL
Roman Catholic Archbishop of Boston to New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., land at corner Appleton and Elliot sts., \$1.
Patrick McCarthy to Annie J. Conners et al., land and buildings, \$1.
Laura E. Richardson to Mary O. St. Godard, land and buildings on Fayette st., \$1.
Timothy E. Kenney to Isaac Faresky, land on Washington st., \$1.
John Engel et al. to Old Colony R. R. Co., land at corner Lincoln and Quebec sts., \$1.
Frances A. Bamber to David McCluskey et al., land and buildings on Agawam st., \$1.
Asa W. Flint to Joseph Flynn, land and buildings on Cushing st., \$1.
Emma F. Hemmingsway to Joseph A. Clark, land on Methuen st., \$1.
Agnes M. Wilson et al. to George M. Reed, land on Andover and Daniel sts., \$1.
Arthur Genest to Eustache Peletier, land on Gershon and Bodwell ayes., \$1.
Catherine Brady to John B. Brady et al., land and buildings, \$1.
John A. Eaton to Annie M. Strachan, land on Liberty st., \$1.
Edward J. Steinbeck et al. to Jane E. Clark, land on Havilah and Edgewood sts., \$1.
Jane E. Clark to Susan F. Steinbeck, land on Havilah, Edgewood and Remington sts., \$1.
Arthur E. Patch et al. to Janet Steele, land and buildings at corner Westford and Stevens sts., \$1.
Clara S. Spiller's estate to Frank Flinn et al., land and buildings on James P. Loughran et al. to Patrick Mahoney, land on Swift st., \$1.
Maria L. Kelley to Benjamin Hoyle, land on Mount Hope st. and Fourth ave., \$1.

THE BRADLEY WILL

Supreme Court Decides for the Contestants

The appealed will case of Henry W. Barnes vs. Frederick A. Chase was heard in the supreme court at Boston yesterday before Judge Rugg on an agreed statement of facts and the court decided in favor of the respondent, Frederick A. Chase.

The testatrix was Elizabeth C. Bradley, late of Haverhill, and several Lowell people are heirs-at-law. The question at issue was whether or not the will of Mrs. Bradley was

legally executed, and the decision of the court was in favor of the heirs-at-law, and against the will.

Ralph E. Gardner was attorney for Henry W. Barnes, administrator, and Charles H. Conant for Frederick A. Chase, heir-at-law, appellant.

Following is the agreed statement of facts on which the case was tried:

This is an appeal by a nephew and heir-at-law of Elizabeth C. Bradley, late of Haverhill, in Essex county, deceased, from a decree of the judge of probate of said county, allowing a certain instrument as the last will and testament of the deceased; the following facts are agreed upon by the parties.

First. On the morning of Jan. 12, 1910, Elizabeth C. Bradley, the testatrix, named in the aforesaid will, next door neighbor, and asked her if "they" would be at home early after supper

so that she could come over and have them witness her will. To this query Mrs. Bradley replied that "they" would be there, and at about 7 o'clock on that evening the testatrix again came into the Colony house having a paper folded up in her hand. There were present in the Colony kitchen at that time, Oscar L. Colony, his daughter, Eva W. Colony, and his wife, the aforesaid Mrs. Ella L. Colony.

Second. The testatrix immediately sat down at the kitchen table, unfolded the paper and asked the daughter, Eva, to bring her some ink- and a pen. These were brought to her by Eva and then the testatrix asked the three, viz., Oscar L. Colony, and Ella L. Colony, to stand where they could see her (the testatrix) sign her will. The three gathered around her and she took the pen and proceeded to read to them the testimonial clause, at the same time writing the day of the month, the month, and the year therein. The testatrix then arose and said "Now it is ready for you to sign." All three thereupon signed the attestation clause of the aforesaid will in the presence of each other and of the aforesaid testatrix.

Third. The testatrix then thanked them, folded up the paper and went back to her home. In about five minutes she came back into the kitchen of the Colony house and said, "I forgot to sign my name to my will." She then sat down at the same table and again asked the aforesaid witnesses to gather around and see her sign her name. This all three did and she wrote her name where it appears in the attestation clause of said will. The testatrix then returned to her home.

The names of the heirs-at-law who become beneficiaries under the decision of the court, setting aside the will, are as follows: Celestia P. Chase, Lowell, Mass., niece; Margaret C. Weld of Lowell, Mass., daughter of deceased nephew; Samuel W. Chase, Lowell, Mass. (minor), son of deceased nephew; Nelson C. Chase, Lowell, Mass. (minor), son of deceased nephew; Susan E. Chase, Lowell, Mass. (minor), daughter of deceased nephew; Charles C. Ober and Susan E. Chase, Lowell, Mass., guardian of Samuel W. Nelson C.; Frederick A. Chase, Lowell, Mass., nephew; Wm. C. Chase, Boston, Mass., nephew; Ralph C. Chase, Minneapolis, Minn., nephew; Mrs. Wynan Elliott, Minneapolis, Minn., niece; Charles W. Chase, Minneapolis, Minn., nephew; Mrs. J. I. Jillett, Excelsior Spring, Mo., niece; Mrs. John Parsons, Brookline, Mass., sister; E. Marion Chase, Boston, Mass., niece; Harry W. Chase, Butte, Mont., nephew; Charles S. Chase, Franklin, N. H., nephew; Mrs. Wm. H. Dreher, Berlin, Germany, niece; Arthur B. Barnes, Lowell, Mass., son of deceased niece; Helen W. Barnes, Lowell, Mass., daughter of deceased niece; Hammond Barnes, Lowell, Mass. (minor), son of deceased niece; Henry W. Barnes, Lowell, Mass., guardian of Hammond Barnes.

WILLS \$200,000

TO AID THE WORK BEGUN BY MOODY

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 8.—The will of Horace B. Sullivan of Cohoes, a former textile manufacturer, which was admitted to probate yesterday, bequeaths the entire estate of over \$400,000 to philanthropic purposes. One-half of the estate goes to William R. Moody, son of the late Dwight Moody, the noted evangelist, to aid in conducting his institutions at Northfield, Mass. The other half is divided among institutions, among which are the following: Moody's Mt. Hermon school for boys, Northfield, Mass., \$13,000; Moody's

Northfield seminary, \$30,000; Hampton normal institute of Virginia (for colored people), \$6,000; Hamilton college, \$13,000; International committees of Young Men's Christian associations of New York city, \$13,000; Presbyterian board of home missions, \$66,000; Presbyterian board of foreign missions, \$13,000; other Presbyterian charities, \$32,500.

Mr. Sullivan contributed liberally to philanthropic undertakings previous to his death. He created an industrial school for boys in Manila, and gave \$200,000 to the Presbyterian board of home and foreign missions in New York.

LOST HIS LIFE
MAN DROWNED WHILE TRYING TO GET A GULL

EASTPORT, Oct. 8.—Winfield Stuart, a sardine boatman of Eastport, was drowned yesterday off Indian Island, N. B., two miles from here. The body has not been recovered. Stuart started alone in a small gasoline boat down the bay. The boat was picked up later by a Quoddy boatman.

A wounded gull was found in the boat, and it is supposed Stuart picked the bird out of the water and fell overboard. He was about 35 years old.

TEMPORARY HEAT QUICKLY

Did you ever stop to think of the many ways in which a perfect oil heater is of value? If you want to sleep with your window open in winter, you can get sufficient heat from an oil heater while you undress at night, and then turn it off. Apply a match in the morning, when you get out of bed, and you have heat while you dress. Those who have to eat an early breakfast before the stove is radiating heat can get immediate warmth from an oil heater, and then turn it off. The girl who practices on the piano in a cold room in the morning can have warmth from an oil heater while she plays, and then turn it off. The member of the family who has to walk the floor on a cold winter's night with a restless baby can get temporary heat with an oil heater, and then turn it off. The

PERFECTION
SMOKELESS
OIL HEATER

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

Is invaluable in its capacity of quickly giving heat. Apply a match and it is immediately at work. It will burn for nine hours without refilling. It is safe, smokeless and odorless. It has a damper top and a cool handle. An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font.

It has an automatic-locking flame spreader which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so that the wick can be cleaned in an instant.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, and can be quickly unscrewed for reworking. Finished in Japan or nickel, strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

FISHING

May be done anywhere, only what are you fishing for? I suppose you want a good catch? Perhaps you better investigate and find out just where the best place is when you are fishing for glasses.

Our advice may save you time and money, also unpleasant results. Glasses for \$1 and upward.

Mr. & Mrs. F. N. Labelle
Eyeglass Specialists and Mfg. Opticians
300 MERRIMACK STREET

WHIST TOURNAMENT

The formal opening of the whist tournament to be conducted by Wamsit lodge, Knights of Pythias, took place last night. There were about 50 people present and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner.

The entertainment committee of the lodge has arranged a series of games for the winter months.

The committee in charge of the whist consists of: C. W. Clark, chairman; C. S. Travis, L. E. Berry, Charles Shaw and S. W. Gile.

ARTIFICIAL KIDNEYS would have been about as useful and surely less painful than were mine during three months of severe inflammation which nothing relieved until I tried DR. GRADY'S PURE MALT AND RYE. Three bottles of this wonderful medicine completely cured me. My tongue was badly coated, liver torpid, bowels constipated and my stomach failed to digest food properly. I thought it was time to do something before it would be too late and I attribute my successful cure to DR. GRADY'S PURE MALT AND RYE.

Very truly,
MR. SAMUEL HOLEMAN,
No. 11 3rd Street,
Keene, N. H.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

500 A BOTTLE

KIDNEY TROUBLE CURED

ORIENTAL RUGS
BILLEY
BOSTON PARK ST.
NEW YORK 225 FIFTH AVE.
BOOK 30 ILLUSTRATIONS \$0.40

FLOOR WAX FLOOR BRUSHES
FLOOR VARNISH FLOOR STAINS

The Thompson Hardware Company
Call for our book on "Care of Hardwood Floors" FREE.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

William M. Wood of Lawrence is a good natured man. At a banquet in Lawrence the other night he noticed a number of children looking wistfully through the window at the brightly lighted tables spread with toothsome viands. He ordered the children to be brought in and served with all they could eat. Oh! what a feast. That group of children will never forget Mr. Wood's kindness.

THE RAILROAD MERGER

The new management of the Boston & Maine shows the large scale on which it does business by appropriating \$10,000,000 for improvements. That should allay the apprehensions of those who conjured up horrible visions of what would happen if the New Haven merger went through. That \$10,000,000 will be felt at various points in bringing about important improvements.

DEMORALIZING THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY

The action of the democrats in endorsing the republican candidates for district attorney and sheriff in their conventions held here yesterday is to be condemned as calculated to demoralize the party organization. The men endorsed may be good men, and their election may be assured in spite of democratic opposition; but that does not justify the course taken. So long as there is a democratic party it should nominate democratic candidates or go out of business. The voters should have a choice between candidates representing different policies or principles. If democratic leaders in convention are disloyal even where there is no hope of victory, they cannot consistently appeal to the voters for loyalty where there is a chance of success.

TO SWEAR OFF SMOKING

The agent of the Massachusetts mills has applied for permission to allow the chimneys of the company's mills to smoke in the usual way until the first of May. We are not quite clear as to who has the power to grant a permit of this kind, but we believe it is the smoke inspector, and we believe also that the people of Lowell will endorse his action if he grants the petition of the company under the circumstances.

When the smoke law was adopted, it was not with any intention of harassing any of the manufacturing companies throughout the city. When a company shows an inclination to comply with the law within a reasonable time, and when it wants only a reasonable time to change over its plant so as to eliminate the smoke, that time should be graciously granted. If the Massachusetts company wishes to smoke for six months longer and then swear off, by all means grant the request.

ACTING MAYOR MITCHELL

During the illness of Mayor Gaynor of New York City, the duties of mayor devolved upon a young man named John Purroy Mitchell. Judging from the manner in which Acting Mayor Mitchell cleaned up Coney Island, and got after the gambling dens in other parts of the city, it would appear that if he were allowed to hold the reins of absolute control, he would very quickly make New York a cleaner city than it is.

He caused to be forwarded to one of the federal officials in New York a complaint that the United States Army building was being used for gambling purposes. We have no doubt whatever that Mr. Mitchell knew whereof he spoke, and that he is ready to substantiate the charge by reasonable evidence. The fact that the federal official who received the report entered a protest against such an insult to a United States officer does not change the situation in the least, nor does the apology which was forwarded in reply by Mayor Gaynor.

It is not unusual for army officers to spend a considerable portion of their time playing cards or in passing the time in other forms of gambling. Sometimes the game is played for cash stakes, and in such a case the charge of gambling would be fully justified.

The people of New York have had an opportunity to learn the character of this young man, who has been acting mayor, and it is not improbable that the time will come when he will fill the office of mayor with power to discharge all the functions of the office. He has made a reputation for himself within a few months better than many men have made in as many years.

OPPORTUNITIES OF OUR TEXTILE SCHOOL

The Textile school is the only institution in Lowell which offers any opportunity for a young man to pursue an industrial course. At the Textile school a student can acquire almost any of the textile trades. It is rather surprising that so few of our Lowell young men enter the Textile school, and that so many of the students come from distant places, some of them from other countries. It is to be regretted that opportunities of this kind are neglected by our young men. Possibly the fact that there is a fixed tuition fee bars a number of those who cannot very well afford to pay for such an education.

It seems to us that when students from other states attend the school they should be obliged to pay much more than those who reside in this state, and there should be a material reduction in the annual tuition fee for students who reside in Lowell.

At present the tuition fee for residents of Massachusetts is \$100, for non-residents \$150. The evening classes are free to Lowell residents and for all others the fee is five dollars for the season.

This city pays a considerable amount annually for the support of the Textile school, and yet our students are treated practically the same as those of other Massachusetts cities. This is hardly fair, nor is it fair that any southern state can so easily send students to our Textile school to acquire the various textile arts and then go back to the south to conduct mills in opposition to those of New England. It seems to us that there are here a few points on which the policy of the Textile school might be somewhat modified in the interests of fair play and home industries.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

"The Blue Mouse," one of Clyde Fitch's productions, was presented before a fair sized audience at the Opera House last night. The cast includes two Lowell boys, "Tom" Sullivan, who will be remembered as a member of the Bachelor minstrels, and D. J. McCabe. Both made good in their parts and their friends gave them a most cordial greeting. The characters are assumed by the following:

Paulette Devine, the "Blue Mouse," Wanda Ludlow, president of the Inter-State railroad, James L. McCabe, Mrs. Lewellyn, Clara Louise Canaan, Augustus Rollett, secretary to Lewellyn, John Dunton, Mrs. Rollett, May Herbert, Wollus, her father, Cal. P. Coast, Philip Scordale, T. F. Arnold, Waterson, T. F. Sullivan, Purkis, D. J. McCabe, Lizzie, Rose Bradbury, Annie, Wilfred Brown, Policeman, Henry Smith, Foster, V. C. Phillips.

The "Blue Mouse"—the central figure around which all of the action revolves, is a charming, vivacious dancer, with all the tricks of her profession, but a good heart, too, and nothing wrong about her, as she expresses it—"when you get down to hard pan." For a trifling consideration of \$1000 a week the Blue Mouse undertakes to secure from the president of the Inter-State railroad, the promotion of his private secretary, Augustus Rollett, to the position of division superintendent. In order to accomplish this, she pretends to be Rollett's wife; and many complications result. She succeeds, and everybody is made happy.

"PASSING OF THE THIRD FLOOR BACK"

It is impossible to describe it. It must be seen. Its true realism, its comedy, its characterization, its wonderful holding power, its brilliancy of dialogue, its great theme, its convincing atmosphere above all its everlasting truth. These are a few of the qualities of this "extraordinary play," which differentiate it from all others, which make it what it is admitted to be—the most daring, the most profound, the most moving work which has perhaps ever been seen upon any stage. It is no "stage play" of impossible situations, extravagant plot, and farcical characters, but a living story unfolded by live people, who think and move—human creatures. There is no hero as we meet him on the stage—no virtue—no weaknesses. There is no heroine too good to be one of us. The heroine of this piece is a common slave, but we love her, and are moved to tears by our sympathy for her. We take her, our hearts with all her frailty, for, like ourselves, she is human.

Is this an amusing play? Yes; it is filled with humor—Jerome's inimitable humor. Is it stimulating? Yes, for the characters are live people; we know them all; we meet them every day. Is it sad? Yes, profoundly so. But only in such a way as leaves us full of thankfulness for such beautiful sadness. Is it interesting? Yes; for it is about you—all about you and me, and all of us. Is it true? Above all things it is true, and therein lies its great power. The play comes to the Opera House next Monday and Tuesday.

"SMART SET"

Wednesday's attraction at the Opera House will be the "Smart Set" company, that delightful and side-splitting comedy, that musical comedy headed by S. H. Dudley, a popular and versatile negro comedian. There are fifteen original song hits and musical numbers furnished by Brinn, Smith and

CRITICS

The physician who recommends, the patient who uses and the chemist who analyzes

Scott's Emulsion

have established it as pre-eminently the best in purity, in perfection and in results.

No other preparation has stood such severe tests, such world-wide imitation and met with such popular and professional endorsement.

To the babe, the child and the adult it gives pure blood, strength, solid flesh and vitality.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Coal Talk

Addressed to Mr. Man, who buys the fuel:
Reading Hard, and Free-burning, Susquehanna medium, Wilkesbarre, Lehigh and Free-burning, Lackawanna and Buck-Mountain Coals. The above named coalleries are located in the best mining regions in Pennsylvania.
I am constantly receiving shipments of these coals at my two distinct yards on Gorham street. My quality is always the best. My prices as low as any dealer who intends to be honest in his weights, I am one of the few individual dealers left who runs his own yards. I need your patronage now. I may be some help to you later.
Yours very respectfully,

John P. Quinn

GORHAM AND DIX STREETS

Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.
Telephones 1180 and 2480; when one is busy, call the other.

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 20c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c; fried clams and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Busiest place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

—FOR—

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

—FOR SALE—

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Burke. The music is of the jungling, tuneful variety certain to please the most exacting lover of light and catchy melodies. Mr. Dudley has a part that leaves to set off his well-known opera advantage. He will appear as excellent berry Snow, one of those never-do-well ble ill-advised. Raspberry has one ambition and that is to have the president of the United States. The dream is realized—but only in the dream. There are seven scenes in the play, and the action is spirited and the dialogue crisp and witty.

Mr. Dudley is supported by a company of sixty people including Aida Overton Walker, one of the best singing and dancing comedienne in the country. The play, too, is handsomely staged.

"BINGVILLE BUGLE FOLKS."

Direct from a most successful run in Boston, "Bingville Bugle" folks, a rural comedy drama by Newton Newkirk, will come to the Opera House next Thursday night.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

One of the stellar acts in next week's big bill at the Hathaway theatre will be "The Bandit," a stirring, dramatic sketch, played by that celebrated dramatic actor, E. Frederick Hawley, and his company. The story of the playlet is as follows: Cochise Ramondo, the bandit king, is holding a young girl prisoner for the purpose of revenging himself upon her father, who at one time sentenced him to be hanged. The girl succeeds in momentarily touching the outlaw's heart, and he tells her how he was led into the life of an outcast, by his wife's elopement with another man. He pursued the elopement, and in the effort to escape his wife abandoned her child. Ramondo, following, killed both man and woman. After telling his story, Ramondo again recurs to his purpose of killing the girl to revenge himself upon the judge, her father. But, through the accidental discovery of a locket, she wears, he learns that she is his own daughter, found and adopted by the judge. Thereupon he relents in his murderous purpose, and releases the girl, Marie.

In going to the window to see her ride away, the wally shot, through the mistake of a guard whom he has posted outside. The playlet is a vivid picture of border life, and Mr. Hawley, who has spent years among the Mexicans, and studied their manners and customs, gives a finished portrayal of the little role. He is supported by an excellent company. Another noteworthy act of the week is an exhibition and demonstration of a real aeroplane. The airplane is an exact duplicate of the Herring-Curtiss machine that won the international races at Reims. It will be exhibited on the stage and described by a lecturer, after which the machine will be placed in operation. Incidentally the lecture, a series of motion pictures, taken at the Rheims meet, will be shown. All of the various aeroplanes are seen in actual flight, including the famous Blériot monoplane, which crossed the English channel; the Latham monoplane, which fell in the channel; and the Paulhan biplane; as well as Glenn H. Curtiss, at the finish of his world's record flight. The biplane that will be shown at the Hathaway is the airplane that recently mystified the residents of Worcester by flying over the city with huge headlights, the flights being made at night, to try out a new gyroscopic equilibrium invention by A. M. Herring. George H. Wood, the somewhat different comedian, is a diverting blackface entertainer. A sensational comedy dramatic playlet in "The Finish," which is superbly acted. Miss Lorraine has played the leading roles in several Broadway musical comedy successes, and Edgar Dudley played the light comedy in the same companies. The Four Musical Rodges present a novel and pleasing instrumental number. Lapo and Benjamin combine in a funny comedy acrobatic act, the unusual feature of which is the introduction of a Hebrew character, something new in the acrobatic world.

Kelly and Luffery have a singing and dancing turn, the man giving some imitations, while the woman is a good toe dancer.

THEATRE VOYONS

In "The Iconoclast," one of the features on today's bill at the Theatre Voyons the evil results of the perpetual grouch are clearly shown. The star role is that of a habitual drunkard, who can only see evil in others, while he can in no way see how his own bad habits are the cause of his misfortunes. How he is brought to a realization of the troubles of others and his own wretchedness is cleverly told and the whole picture teaches an excellent lesson that should be heeded by the many dissatisfied people in this world. There is a brisk and laughable comedy on the bill and a most beautiful scenic subject, entitled "The Moleuca Islands." The musical features are exceptional in every way.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel. He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel.

He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel.

He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

THESE MEN - AND A THOUSAND MORE



Guide the intricate and wonderful machines in the Washburn-Crosby mills, but never actually touch hands to the flour. They work constantly for milling cleanliness, for purity and for the everlasting high quality of —

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

COPYRIGHT 1910 WASHBURN-CROSBY CO. ONE HUNDRED PLUS MILL

Other stage features. It is an unusually interesting little play.

Other good acts are James R. Waters in a Hebrew character sketch and Fred Pearson, a well known baritone singer here, and excellent moving pictures.

A WONDERFUL VIOLINIST

Arrangements have been completed by which Francis MacMillen the young American violinist, who is to be heard in Lowell on the 17th of October, is to appear before and play privately for the pope at the Vatican in Rome, the pope signifying his wish to hear Mr. MacMillen. The Holy Father heard of the marvelous art of MacMillen through the Duchess Lantiedella Rovere, mistress of a beautiful villa near Rome. Under her patronage the young violinist has fairly swept everything before him, during the social season just closed in Rome.

HOP MERCHANT

Was Sentenced to Sing

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Adolph Rothbarth, the hop merchant, who pleaded guilty of having defrauded various banks in New York of \$300,000, was sentenced yesterday to serve a term of not less than three and not more than seven years in Sing Sing prison.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel.

He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel.

He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel.

He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Rosalsky, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank combated the clemency pleas of the hop merchant's counsel.

He demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

FOUR MEN HELD

Three Charged With Intent to Kill Policeman

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Four men charged by the police to be members of the gang of seven who robbed Plakias restaurant, 343A Columbus avenue, early yesterday morning were arraigned before Chief Justice Bolster in the municipal court.

The four gave their names as Edward Meagher, alias Frank Murray, Walter Doyle, alias George Robinson, Edward Shize, alias Edward Schultz, and Joseph Bibeau.

Meagher, Doyle and Shize were charged with robbery, assault and battery with intent to kill. Patrolman Edward J. Sullivan of division 16 and with carrying loaded revolvers.

Examination was waived and each one was held for the grand jury. In \$2000, the bail being divided as follows: \$2000 on the robbery charge, \$500 on that of assault and \$100 on the complaint for carrying loaded weapons.

There was but one count against Bibeau, that of robbery, and he was held in \$2000. The prisoners were remanded to the Charles street jail.

One of the important developments made in the police investigation yesterday was the identification of Meagher, Doyle and Shize by Patrick J. Flaherty, manager of the Beacon pharmacy, corner of Beacon and Washington streets, Somerville, who declared they are the men who held him up in the drug store Monday night and robbed him of \$15.

The robbery at the restaurant yesterday morning was followed by an exciting police chase, in which Patrolmen Edward J. Sullivan and Thomas Harvey of division 16 showed their courage and quick wit.

In his statement to the officers Bibeau told how it was the plan of his companions and himself to go to Revere and hold up an electric car, but

the idea was abandoned in favor of the restaurant holdup.

Bibeau comes from Newmarket, N. H. Meagher belongs in Roxbury and has been in court several times, and has also served two terms in the Concord reformatory. His release from the latter place was on Monday. Doyle's home is in East Boston. Shize won't talk about himself.

You can buy a large regular 75c lantern at The Thompson Hardware Co. for 25c.

Lowell City Library

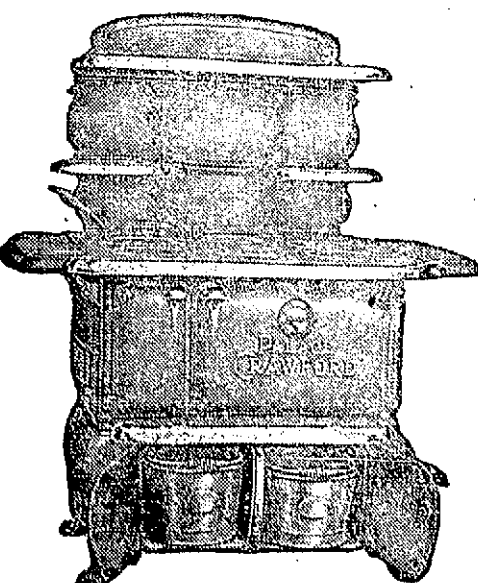
WEEKLY LIST OF ADDITIONS

ROBIN, M. von. Guido Real... \$50.425
COLERIDGE, S. T. Poems of nature and romance 1794-1807... \$20.50
DAVIES, G. S. Chirlandala... \$50.584
DAVIS, H. C. compiler. Commencement papers, etc. valedictories, salutories, etc. 830.902
LAWSON, W. J. and C. W. The great English letter-writers. 2 vols. 810.115-1-1
DUBOIS, L. P. Contemporary Ireland. 811.5.31
HYDE, W. D. The teachers' philosophy in and out of school... \$70.590
KING, L. W. History of Sumner and Akkad... \$25.52
LECCAS, E. V. The Gentlest Art \$10.974
PALMER, G. H. The Ideal Teacher... \$20.550
PALGRAVE, R. H. L. Dictionary of Political Economy. 3 vols. \$20.626-8 R.
SNEDDEN, D. The Problem of Vocational Education... \$30.581
STANNIS, H. Drawings of Alfred Stevens... \$70.165
TRAUTWINE, J. C. The Civil Engineer's Pocketbook, 1909... \$20.125
WIEL, A. The Navy of Venice... \$25.77

The best way to carry Ashes

is in a Hod!

Crawford Ranges



Have an Ash Hod in the base into which all the ashes fall far below the fire. They can't bank against the grates and warp them, and they can be emptied easily without spilling.

The Coal Hod is alongside the Ash Hod—out of the way. This feature is a wonderful labor and trouble saver and is patented.

Another trouble-saver of the Crawford is the patented Single Damper. One motion—slide the knob to "kindle," "bake" or "check"—the range does the rest. No damper mistakes.

The Oven has cup-joint heat flues that heat it alike in all parts.

Ask the Crawford agent to show you and write us for circular.

Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co., 31 Union St., Boston

For Sale by H. R. Barker Mfg. Co. and the E. T. Shaw Co.



CAPT. J. N. GREIG

VICTOR JEWETT
Treasurer

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF COMPANY

K. SIXTH REGIMENT

The annual meeting of the members of Company K. Sixth regiment, M. V. M., was held last night at the state armory in Westford street. As usual, there was a very large attendance, almost every member being present. The regular drill was dispensed with, the night being devoted to the discussion of business, election of officers and a general good time.

Capt. Janus N. Greig, commander of the company, presided during the meeting. Sergt. Victor F. Jewett was elected treasurer for the ensuing year.

The following committees were also chosen:

Standing committee, Sergt. Harry J. Sheldon, Corp. E. Frank Dupee, Privates Mountain and Bryant; rifle committee, Capt. Greig, Sergt. Charles

Stevens, Musicians Carl and Greeley, Private Cashing; entertainment committee, Corp. Schuyler Waller, Privates Hickey and Taylor.

Reports by the old officers were to the effect that the company had never been in better condition, financially or otherwise, since its organization. There is a substantial sum in the treasury in spite of the large expenses of the past year.

The rifle team has done well, it is considered, since a large number of new men have come into the company during the past year, and that some of them are now serving on the team. The figure of merit for the company as a whole in marksmanship will be high.

Following the business meeting, a collation was served, and there was singing and the like at a general social hour.

The committee in charge of last night's gathering was: Sergt. Jewett, Corp. Luce, Corp. Dupee, Privates Hickey and Taylor.

BARN DESTROYED

Fire in Billerica Centre Yesterday

A barn, located on the Woburn road near the water works standpipes in Billerica Centre, owned by Andrew Morrissey, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The cause of the blaze is not known.

The fire was discovered about three o'clock and an alarm was sounded. The Centre apparatus responded quickly, but the flames had reached such headway that it was impossible to stay their progress and the structure was razed to the ground.

The barn stood a good distance away from other buildings, so that there was no danger at any time of the blaze spreading. The loss on the barn and contents, it is said, will be about \$1000. There were several tons of hay, a quantity of lumber and some farming tools in the buildings and these were destroyed.

DEM. SEN. CONVENTION
The eighth district democratic senatorial convention will be held at the headquarters of the democratic city committee next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

AN ENJOYABLE MUSICAL
An enjoyable musicale was held on Thursday night at Colonial hall in aid of the First Presbyterian church repair fund, the following soloists contributing: Miss Ella B. Thompson, soprano; Mrs. Nettie Roberts, contralto; Mrs. Lillian Dodge Haskell, reader; Mrs. Mildred Tinker, Miss Hazel Chamberlain, dancers; Mr. Jas. E. Donnelly, baritone; Mr. John A. Allen, violinist; Mr. John J. Kelly, pianist; Mrs. Lena Reid Flemings, accompanist; Mr. Ralph Wilder, accompanist.

IF YOU HAVE BEEN DISSATISFIED WITH THE WORK OF SO-CALLED

Tailors
WHO CAN'T SEW A BUTTON ON, DON'T CONDEMN THE WHOLE CRAFT, BUT TRY

Martin's Tailoring
WE ARE
Practical Craftsmen

AND CAN MAKE CLOTHES TO SUIT ANYONE, NO MATTER HOW FASTIDIOUS THEY MAY BE. OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE AND THE PRODUCTS OF OUR WORK-ROOMS CANNOT BE IMPROVED ON IN THIS CITY.

J.C. Martin & Sons
LOWELL'S PRACTICAL TAILORS

Phone No. 2144, 243 Central St., 169 Church St.

ERCEL A. TEESON

To be Colonel of High School Regiment

Erce A. Teeson is to be the new colonel of the High school regiment. The full list of officers for the regiment has not yet been announced owing to the fact that the examination papers have not been inspected. Several of the high officers, however, have been announced and included in the list are Teeson. The lieutenant-colonel will be Norris L. Tibbitts, George Flint will be major, commanding the second battalion. And the quarter-master will be Capt. Liddell. One other captain has been named, John Monahan. It is probable that the entire list will be available within a few days.

BOWLING GAMES

SEVERAL CONTESTS ON THE LOCAL ALLEYS

There were several good bowling contests held last night on the local alleys. In the game between Owen's Pets and Kelley's Pets, the former aggregation won by a wide margin. The so-called Lowell and Woburn teams had at it with the result that the Lowell team won by a margin of 13 pins.

Two teams, each made up of four young women and a man, played a most interesting game, the Dream-wolds defeating the Elites by 51 pins. The scores:

OWEN'S PETS				
Fitzgerald	80	72	84	236
O'Brien	71	100	80	251
Rielly	63	79	77	219
Carroll	68	88	87	243
Quens	79	67	77	223
Totals	361	406	405	1172

KELLEY'S PETS				
Benoit	73	77	82	232
Trowbridge	69	64	55	188
Kelley	73	77	71	221
Hart	64	70	76	210
Murphy	77	84	78	239
Totals	366	372	362	1099

LOWELL				
Kempton	91	104	87	282
Sturtevant	101	86	96	283
Foster	72	94	69	235
Jewett	79	89	88	256
Wynne	98	85	107	290
Totals	448	468	447	1363

WOBURN				
McGrath	85	82	104	271
Flaherty	92	94	84	270
McCarthy	89	85	94	268
Flanders	92	88	89	269
McCarron	94	94	94	282
Totals	452	443	445	1340

DREAMWOLDS				
Miss A. Lawrence	73	84	70	227
Miss E. Higgins	73	70	72	215
Miss J. Cronin	69	67	71	207
Miss M. Perpins	75	78	83	236
Mr. B. McNamara	85	94	93	272
Totals	375	393	399	1167

BLITES				
Miss M. McHugh	52	71	70	193
Miss H. O'Brien	76	79	71	226
Miss J. Shea	75	66	76	217
Miss K. Horne	68	73	74	215
Mr. M. Rogers	84	92	85	261
Totals	358	387	376	1116

MATRIMONIAL
Mr. Charles C. Gillet, Jr., and Miss Gladys E. Chonto of this city were united in marriage, Wednesday afternoon, at St. John's Episcopal church, by Rev. James Bancroft. Mr. and Mrs. Gillet will live at 617 Chelmsford street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin N. Sleeper observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage at their home, 113 Third street, last evening. It was a quiet family gathering.



COL. WILLIAM A. GASTON



GEN. NELSON A. MILES

COL. GASTON OR GENERAL MILES

The democratic convention having split so hopelessly on the three leading candidates—Foss, Vahey and Hamlin—all three have withdrawn and the selection is left in the hands of a committee of five who will probably select either Col. Gaston or General Miles, although Hon. John C. Crosby is also mentioned as a possibility. Major Robert J. Crowley of this city is a member of the committee on selection.

THREE BODIES

Were Taken From the Hudson River

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Three bodies of victims of the swamping of the New Hampshire battleship barge Saturday night were taken from the Hudson river today. This made a total of 24 bodies recovered. Two of the bodies found today were identified, one as that of Patrick J. Donahue, a private in the marine corps of Limerick, Ireland, and the other as that of Henry Sherman, Balley, a ship's cook, third class, of Ansonia, Conn.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE CHOLERA OUTBAEK

NAPLES, Oct. 8.—During yesterday and last night there were ten new cases of cholera in this city and four deaths from the disease, according to official announcement.

FORTUNE OF \$1,250,000

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Mary Hunt-Loomis, Chicago society woman and heroine of the Civil war, died yesterday, leaving a fortune of \$1,250,000 to the Loomis-Institute, an educational institution at Windsor, Conn., founded 18 years ago by Mrs. Loomis' husband and his brother and a sister.

CHIEF CROKER

Was Held Up For Overspeeding

NEW ROCHELLE, Oct. 8.—Fire Chief Edward P. Croker of New York came out here yesterday as the guest of the town to review a firemen's parade, but before he got more than a block on his way back to New York after the judgments had been announced he was arrested. He spent half an hour as a prisoner in a police station and when finally he was released Sergt. Bals insisted that he go in the custody of an aideman.

It was a parade of volunteer fire companies and Chief Croker never in his life looked at a parade from the judge's stand until yesterday, and it was only his friendship for Chief Jip Ross that brought him here yesterday.

He felt that he ought to get back to New York, so he walked to where his automobile was and gave the word to start for New York. His chauffeur in making a turn toward the city had to pass the line of the parade. The chief was in a hurry and he gave orders to his chauffeur to go through the parade whether or no.

But Policeman Chenoweth wouldn't have it so. The chief told him to go ahead. At the same time he showed his fire department shield. He also pointed to his guest of honor badge, but that didn't make any more impression than the chief's gold shield.

"I don't care who you are, you're going to stop," said Chenoweth, stoutly. "Even if you're President Taft."

Croker said he wouldn't and the chauffeur threw in his clutch. Then Chenoweth said the chief was arrested and he'd have to go to the station house. The chief went.

Sergt. Bernard Bals was on duty alone. The sergeant was in a quandary and realized it at the moment he learned who Chenoweth's prisoner was. He sent to Glen Island for an aideman or the mayor or somebody to help him out. Alderman Le Count was procured.

The aideman and the sergeant talked it over, the former being considerably excited.

"But, aideman," expostulated the sergeant finally, "there ain't no way of fixing it unless the chief goes in your custody."

That's the way Croker got off.

HELD IN \$2500

McClarty Charged With Manslaughter

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Charged with manslaughter, in causing the death of Peter Froton, aged 24, married, of 12 Winchester place, Winchester, Charles L. McClarty, 31 years old, married, living at 232 Elm street, Cambridge, was held by Judge Bolster yesterday in the municipal court in \$2500 for the grand jury. Since his arrest on Sept. 27 McClarty has been held in \$5000, but yesterday the judge reduced the bail to \$2500.

Froton met his death at the St. James hotel. On the night mentioned Froton and a man named Joy were at the hotel, and it is alleged while McClarty and James Caulfield, of Cambridge, were escorting him from the hotel to the street Froton was either struck in the face or thrown down. His head struck the radiator, causing a fracture of the skull, death ensuing a little while later.

Caulfield, who was also arrested at the time, was also charged with manslaughter. He was represented by Attorney John F. McDonald, while Attorney Schurman appeared for McClarty. Caulfield was discharged.

Ten witnesses were examined. Frank Russell, a carpenter, testified he was standing ten feet from the door and saw McClarty strike Froton on the jaw. He said when the blow was struck another man was being put out.

Charles E. Hurder, a father, testified he saw Froton when struck, saying it was McClarty who struck the blow. He said Froton smiled, almost instantly afterward going to the floor. He said Froton's face then turned very dark.

Dr. Magrath testified to having examined the body, saying Froton met his death as a result of a hemorrhage of the brain.

Chief Duran testified to having gone to the hotel, where he interviewed McClarty. The chief read a paper which contained the substance of the interview. McClarty in the interview said that he did not strike Froton, that the latter was seized with an epileptic fit and fell against the radiator, striking his head with force enough to result in death.

MORNING GLORIES

HELD A DANCING PARTY LAST NIGHT

A pretty dancing party was held in Associate hall last night under the auspices of the Morning Glory club. There was a large attendance showing that the young men who are members of the club are popular throughout the city.

A prize waltz was held during the course of the evening. Dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Kittredge's orchestra.

The officers of the evening were: general manager, Joseph L. Crowe; assistant general manager, James A. Brown; floor director, Stephen P. Shively; assistant floor director, Edward C. Holland; chief aid, Thomas Fitzgerald; aids, Wm. Mills, Thomas Malone, Timothy O'Neill, P. Holton, John Callahan, Roderick Turgeon; treasurer, Frank J. White.

ANNUAL MEETING

NEW ENGLAND CHINESE SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS' UNION

LAWRENCE, Oct. 8.—Rev. James Roberts, who spent many years in China, and Mrs. Harriet E. Miller, were participants in yesterday's program of the seventh annual convention of the New England Chinese Sunday school workers' union held in the Second Baptist church.

These officers were elected: Mrs. Harriet E. Miller of Hartford, Conn. president; Mrs. Robert H. Magwood of Dorchester and Miss Emma, L. Koschinsky of Lawrence, vice president; Mrs. Henry J. Warren of Boston, secretary; Mrs. Elizabeth D. Hawkes of Portland, Me., treasurer.

The general committee, to serve until the next convention, comprises Mrs. A. A. Day of Dorchester, Mrs. J. E. Horstcomb of New Haven, Miss L. A. Niccomb of Boston, Mrs. R. H. Magwood, Mrs. H. E. Mitchell of Worcester, Mrs. Anna Gregory of Haverhill, Miss Harriet Carter of Boston and Miss C. G. Morris of North Billerica.

Auction Sale

Princeton

Boulevard Lots

PRATT PARK

Oct. 12, 13, 14, 15

Columbus Day (Wednesday)

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, 2 P. M., Daily

\$1000 IN PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY FREE

TERMS—10 Per Cent. Down at Time of Sale. Balance Easy.

Take Trolley to North Chelmsford electric car out Middlesex street to Middlesex Village Post Office.

5 CENT FARE FROM ANY PART OF LOWELL.

Hood Land Company, Boston Office, 60 State Street



THESE ARE THE MOST PRESSING PUBLIC NEEDS

DON'T FLOUNDER AROUND IN THE DARK WHEN YOU CAN BUY ONE OF OUR

Big No. 2 Fount Lanters

—FOR—

Big Fount 39c Regular 75c Size

The MOST Lantern for the price ever shown. Buy one, or better, yet buy more while you can.

The Thompson Hardware Company

254-256 MERRIMACK STREET.

CLOTHES FOR "DEAR OLD GOLDEN RULE DAYS"

How to Dress the Little Daughter Economically and Well



CHECKED SERGE COAT

YOUNG GIRL'S SCHOOL HAT

DRESSY FROCK FOR LITTLE GIRLS

SCHOOL days, school days, dear old Golden Rule days," are here again and suggest to mothers the advisability of beginning work on frocks and coats to carry their small daughters through the autumn and winter seasons.

There are attractive clothes for children big and little, and for the small girl they are unusually attractive this season. Young girls, on the whole, are well dressed nowadays, scrupulous care being given to the details of their outfits, and the simplicity of their attire is the result of fine art.

Even when the small girl is dressed without regard to money or trouble her wardrobe does not offend the laws of good taste by violating the rules of girlish simplicity. Extravagance is displayed only in fineness of materials, originality of detail and in the profusion of frocks.

Mohair in checked patterns makes ideal play and school dresses for the little girl, as this fabric is both light and sufficiently warm for winter wear, and it does not muss easily, and when the occasion requires it may be given a tubbing. Piplings, bandings and gay neckties of colored silk will brighten up the mohair dress and endear it to the girl's fancy, and a patent leather belt will also give a smart touch that will be appreciated by the wearer.

In the cut there is a school dress of a dressy type that will be found especially useful when there is an entertainment or other special function at school. It is a frock that the little lady will be glad to don rather than her everyday dress. It is of dark blue mohair. The skirt is very full, and the blouse is roomy. The blue satin collar and cuffs are braided in black, and the side front closing is worthy of note. A black satin tie is worn with the suit.

Scotch plaids with threads of bright silk are good materials for the everyday school frock, and these are built this season with the seamless shoulder and kimono sleeve, colored silk to match the plaid bordering the rounded out neck and forming elbow cuffs and belt. Instead of the gilt buttons that have been worn so long, small steel

buttons have taken their place on these dresses. Such a frock is much more serviceable if made with removable guimpes of lingerie stuff.

For the small girl with dark eyes and hair a deep red serge makes a becoming little costume. A dress of this description is to be found among the cuts. In this model the skirt and blouse are not detachable, as might be imagined, but are one and button in the back. Buttons of Persian satin edged with the red serge form the only trimming. Worn with this are a black patent leather belt, black satin tie and white hand embroidered collar and cuffs.

Long coats are the most useful and sensible for the schoolgirl, and they may be fashioned from any of the

rough, plain or mixed tweeds which are so much worn this year. The topcoat illustrated will be found very practical and moderately priced, and, by the way, it is generally cheaper and more satisfactory to buy the cold weather coat than to make it at home.

This checked wrap is carried out in black and white serge, trimmed with a red velvet collar and braided cuffs. It can be worn for school or dress wear. A black patent leather sailor hat completes this natty little costume. For older girls in their teens

there are smart polo coats, reproductions of the garments worn by older women last summer for automobilizing. They are loose, baglike affairs made of soft, fine wool material. The lines are straight, and a belt passes around the garment just below the normal waist line. There is a broad collar, which may be turned up about the ears in stormy weather.

Hats for schoolgirls are of blocked felt or beaver, simply trimmed with a big flat bow of silk or ribbon. But nothing could be more becoming than the hat illustrated of dark blue felt. The mushroom shape is particularly good style for a young girl, and the black silk band forms the only trimming. Worn with a dark blue funnel or mohair dress, with hand scalloped collar, as illustrated, and black silk tie, it finishes a most attractive school outfit.

BUYING A PARROT.

It is false economy to buy a young parrot, although you can, of course, purchase one for much less than you pay for a full grown bird. But the chances are that you will not be able to rear it.

A good talking parrot cannot be bought much under ten or fifteen dollars.

Keeping a Mattress Clean

An immaculate mattress is more than the sign of a good housekeeper. It is essential to good health. Even a clean sheet will not prevent a sensitive person from shrinking from a mattress that is soiled.

There need be little excuse for any dust if care be taken. Every mattress should have a twilled muslin cover that buttons on, so that it can be frequently washed.

If a mattress is too big for a double bed it should be in two parts for easier turning. The extra careful housewife puts the mattress up over the foot-

board each morning so that it airs on all sides. It should at least be turned once a day, not always in the same direction. This prevents the ugly ridge when two are sleeping in the bed.

The easiest way to clean a mattress is by the vacuum cleaner. If it must be done at home put in a slightly dampened sheet and beat with a wider carpet beater until all the dirt seems to be out, then take a new sheet, turn the mattress and repeat.

When small stains have got on a mattress they may be cleaned with French chalk.

It's Oyster Season

Oysters, where they are eaten, come back to the table when the "R" in the month appears. A popular chafing dish preparation of oysters is combined with mushrooms with a flavoring of sherry. This toothsome dainty is served at midnight suppers by an attractive New York hostess. She plumps about twenty oysters in their own liquor and reserves the liquor. Then she cooks a couple of tablespoonsful of butter for five minutes, turns in a couple of tablespoonsful of flour and adds the oyster liquor gradually. She cooks the mixture three minutes, or until the sauce becomes limpid and smooth, and then turns in the oysters with a half teaspoonful of lemon juice, a saltspoonful of salt, the yolk of an egg and a tablespoonful of sherry. The oysters are served on toast or biscuits.

OYSTER FRITTERS.

For oyster fritters make a batter with two well beaten eggs, a cupful of milk, two cupfuls of flour and salt to taste. Beat the batter very smooth, stir in two dozen oysters and a half a teaspoonful of baking powder and drop by tablespoonful into hot fat. Turn the fritters with a fork so they will brown on both sides and drain on paper. One secret of any batter mixture is to have it very cold.

OYSTER DRESSING.

The most popular dressing for oysters or clams on the half shell in one family is copied from the pension in Paris where the daughter of the family wintered last year. A shallot is chopped very fine and mixed with half a cupful of vinegar, with salt and pepper to taste.

PLANTS IN THE SICKROOM.

Formerly it was thought that the presence of plants in a sickroom, especially flowering ones, was injurious, as they absorbed the oxygen of the air and exhaled carbon dioxide. But as every medical student knows, physiologists have shown that a much more important vital action of plants is their power to absorb carbon dioxide and exhale oxygen or possibly ozone.

Physicians who have studied the matter consider that there is little doubt as to the beneficial influence that house plants are capable of exerting in the sickroom.

RINGS AND BRACELETS TO MATCH.

Rings and bracelets to match are one of the recent fads. For them aquamarines in the palest, limpid blue-green, chrysophanes and lucky moonstones are all especially popular. These semiprecious stones are mounted with brilliant, bracelets are again worn in pairs, as they used to be.

Seasonable Fashionettes

The starched collar has returned. Remember this in making up linen stocks and Dutch collars.

Byron collars are seen in black satin with white lawn frilling and in tucked white batiste with Persian edging and jabot.

Chemiselettes and yokes of tucked and platted net are modish. Figured net is also made up into guimpes with short sleeves. These guimpes have either a low frilled collar in pierrot style or a high military collar that is newer, but is not so comfortable.

The latest Parisian color success effect is the smoke gray chiffon or net tunic over yellow, coral, apricot or rose underlinings of taffeta or satin. Gray with yellow is odd and extremely popular with the artistic Parisienne. There is no prettier combination in

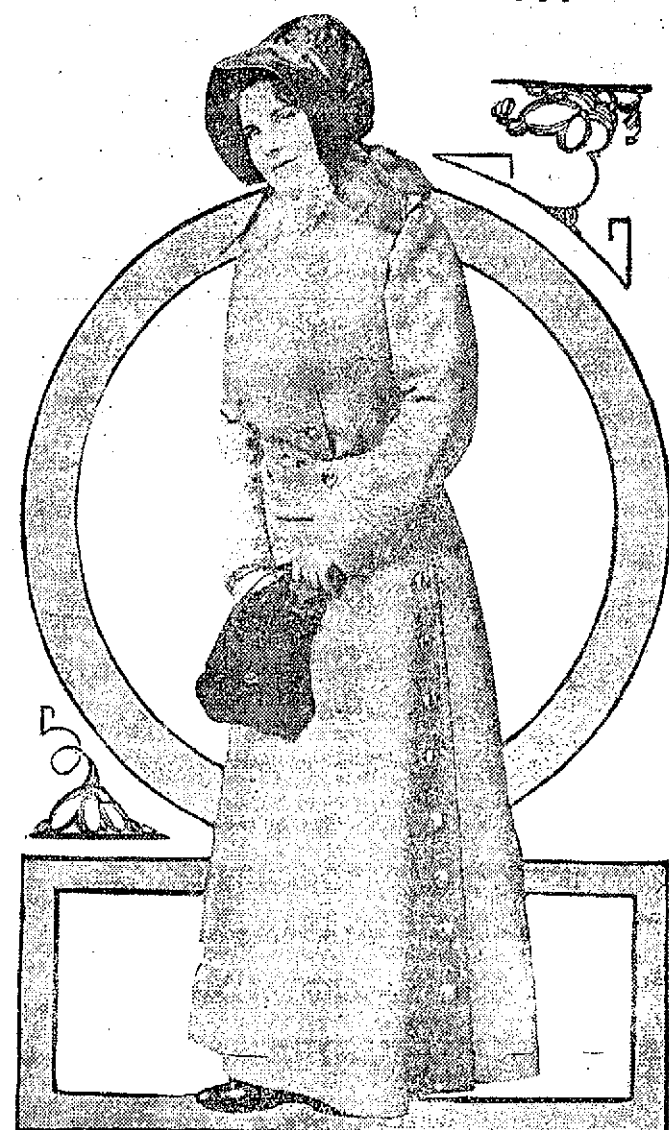
shades than dull gray and burnt orange.

For the aid of the woman who has taste for the elaborate, but only time for the simple, the printed bordure gowns have arrived. In volles and heavier materials there are some beautiful bordure color pictures.

DON'T THROW THEM AWAY.

Almost everything has its uses—even frayed silk petticoats and stockings that are past wearing. The latter make good floor polishers. For this purpose three or four of them should be rolled into a compact bolster and saved securely. Old silk handkerchiefs and squares from discarded silk petticoats make the best kind of dusters. Tray cloths and dollies that have become too shabby for the table should be kept for polishing glass.

THE CHICEST THING OUT



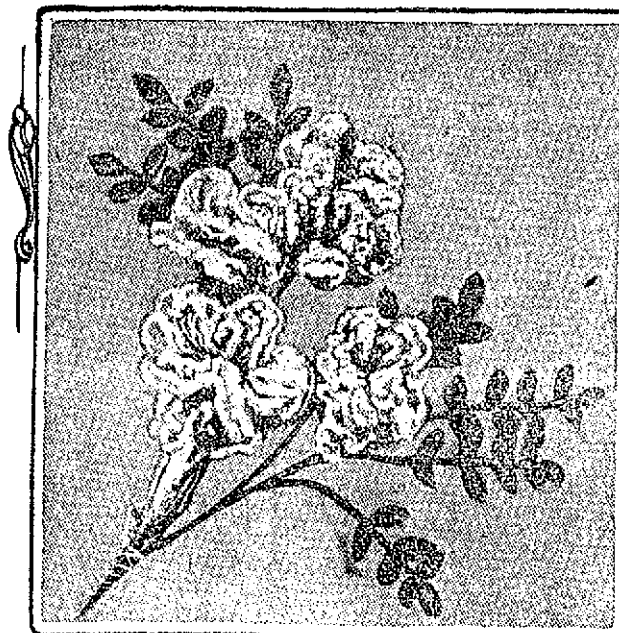
THREE PIECE MOTOR OR RAIN COSTUME.

THIS is one of the smartest motor or rain coats of the season, carried out in steel gray diagonal serge. The skirt is five gored and closes at the left side and buttons via an attached girdle to the dart fitted blouse, which

is fastened beneath the left arm and also across the shoulder.

In addition to the fur lined storm collar there is an Eskimo hood with long tabs that fold across the blouse fronts.

HOW TO USE SCRAPS OF CRETONNE



BUNCH OF CARNATIONS.

of the design to be attached. After apply the cretonne spray and press it down with the fingers.

For curtains cream colored net or ecru is often used rather than plain white, and when the background of the cretonne is cream or ecru the curtains have quite a hand painted effect.

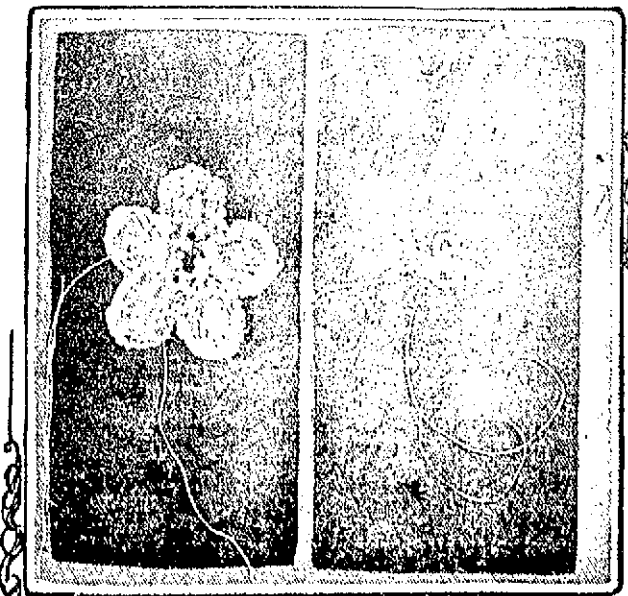
In a chintz furnished room the cretonne scheme may be carried out in plain coarse meshed net trimmed with cretonne designs to match the rest of the chintz, and the effect is even prettier than all cretonne. Dainty trifles such as pincushions, box coverings and funny work bags will always be welcomed as birthday or Christmas presents.

Another new kind of needlework is called "Florestinian." The difficulties which this new work present to the intelligent worker are few and consist in mastering two small details. The first of these is to hold the wire, which is covered, to make the carnations—as seen in the illustration—with the thread so that the wire is concealed. A little practice makes this quite easy. It is first holding the wire as you would the padding cotton in Irish crochet. The second detail is the binding of the stems. Stems have always been crocheted or embroidered before this work originated, but in the Florestinian work they are bound. This is much better, as it makes the work more adaptable. The carnations are done with mercerized thread, fine wire, and a crochet needle.

If you have odd pieces of cretonne left over from house draperies, etc., do not throw them in the scrap basket, but fold them carefully until you have time to use them for the new cretonne art work. It is a long time since any needlework novelty has proved so attractive as this treatment of cretonne flowers on net, for the coarse mesh forms the foundation and the flowers of the cretonne are put on to show through.

Suppose you decide to make a dressing table cover. Take a strip of coarse white plain net and cut it the exact size required. The edge of this should be either bound with narrow ribbon or else with a frill of lace. Another idea is to use a flowered ribbon in keeping with the design. When the cover is ready for decoration cut out the sprays of flowers from the cretonne. A pretty arrangement is to start a large spray in one corner, letting it stray across the net to the opposite corner. The sprays of flowers, if not long enough, can easily be increased by other flowers. A charming table center had little French wreaths tied with ribbon and scattered at regular intervals all along the edge. All this was cut out of cretonne, and the whole effect was extremely pretty.

The cretonne motifs are pasted on the net face downward, and for this the pasting has been done carefully



HOW TO HOLD WIRE WITH SILK.

Rainy Days And Children

A rainy day is always something of a trial to the children in the nursery. The little ones miss their usual walk, and the hours drag heavily. The children are listless and peevish, and the day very likely ends with a fit of temper or tears.

Now, here is a way to avoid these consequences. Dress the children in their hats and coats and turn them loose to romp in a large room where the windows are thrown open, but secured from danger. This plan gives them plenty of fresh air and exercise.

Set aside a few toys, not necessarily expensive ones, and keep them strictly for rainy days or when the children are prevented by illness from going out.

The rainy day doll or box of bricks or automobile will be welcomed as a novelty and will keep the boys and girls amused for hours when they would soon tire of their usual toys.

Another fine plan is to let the children help about the house. A little girl will be delighted with permission to help make the beds or to dust things she cannot reach.

Let rainy days be always times of indoor activity. You cannot expect a child with overflowing energy to spend hours in quiet occupations.

"Why can't you sit down and keep still with a book?" mother asks.

The child doesn't know why it can't, though the explanation is a very simple one.

A great deal of exercise is needful for the proper development of growing limbs, and if this exercise cannot be secured by outdoor play it must be gained in some other way.

CHAPEAU STUDY IN PURPLE TONES



IT'S OF SHIRRED PURPLE VELVET, ROSE TRIMMED.

THIS modish wistaria shades of the summer and early fall have deepened into violet and purple tones for winter wear. The exquisite model illustrated is developed in shirred purple velvet and banded over the crown

and what there is of brim with various shades of mauve, purple and pink velvet roses. It is a becoming creation if worn by a pretty girl with plenty of good healthy coloring in her cheeks.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.				WESTERN DIV.			
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.
6:27	6:30	6:40	6:45	6:40	6:45	6:40	6:45
6:54	6:57	7:00	7:05	7:00	7:05	7:00	7:05
7:01	7:04	7:07	7:12	7:07	7:12	7:07	7:12
7:08	7:11	7:14	7:19	7:14	7:19	7:14	7:19
7:15	7:18	7:21	7:26	7:21	7:26	7:21	7:26
7:22	7:25	7:28	7:33	7:28	7:33	7:28	7:33
7:29	7:32	7:35	7:40	7:35	7:40	7:35	7:40
7:36	7:39	7:42	7:47	7:42	7:47	7:42	7:47
7:43	7:46	7:49	7:54	7:49	7:54	7:49	7:54
7:50	7:53	7:56	8:01	7:56	8:01	7:56	8:01
7:57	8:00	8:03	8:08	8:03	8:08	8:03	8:08
8:04	8:07	8:10	8:15	8:10	8:15	8:10	8:15
8:11	8:14	8:17	8:22	8:17	8:22	8:17	8:22
8:18	8:21	8:24	8:29	8:24	8:29	8:24	8:29
8:25	8:28	8:31	8:36	8:31	8:36	8:31	8:36
8:32	8:35	8:38	8:43	8:38	8:43	8:38	8:43
8:39	8:42	8:45	8:50	8:45	8:50	8:45	8:50
8:46	8:49	8:52	8:57	8:52	8:57	8:52	8:57
8:53	8:56	8:59	9:04	8:59	9:04	8:59	9:04
9:00	9:03	9:06	9:11	9:06	9:11	9:06	9:11
9:07	9:10	9:13	9:18	9:13	9:18	9:13	9:18
9:14	9:17	9:20	9:25	9:20	9:25	9:20	9:25
9:21	9:24	9:27	9:32	9:27	9:32	9:27	9:32
9:28	9:31	9:34	9:39	9:34	9:39	9:34	9:39
9:35	9:38	9:41	9:46	9:41	9:46	9:41	9:46
9:42	9:45	9:48	9:53	9:48	9:53	9:48	9:53
9:49	9:52	9:55	10:00	9:55	10:00	9:55	10:00
9:56	9:59	10:02	10:07	10:02	10:07	10:02	10:07
10:03	10:06	10:09	10:14	10:09	10:14	10:09	10:14
10:10	10:13	10:16	10:21	10:16	10:21	10:16	10:21
10:17	10:20	10:23	10:28	10:23	10:28	10:23	10:28
10:24	10:27	10:30	10:35	10:30	10:35	10:30	10:35
10:31	10:34	10:37	10:42	10:37	10:42	10:37	10:42
10:38	10:41	10:44	10:49	10:44	10:49	10:44	10:49
10:45	10:48	10:51	10:56	10:51	10:56	10:51	10:56
10:52	10:55	10:58	11:03	10:58	11:03	10:58	11:03
10:59	11:02	11:05	11:10	11:05	11:10	11:05	11:10
11:06	11:09	11:12	11:17	11:12	11:17	11:12	11:17
11:13	11:16	11:19	11:24	11:19	11:24	11:19	11:24
11:20	11:23	11:26	11:31	11:26	11:31	11:26	11:31
11:27	11:30	11:33	11:38	11:33	11:38	11:33	11:38
11:34	11:37	11:40	11:45	11:40	11:45	11:40	11:45
11:41	11:44	11:47	11:52	11:47	11:52	11:47	11:52
11:48	11:51	11:54	11:59	11:54	11:59	11:54	11:59
11:55	11:58	12:01	12:06	12:01	12:06	12:01	12:06
12:02	12:05	12:08	12:13	12:08	12:13	12:08	12:13
12:09	12:12	12:15	12:20	12:15	12:20	12:15	12:20

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION				WESTERN DIVISION			
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.	Low. Arr.	Low. Dep.
6:45	6:48	6:51	6:56	6:51	6:56	6:51	6:56
6:52	6:55	6:58	7:03	6:58	7:03	6:58	7:03
6:59	7:02	7:05	7:10	7:05	7:10	7:05	7:10
7:06	7:09	7:12	7:17	7:12	7:17	7:12	7:17
7:13	7:16	7:19	7:24	7:19	7:24	7:19	7:24
7:20	7:23	7:26	7:31	7:26	7:31	7:26	7:31
7:27	7:30	7:33	7:38	7:33	7:38	7:33	7:38
7:34	7:37	7:40	7:45	7:40	7:45	7:40	7:45
7:41	7:44	7:47	7:52	7:47	7:52	7:47	7:52
7:48	7:51	7:54	7:59	7:54	7:59	7:54	7:59
7:55	7:58	8:01	8:06	8:01	8:06	8:01	8:06
8:02	8:05	8:08	8:13	8:08	8:13	8:08	8:13
8:09	8:12	8:15	8:20	8:15	8:20	8:15	8:20
8:16	8:19	8:22	8:27	8:22	8:27	8:22	8:27
8:23	8:26	8:29	8:34	8:29	8:34	8:29	8:34
8:30	8:33	8:36	8:41	8:36	8:41	8:36	8:41
8:37	8:40	8:43	8:48	8:43	8:48	8:43	8:48
8:44	8:47	8:50	8:55	8:50	8:55	8:50	8:55
8:51	8:54	8:57	9:02	8:57	9:02	8:57	9:02
8:58	9:01	9:04	9:09	9:04	9:09	9:04	9:09
9:05	9:08	9:11	9:16	9:11	9:16	9:11	9:16
9:12	9:15	9:18	9:23	9:18	9:23	9:18	9:23
9:19	9:22	9:25	9:30	9:25	9:30	9:25	9:30
9:26	9:29	9:32	9:37	9:32	9:37	9:32	9:37
9:33	9:36	9:39	9:44	9:39	9:44	9:39	9:44
9:40	9:43	9:46	9:51	9:46	9:51	9:46	9:51
9:47	9:50	9:53	9:58	9:53	9:58	9:53	9:58
9:54	9:57	10:00	10:05	10:00	10:05	10:00	10:05
10:01	10:04	10:07	10:12	10:07	10:12	10:07	10:12
10:08	10:11	10:14	10:19	10:14	10:19	10:14	10:19
10:15	10:18	10:21	10:26	10:21	10:26	10:21	10:26
10:22	10:25	10:28	10:33	10:28	10:33	10:28	10:33
10:29	10:32	10:35	10:40	10:35	10:40	10:35	10:40
10:36	10:39	10:42	10:47	10:42	10:47	10:42	10:47
10:43	10:46	10:49	10:54	10:49	10:54	10:49	10:54
10:50	10:53	10:56	11:01	10:56	11:01	10:56	11:01
10:57	11:00	11:03	11:08	11:03	11:08	11:03	11:08
11:04	11:07	11:10	11:15	11:10	11:15	11:10	11:15
11:11	11:14	11:17	11:22	11:17	11:22	11:17	11:22
11:18	11:21	11:24	11:29	11:24	11:29	11:24	11:29
11:25	11:28	11:31	11:36	11:31	11:36	11:31	11:36
11:32	11:35	11:38	11:43	11:38	11:43	11:38	11:43
11:39	11:42	11:45	11:50	11:45	11:50	11:45	11:50
11:46	11:49	11:52	11:57	11:52	11:57	11:52	11:57
11:53	11:56	11:59	12:04	11:59	12:04	11:59	12:04
12:00	12:03	12:06	12:11	12:06	12:11	12:06	12:11
12:07	12:10	12:13	12:18	12:13	12:18	12:13	12:18
12:14	12:17	12:20	12:25	12:20	12:25	12:20	12:25
12:21	12:24	12:27	12:32	12:27	12:32	12:27	12:32
12:28	12:31	12:34	12:39	12:34	12:39	12:34	12:39
12:35	12:38	12:41	12:46	12:41	12:46	12:41	12:46
12:42	12:45	12:48	12:53	12:48	12:53	12:48	12:53
12:49	12:52	12:55	13:00	12:55	13:00	12:55	13:00
12:56	12:59	13:02	13:07	13:02	13:07	13:02	13:07
13:03	13:06	13:09	13:14	13:09	13:14	13:09	13:14
13:10	13:13	13:16	13:21	13:16	13:21	13:16	13:21
13:17	13:20	13:23	13:28	13:23	13:28	13:23	13:28
13:24	13:27	13:30	13:35	13:30	13:35	13:30	13:35
13:31	13:34	13:37	13:42	13:37	13:42	13:37	13:42
13:38	13:41	13:44	13:49	13:44	13:49	13:44	13:49
13:45	13:48	13:51	13:56	13:51	13:56	13:51	13:56
13:52	13:55	13:58	14:03	13:58	14:03	13:58	14:03
13:59	14:02	14:05	14:10	14:05	14:10	14:05	14:10
14:06	14:09	14:12	14:17	14:12	14:17	14:12	14:17
14:13	14:16	14:19	14:24	14:19	14:24	14:19	14:24
14:20	14:23	14:26	14:31	14:26	14:31	14:26	14:31
14:27	14:30	14:33	14:38	14:33	14:38	14:33	14:38
14:34	14:37	14:40	14:45	14:40	14:45	14:40	14:45
14:41	14:44	14:47	14:52	14:47	14:52	14:47	14:52
14:48	14:51	14:54	14:59	14:54	14:59	14:54	14:59
14:55	14:58	15:01	15:06	15:01	15:06	15:01	15:06
15:02	15:05	15:08	15:13	15:08	15:13	15:08	15:13
15:09	15:12	15:15	15:20	15:15	15:20	15:15	15:20
15:16	15:19	15:22	15:27	15:22	15:27	15:22	15:27
15:23	15:26	15:29	15:34	15:29	15:34	15:29	15:34
15:30	15:33	15:36	15:41	15:36	15:41	15:36	15:41
15:37	15:40	15:43	15:48	15:43	15:48	15:43	15:48
15:44	15:47	15:50	15:55	15:50	15:55	15:50	15:55
15:51	15:54	15:57	16:02	15:57	16:02	15:57	16:02
15:58	16:01	16:04	16:09	16:04	16:09	16:04	16:09
16:05	16:08	16:11	16:16	16:11	16:16	16:11	16:16
16:12	16:15	16:18	16:23	16:18	16:23	16:18	16:23
16:19	16:22	16:25	16:30	16:25	16:30	16:25	16:30
16:26	16:29	16:32	16:37	16:32	16:37	16:32	16:37
16:33	16:36	16:39	16:44	16:39	16:44	16:39	16:44
16:40	16:43	16:46	16:51	16:46	16:51	16:46	16:51
16:47	16:50	16:53	16:58	16:53	16:58	16:53	16:58
16:54	16:57	17:00	17:05	17:00	17:05	17:00	17:05
17:01	17:04	17:07	17:12	17:07	17:12	17:07	17:12
17:08	17:11	17:14	17:19	17:14	17:19	17:14	17:19
17:15	17:18	17:21	17:26	17:21	17:26	17:21	17:26
17:22	17:25	17:28	17:33	17:28	17:33	17:28	17:33
17:29	17:32	17:35	17:40	17:35	17:40	17:35	17:40
17:36	17:39	17:42	17:47	17:42	17:47	17:42	17:47

NIGHT EDITION

LIQUOR SALOONS

All Will be Closed on Columbus
Day

All liquor saloons in this city will be closed next Wednesday, Columbus day, according to the vote of the board of police, made at a special meeting of that body at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Inasmuch as Columbus day is a new legal holiday, there was a difference of opinion as to whether or not the saloons would be closed. The board of police in order to be on the safe side referred the matter to the city solicitor and asked his opinion.

The opinion of the city solicitor is as follows:

Board of Police, Lowell, Mass.
Gentlemen:—In reply to your communication regarding the sale on Columbus day of intoxicating liquors by persons licensed to sell under a first class, or first and fourth class license as common victuallers and retail dealers, and by innholders, to persons other than bona fide guests, it is my opinion that while technically the board might be justified in allowing such sales, it would be better, under the circumstances, not to do so. The intention of the legislature to place Columbus day on a different footing in this respect from other holidays cannot be presumed.

Very truly yours,
William W. Luman,
City Solicitor.

The opinion was received by the board of police this morning and as a result of that opinion the board met in special session this afternoon, and voted to call the attention of the licensees to the act of the legislature and further ruled that Columbus day will be observed, similar to other legal holidays.

It was voted to send the following communication to the various liquor dealers in the city:

To the Holders of Licenses to Sell Intoxicating Liquors:
The attention of licensees is called to the following act of the legislature of 1910: approved April 29, 1910:

(Chap. 473.)
An Act to Provide That the Twelfth Day of October Shall Be a Legal Holiday and Shall be Called Columbus Day.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:
Section 1. To commemorate the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus the twelfth day of October shall hereafter be a legal holiday and shall be known as Columbus day.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. (Approved April 29, 1910.)

The board rules that Columbus day, Oct. 12th, is a legal holiday in all respects similar to legal holidays previously enumerated by section 4, chapter 8, of the Revised Laws, that all restrictions of the sale of liquor on legal holidays apply equally to Columbus day, Oct. 12th, and must be strictly observed.

Very truly yours,
William W. Luman,
City Solicitor.

The opinion was received by the board of police this morning and as a result of that opinion the board met in special session this afternoon, and voted to call the attention of the licensees to the act of the legislature and further ruled that Columbus day will be observed, similar to other legal holidays.

It was voted to send the following communication to the various liquor dealers in the city:

To the Holders of Licenses to Sell Intoxicating Liquors:
The attention of licensees is called to the following act of the legislature of 1910: approved April 29, 1910:

(Chap. 473.)
An Act to Provide That the Twelfth Day of October Shall Be a Legal Holiday and Shall be Called Columbus Day.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:
Section 1. To commemorate the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus the twelfth day of October shall hereafter be a legal holiday and shall be known as Columbus day.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. (Approved April 29, 1910.)

The board rules that Columbus day, Oct. 12th, is a legal holiday in all respects similar to legal holidays previously enumerated by section 4, chapter 8, of the Revised Laws, that all restrictions of the sale of liquor on legal holidays apply equally to Columbus day, Oct. 12th, and must be strictly observed.

Very truly yours,
William W. Luman,
City Solicitor.

The opinion was received by the board of police this morning and as a result of that opinion the board met in special session this afternoon, and voted to call the attention of the licensees to the act of the legislature and further ruled that Columbus day will be observed, similar to other legal holidays.

It was voted to send the following communication to the various liquor dealers in the city:

To the Holders of Licenses to Sell Intoxicating Liquors:
The attention of licensees is called to the following act of the legislature of 1910: approved April 29, 1910:

(Chap. 473.)
An Act to Provide That the Twelfth Day of October Shall Be a Legal Holiday and Shall be Called Columbus Day.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:
Section 1. To commemorate the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus the twelfth day of October shall hereafter be a legal holiday and shall be known as Columbus day.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. (Approved April 29, 1910.)

The board rules that Columbus day, Oct. 12th, is a legal holiday in all respects similar to legal holidays previously enumerated by section 4, chapter 8, of the Revised Laws, that all restrictions of the sale of liquor on legal holidays apply equally to Columbus day, Oct. 12th, and must be strictly observed.

Very truly yours,
William W. Luman,
City Solicitor.

The opinion was received by the board of police this morning and as a result of that opinion the board met in special session this afternoon, and voted to call the attention of the licensees to the act of the legislature and further ruled that Columbus day will be observed, similar to other legal holidays.

It was voted to send the following communication to the various liquor dealers in the city:

FOOTBALL GAMES

Harvard Tackles Williams College Today

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 8.—Presenting the lineup that will oppose Yale, probably, Harvard met in the stadium today Williams college, whose team was the only one to cross the Crimson goal line before the big game with Yale last year. A close contest was expected today with a good tryout for the new rules.

The Williams team as it lines up today includes six veterans of the team which set quaking the hearts of the Crimson supporters by scoring within five minutes of play. The weather today was brisk and snappy, ideal for football, and the wind was moderate from the southwest.

YALE VS. HOLY CROSS

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 8.—Yale meets Holy Cross on the gridiron here today. The strength of the visitors is an unknown quantity, but it is expected that the Blue eleven will have to extend itself to win. Last year with an exceptionally strong team Yale was able to score but 12 points. In the game with Yale, Wednesday, Yale showed up poorly and a hurry call for graduate coaches was sent out. An improvement along all lines is hoped for in today's game, especially in the catching of punts.

The lineup:

Yale
Coates, le
Pant, R
Fuller, le
Morris, c
Lore, rg
Chiles, rt
Reilly, rb
Corey, qb
Deming, lb
Daly, Kistler, rbs
Phillips, fb

U. OF P. VS. WEST VIRGINIA

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 8.—New football will have its first test on a slippery field today when the University of Pennsylvania lines up against the University of West Virginia. Pennsylvania expects a hard game. Danny Hutchinson, the star backfield, has been declared ineligible to play because of conditions in his studies. His loss is a blow to the eleven.

BROWN VS. COLGATE

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 8.—Doubtful about the outcome of today's football, Brown faced Colgate on Andrews field with more than half of its first string players on the side lines. The injuries sustained by Bartlett, Brown's freeman tackle, in the Rhode Island game, necessitated his being kept out of the game for a week or more and has resulted in the changing of Brown's line from tackle to tackle. A substitute back line will also be used. The New York men are said to have stronger lineup than the one last year which Brown defeated 14-0.

HARD GAMES EXPECTED

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Real football in something approximating real football was the prospect for today on college grounds. For the first time some of the big eleven meet worthy foes and find themselves put to a genuine test of their strength. Yale anticipates a hard game with Holy Cross at New Haven and Harvard in not counting on an easy victory from Williams at Cambridge. Princeton too has a supposedly strong opponent in New York university. Princeton and Cornell expects a hard game with Oberlin at Ithaca. Pennsylvania tackles West Virginia at Philadelphia.

Considerable interest attaches to the game at West Point where the deferred opening of the army's season takes place with Tufts as the opposing eleven. West Point is to play Yale a week from today. The navy meets Rutgers at Annapolis. Other games on the day's schedule are between Bucknell and Carlisle at Wilkes-Barre and Brown and Colgate at Providence.

WESTERN TEAMS PLAYING

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Conference football will monopolize the gridiron spotlight in the middle west today. Every "big eight" team will be in action for the first time this year. The Chicago-Indiana game at Marshall field will be the most important contest in the opening of the western season.

FAST GAME EXPECTED

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 8.—Fast football was looked for today when Dartmouth and Colby met for their annual gridiron clash. The visitors were far lighter than the Hanoverians and it was thought that the men from Maine would test the strategic possibilities of the new rules to the limit. The teams were expected to line up as follows:

Colby
Mikles, le
Keppel, lb
Soule, lg
Hamilton, c
Rogers, rg
Beach, rt
Marvin, qb
Welch, qb
Bagnell, lb
Goode, rbs
Soule, fb

BOARD OF TRADE

TO MAP OUT COURSE OF WORK FOR THE YEAR

The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Lowell board of trade will be held Tuesday night at 8 o'clock at the headquarters in the Central block. The chairman of the various standing committees have been invited to attend. The principal business of the meeting will be to map out a course of work for the year.

The board has adopted a new envelope to be used in sending out communications. The envelope is of the regulation size and in the upper left hand corner of it is the inscription, "Lowell Board of Trade, Lowell, Mass." while on the reverse side are statistics relative to the city which will tend to attract people to come here.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to
Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arraigned in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment. Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and it is alleged, threatened to kill her. He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery. He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each count.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th, to which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near

the car barn of the Boston & North Street Railway company in First street, and upon learning that his wife had \$6 he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife. Mrs. Prescott has been taking out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife threw her out of the house. She returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

Believing that he might carry out his threat she fled to the house of a neighbor. She had not been there long before she heard the report of a rifle and peering through a window found her husband standing outside of her house with a gun in his hand and the panes of glass in the pantry window shattered.

She telephoned the police and two patrolmen were sent to the scene and they placed Prescott under arrest.

Mrs. Prescott informed the court that she had been married to her husband 21 years and that during that time he had drunk almost continually and despite her efforts to make him stop he refused to do so.

Prescott, when asked if he wanted to testify, said that he did not care to and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

SHEDD GATEWAY CITY HALL NEWS

Will Not Prevent Widening of Street

Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, in receipt of a communication from Ernest W. Bowditch, the engineer in charge of the erection of the gateway at the entrance to the Shedd playgrounds in Rogers street, that the plans provide for the widening of Rogers street in the vicinity of the playgrounds.

Recently banners were erected for the new gateway and people who were interested in the proposed widening of the street ten feet, wrote the board of trade asking if the engineers had provided for the anticipated widening.

Mr. Murphy communicated with Mr. Bowditch and the latter this morning sent a letter to the effect that he had taken that matter into consideration and that the public can rest assured that the gateway will not in the least interfere with the proposed widening. He also complimented the board of trade on its work and the interest taken in the matter of widening the street and said he would assist the work of the board in effecting the widening of Rogers street in any manner possible.

The Belvidere Land company has a very unique land sale advertisement in today's issue, and it should be carefully read by every one who is thinking of purchasing a building site.

GAS FIXTURES, LAMPS, DOMES

Welch Bros. 61-63 Middle Street

**Sew
Faster**

Faster sewing, less labor, shorter hours.

Time and strength saved for other purposes.

Apply an electric motor to your sewing machine.

Lowell Electric Light
80 Central Street

NEW MAIL TRAIN

Put on to Connect Lowell With
New York

As a result of the energetic efforts of the Lowell board of trade, a new train to New York is to run through Lowell, starting next Tuesday night. The train will run between Portland and New York, being express between this city and New York. By the placing of this train on the schedule it will remove an evil which the business men of this city have been trying to get rid of for years, that of securing an early delivery of the New York mail. The board has also succeeded in securing the transportation of express bundles on the new train. Few people, even the business men, who have been the most anxious to secure better service, realize the worth of this new train for mail and express facilities.

At the present time there is a Portland to New York train, which passes through this city, but that train was put on merely for the summer and it will be dropped next Tuesday. The train of this city that the board of trade decided that such a train should be permanent, but that a rearrangement of time was advisable and as a result of the efforts of the local board the new train will be put on permanently. It will pass through this city about 9:20 p. m. on its way to New York, while on the return trip it will reach Lowell at 5:20 a. m.

Another feature is the carrying of express bundles. For instance, if a person in Lowell wants a package in New York, all he has to do is to wire or telephone and he will find it either at his home or his place of business the first thing in the morning.

When the board learned that the railroad officials had decided to substitute a train for that run on summer schedule, Secretary John H. Murphy of the Lowell board of trade wrote to the postal authorities, asking them to place the mail on the new train. This morning Mr. Murphy received information to the effect that the wishes of the board would be carried out.

At the present time the New York mail does not arrive in Lowell until 8:30 in the morning, and by fast work and the addition of an extra carrier the business men are able to secure the New York mail by 9 o'clock. Many business men who are anxious to take a trip to Boston or some other city early in the morning are distressed of pursuing their mail before leaving the city, and much valuable time is wasted by them by waiting for the mail to arrive. With the New York train arriving in Lowell at 5:20 o'clock, however, the mail will be at their disposal probably long before they think of leaving their homes.

Another feature is the carrying of express bundles. For instance, if a person in Lowell wants a package in New York, all he has to do is to wire or telephone and he will find it either at his home or his place of business the first thing in the morning.

NEW QUARTERS WON A PRIZE

Secured by Board of Trade

The new quarters of the Lowell board of trade on the top floor of the Central block are now almost ready for occupancy. They will be inspected by the board of directors Tuesday night prior to the meeting.

For years the board has occupied a single office, the dimensions of which are rather small, on the top floor of the building and in case a hearing or overflow meeting was held it was necessary to use the quarters of the Lowell Co-operative bank, which adjoined the office.

At a recent meeting of the board it was decided that while advocating the improving of the city, it would be in keeping for the board to also make an improvement with the result that new quarters were engaged.

The new quarters take up a portion of the space occupied by Vescoff, the photographer. That portion of the floor has been changed over into offices so that it conforms with the lower floors and the new rooms of the board will occupy nearly one-half of the space of the former photographers' rooms.

There are two rooms, one a very large one which is to be used as a meeting room, and the other a small one which is to be used as a private office. The interior of the rooms are to be decorated in an artistic manner while the floors are to be covered with linoleum.

Y. M. C. I. OUTING

WILL BE HELD AT BEAVER BROOK TOMORROW

The annual day in the country of the Y. M. C. I. will be held at "Rockley" Snodgrass Beaver Brook tomorrow and the committee in charge has arranged a most attractive program which will include a clam bake.

CONG. WEEKS NOMINATED

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Congressman Weeks of Newton was nominated for a fourth term by the republicans of the 12th Massachusetts district today.

CHELMSFORD

A successful and enjoyable food sale was held in the town hall at Chelmsford yesterday by the members of the entertainment committee of the annual fair of the Congregational society. Within half an hour after opening, everything was disposed of and there were many calls for more. Those in charge were Mrs. Eben T. Adams, chairman, assisted by Mrs. O. J. Chapman and Miss Lillian Kilbourne.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Charles Robbins of Cambridge and Miss Evangeline Hurlburt of this city were united in marriage Thursday afternoon at St. Peter's parsonage by Rev. Fr. Burns. The bride was attended by Miss Kittle Gale and Mr. Carroll Kennedy was best man. After the ceremony the bridal party rode in an automobile to Nashua where a wedding reception was held. During the reception a concert program was given by the Cadel orchestra of Nashua. Mr. and Mrs. Robbins were the recipients of a number of wedding gifts. They will reside in Cambridge.

SPECIAL NOTICE

All members of the Celtic Association are requested to report at their hall, Sunday, Oct. 9th, at 10 o'clock to attend the funeral of their late brother, Patrick J. Furey. Signed, Secretary.

Buller Vets Got \$20 at Brockton Fair

While it wasn't generally announced in the press dispatches, the Buller Vets got a piece of the money at the Brockton fair yesterday, capturing the last prize, \$20.

The money was carefully carried home by Frank Mallory of North Chelmsford and turned over to Treasurer Peter A. Mackenzie.

The members feel well satisfied that they got anything under the circumstances, for when they started their machine they found it impossible to pump any water and it took them most of the time allotted to them to get it in working order.

AT ST. PETER'S

Holy Name Society to Receive Communion

Following out a time honored custom the Holy Name society of St. Peter's church will receive holy communion tomorrow at that church, it being the regular quarterly appearance of the organization. After a brief respite from the activities of society work during the summer months, the members feel prepared to enter upon the fall and winter season with renewed efforts for the promotion of the laudable objects of the society. Hence it is that at tomorrow's service the attendance of every member enrolled in the great organization is expected.

The members will assemble at 7:50 o'clock in the fair hall and under the direction of Marshal Wm. J. Gargan will proceed to the church where seats will be reserved at the 9 o'clock mass. The Holy Name choir, under the direction of Mr. James E. Donnelly, will render a special musical program. After mass the members will repair to Lincoln hall, where breakfast will be served under the direction of Mrs. Katherine McQuade, assisted by a corps of young ladies of the parish. Following breakfast the entertainment program will be presented with Pres. Richard Lyons in the chair. Remarks will be made by Rev. Dr. Keleher and Rev. John F. Burns, after which the following well known talent will entertain: Piano solos by Miss Marietta G. Gormley and George Tierney; solos by Miss Gertrude E. Keleher, Mrs. Fred Leach, Messrs. James H. Gannon, Joseph Mahan and James Lyons; clarinet duet by Messrs. John Fairbrother and John McCann; readings by James B. Coughlin, Wm. McQuade and Maurice O'Donnell; duet by Messrs. Robert Lindsay and Andrew Doyle; recitations by John Payne. The committee in charge of tomorrow's event has labored hard for its success and the indications point to the biggest attendance in the history of the society.

ODD FELLOWS CELEBRATE

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 8.—Several hundred Odd Fellows from all parts of the state gathered in this city today to attend the centennial anniversary of the organization of Manchester Unity, I. O. O. F. The celebration began late in the afternoon with a street parade through the principal streets of the city. Tonight a banquet at which Gov. Fother, Lieut. Governor Zions Bliss and Mayor Fletcher are scheduled to deliver speeches will be held in infantry hall.

Announcement

ABEL R. CAMPBELL, the real estate man at 417 Middlesex street, corner Thorne, who has been unable to be at his office for the past ten weeks on account of illness will be found there daily from this date.

Bright, Sears & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS
Wyman's Exchange
SECOND FLOOR

Political

Printing, good work and low prices.
Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

FIGHT IS IMMINENT

The Dietz Outlaw Truce Will Expire Today

WINTER, Wis., Oct. 8.—The truce declared early yesterday between John Dietz, the Cameron dam outlaw, and the sharpshooters who surround his cabin, ended yesterday afternoon and a battle will follow the first appearance of the man.

The truce was made to enable Atty. Gen. Gilbert and C. I. Munson to hold another conference with Dietz to induce him to surrender. Dietz refused the terms of surrender offered him, and Sheriff Madden at once ordered Capt. Thorburn, commanding the 60 sharpshooters to "do your duty."

Within 15 minutes from the final rejection of surrender offers, Dietz was barricaded behind logs two feet thick and the men who had been picketing the woods about his house for a week were ordered to close in.

Dietz's refusal came after a long conference with Atty. Gen. Gilbert and Col. Munson, secretary to the governor, who offered the outlaw's family immunity and agreed that Dietz should have a fair trial. Dietz held out for the dismissal of all the indictments against him except the one charging him with assault with intent to kill Horel.

Pointing at the U. S. flag waving above the cabin Dietz said: "I'm going to stay right here after that is shot to rags. Shoot when you are ready."

"This is my home. I will die right here, where I have lived and where we have all resisted repeated attempts at assassination. There floats the flag. I will die beneath it fighting for my rights like a good American."

"I never have harmed a man in my life, nor have I ever violated a law. I have defended myself and my family only."

"I will make my life cost them dearly. I am here to sell it and am

ready for the transaction. Let them begin shooting."

When he fought the Weyerhaeuser timber interests and the lumber company's millions and won he did not realize that the battle of one lone homesteader against the great corporation obtained him public sympathy which meant victory in the end. He thought it was his rifle that won the victory and did not think that when he shot a man in cold blood in an election day fight he would alienate the friends he had won in his struggle against the Weyerhaeusers.

Today the men who supported him in that contest are the men who are waiting for a glimpse of Dietz to give them a chance to put a rifle bullet home.

Dietz has prepared for a siege. His house has provisions for the entire family until spring. A pile of wood will keep the cabin warm until the winter is gone.

Sheriff Madden first tried to serve his warrant peacefully, but was told to keep away if he wished to escape death when he visited Dietz. The sheriff went unarmed to the Dietz homestead and tried to have Dietz submit to arrest and trial quietly. Dietz made Madden stand with his hands above his head while the two exchanged their ultimatums.

The fight in which the deputies shot and probably fatally wounded Myra Dietz, the 23-year-old daughter; slightly wounded Clarence Dietz, the older brother, and slightly wounded Leslie, the 20-year-old brother, ended the first chapter of the story.

The story starts back in 1905, when the Weyerhaeuser interests were cutting the last of the pine from the vicinity of Winter. There was only the hemlock wilderness, through which the Thorburn river flows and upon whose banks Dietz's homestead is placed.

Dietz claimed that his title to the land gave him the right to assess a small tax on the lumber company for every log sent through the Cameron dam, on the Dietz place. The company appealed to the state courts to force Dietz to let 5,000,000 feet of pine piled above the dam be sent through and when Dietz defied the state courts the federal authorities were appealed to. Dietz threw the U. S. marshal out of the window of his house, and later shot one of the deputy U. S. marshals sent to arrest him. Dietz sent word that if this officer came again he would not miss a vital shot again.

Dietz claimed that the courts could not give him justice because the wealth of the corporation would fight the case in the higher courts until Dietz could fight no longer and so he decided to pin his faith to his rifle. This attitude won him such powerful support that the lumber company dropped its fight.

But when on Sept. 6 Dietz had an election fight and shot Bert Horel, a former friend, the settlers in the northern woods turned against Dietz.

The first bloodshed in the fight against Dietz was Saturday, when

Dietz had planned to visit Winter to get his mail. Although the sheriff had warrants for him and his son, Clarence, the two had twice visited the village, walking back to back with rifles cocked. The officers could not get the drop on the two men.

The plan of Sheriff Madden was to have his deputies scattered along the road and then capture Dietz. They were to shoot to kill if he did not hold up his hands. Dietz, instead of leaving home himself, sent his sons Clarence and Leslie and their sister to act as a safeguard, believing that the officers would not shoot with a woman near.

The officers, however, knew that Myra, the daughter, could use a rifle as well as any man in the country. When the officers ordered the Dietz boys to throw up their hands, they say, the Dietz sons refused, and started to get their rifles. Then the officers fired.

Sheriff Madden says: "We could have killed all three, but Leslie was allowed to escape. Clarence was shot through the arm and the girl through the body. After the shooting we hurried to town to get medical care for the two who had been wounded."

Sheriff Madden has been criticised for a lack of care for the wounded girl. He says she is herself as much a fighter as her brothers, and that if she had not been shot she would have shot the officers. She was sent to Ashland for hospital attention, without a nurse, except a woman who occasionally does such work in Winter, and was sent under close police guard.

Dietz has declared that he will slip through the cordon of deputies about his house, reach Winter and free his son Clarence from jail. Winter, however, is under martial law, enforced by 35 deputies, who have established a dead line. The sheriff made an effort to censor the newspaper telegrams, but the local operator said he was under instructions from his superiors that a sheriff could not force him to refuse business, and so the newspaper men, after a single day in which they could not send a word to their papers, are able to do their work.

GIRLS INJURED

HORSE WAS SCARED BY AN AUTOMOBILE

FAIRHAVEN, Vt., Oct. 8.—Lucy and Mabel Bartholomew, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Willis Bartholomew of New Hampton, N. Y., were seriously injured yesterday afternoon when a horse they were driving ran away after being frightened by an automobile.

The girls were on their way home from school. The machine passed them at a rapid rate near the Frank Norton house on West street. The horse ran to the state line bridge, where the girls were pitched out.

One of them was badly shaken up and bruised, and the other was thrown against the corner of the bridge, cutting open her head so that 12 stitches were necessary to close the wound. It is expected that both will recover.

The machine was going so rapidly that nobody saw the number, but the police are seeking the chauffeur.

RATS AND PUFFS THE STYLE

Women who cover their heads with masses of false hair will in time have diseased scalps. Rats and puffs are denounced by doctors as unhygienic, dust and germ-catchers. They exclude the air from the scalp, and the pressure on the delicate network of veins soon results in the loss of hair. A good thing to shampoo the head with is a neutral soap, combined with Glycerin, White of Eggs, Coconut Oil and Salicylic Acid. These are the ingredients Birt's Head Wash is made of. It removes every trace of dandruff and scales from the scalp and leaves the hair soft and glossy. 25c and 50c at drug and department stores.



A Wonderful Oven

they all say.

Glenwood Range

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Ask the Woman who uses one

M. F. Gookin Co., Lowell

Ask the Woman who uses one

KING MANUEL AND RELATIVES SEEK REFUGE AT GIBRALTAR



LONDON, Oct. 8.—Under the sanctuary of the British flag the Portuguese royal yacht *Anadie* is anchored here, having on board King Manuel of Portugal, the queen mother, Maria Pia, the dowager queen, Maria Pia, and the Duke of Oporto. How long the royal exile will remain here is unknown, but there are reports to the effect that as soon as the loyal soldiers about Lisbon can arrange some semblance of organization King Manuel will take the field in person to lead his army against the

republicans who have sought to overthrow his kingdom. Official advices state that the republic has been proclaimed at Oporto, Selva, Braga, Coimbra, Estremoz, Evora and Portalegre, Portugal. There are conflicting reports as to the state of affairs in Oporto. The most credible have it that nothing more serious happened there than a fight between a great crowd of republicans and a force of police. One of the ministers of the provisional government is touring the country urging the people to remain peaceful.

ARREST PETERS

He is Charged With Operating Still

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 8.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Fred Stevens of Portland and special U. S. Revenue Agents Augustus H. Swift and G. P. Turner arrived here last night, having in custody William R. Peters, who will be given a hearing today before U. S. Commissioner Hamlin. Peters is charged with operating a still for the illegal manufacture of liquors on July 1 last.

He was arrested at his camp in the deep woods about 2 1/2 miles north of Sebomack, at the head of Moosehead lake. To reach his place was a five-hour journey for the officers, who had to walk much of the way through wood

roads and follow blazed trails obstructed by trees blown down by the big gale of Saturday. The trip from Portland and back to Bangor took four days.

Peters, who is about 40 years old, lived in a camp in the wilderness, where he has cleared a small farm and makes his living by selling vegetables to lumber camps and by hunting and trapping. He made no resistance to arrest. He protested that he had never made any liquor and did not know how.

The revenue officers said last night that they knew nothing about him more than contained in the warrant for his arrest, which was given them to serve and that they made no search of the premises. They said that summaries had been issued for a number of witnesses, guides, fire and game wardens and lumbermen, but that the only one of these found thus far is one witness who was brought to Bangor yesterday. "Moonshine" whiskey has not been uncommon in the woods for the past seven or eight years. It is said to be made from oats, sugar, prunes, raisins and other materials from logging camp supplies. Peters is the first to be arrested in this section upon the charge of operating a still. It is understood the case was worked up by special U. S. officers.

LOST MINE

WORKED BY SPANIARDS YEARS AGO IS FOUND

HERNANDEZ, Ariz., Oct. 8.—Mexican officials in Cananea announced the rediscovery of the old Santa Fe-Teresa gold mine, one of the few really "lost" mines of the southwest, which was known to have been worked by the Spaniards more than a century ago, and which has been lost since 1810.

The main shaft is well preserved, but the timbers have been removed and the earth has caved in. Two skeletons were found in the bottom of the shaft. The Mexican government is now making arrangements to take charge of the mine.

SILVER WEDDING

Observed By Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thompson

A very happy event took place last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Thompson, 17 Ralph street, the occasion being the 25th anniversary of their marriage. The happy couple were presented a silver casket filled with silver coin, while Mr. Thompson's workmates in the machine shop of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, presented \$25 in silver. There were many other presents, all of silver.

The home was prettily decorated with laurel, evergreen and autumn foliage. The reception was from 7:30 to 8:30 and was followed by music and a general good time.

During the evening the Lyric Ladies' quartet, consisting of Miss Clifford, Miss Ella Thompson, Miss Bessie Watters and Mrs. Lillian Dodge Haskell, gave several selections. Miss Thompson gave several solos and Mrs. Haskell gave a brace of readings. Miss Viola Marshall was pianist.

Four generations were represented at the reception. Mrs. Lavinia Thompson, mother of Mr. Thompson, and Mrs. Mary Houston, mother of Mrs. Thompson, were present. Mrs. Gertrude Lord, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, and her daughter, Miss Florence Lord, made the four generations. Miss Ella Thompson, another daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, was also present.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson were united in marriage on the evening of October 7, 1885, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Houston, the bride's parents, in West Fourth street. Rev. Robert Court, D. D., at that time pastor of the First Presbyterian church, was the officiating clergyman. Mr. Thompson was born in Lowell, while Mrs. Thompson, who was Miss Elizabeth Houston, was born in Scotland.

The best man of 25 years ago was James Houston, a brother of the bride. The bridesmaid was Mrs. Hattie Costello, a sister of Mr. Thompson. Both were present at the anniversary observance last night. Other friends and relatives were present from Old Mystic, Conn.; Haverhill, Mass.; Centerville, R. I.; North Chelmsford and Tyngsboro.

another daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, was also present.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson were united in marriage on the evening of October 7, 1885, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Houston, the bride's parents, in West Fourth street. Rev. Robert Court, D. D., at that time pastor of the First Presbyterian church, was the officiating clergyman. Mr. Thompson was born in Lowell, while Mrs. Thompson, who was Miss Elizabeth Houston, was born in Scotland.

The best man of 25 years ago was James Houston, a brother of the bride. The bridesmaid was Mrs. Hattie Costello, a sister of Mr. Thompson. Both were present at the anniversary observance last night. Other friends and relatives were present from Old Mystic, Conn.; Haverhill, Mass.; Centerville, R. I.; North Chelmsford and Tyngsboro.

MAN SEEKS WRIT

WANTS STATE OFFICER KEATING TO RELEASE HIM

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—A. Shirley Ladd of Haverhill brought a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the supreme court yesterday against Arthur E. Keating of the state police, with a view to have the latter release him from custody. Keating arrested Ladd on an extradition warrant for the authorities in Vermont, who want him for an alleged violation of a law in illegally soliciting risks and applications for fire insurance companies.

The petitioner claims the offence is not extraditable. Judge Bagg set the case down for hearing on Oct. 14 and admitted the petitioner to bail of \$1000.

TRUE'S ELIXIR

ESTABLISHED 1851.

Makes a sturdy boy of a healthy baby; helps the boy onward into athletic youth; builds strong, virile manhood on youthful vigor and crowns a long life with happy old age.

Why? Because it keeps bodily functions healthy and active. Take it for that foe of health—constipation. It relieves biliousness; restores lost appetite; strengthens a weak stomach; steadies tired nerves; gives a clear head and an optimistic outlook to anyone, and everyone, who takes it. It's been in use three generations and more people use it to-day than ever before — do you wonder?

Every ingredient in True's Elixir is selected for great medicinal value and absolute freedom from deleterious properties or impurities. The compounding is done with the strictest care.

"Keeps you and your children well!"

Sold by all druggists—35c.—50c.—\$1.00.

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Maine.

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store for Thrifty People

Fine Table Linens

TO BE SOLD AT

A THIRD BELOW REGULAR PRICE

About \$2500 worth of Damasks, Napkins, Pattern Cloths, Trays, Scarfs, etc. Our usual fall offering of Bleacher's Damages will go on sale.

Monday, Oct. 10th

LINEN DEPT

PALMER STREET

LEFT AISLE

Protect Yourself!

Get the Original and Genuine

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

The Food-drink for All Ages.

For Infants, Invalids, and Growing children. Pure Nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates the nursing mother and the aged. Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no substitute. Ask for HORLICK'S. In No Combine or Trust.

Bright, Clear and Clean

COAL

HORNE COAL CO.

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1928

SPEAKERS HEARD

On the Workingmen's Compensation Act

The state commission on compensation for workmen receiving injuries in employment gave a public hearing at city hall yesterday afternoon and evening.

This commission consists of James A. Lowell, chairman; Amos T. Sanborn, Magnus W. Alexander, Henry Howard, Joseph A. Parks, and Carroll W. Doten. Mr. Parks is a member of the legislature and a recognized expert on the subject of compensation. Mr. Doten acted in the capacity of chief investigator and the meeting was called to order shortly after three o'clock.

Mr. Doten presided and the meeting was called to order shortly after three o'clock. Agent Thomas of the Boot mills asked what the present law is. He was told that under the present law an employee can recover for injuries due to the carelessness of his employer or his agents, if he can prove that it was due to their carelessness and not to his own, but experience had gone to show that it was rather difficult to procure the necessary evidence.

Michael A. Lee of the organized carpenters of Lowell said he had seen great many accidents in his life and he had suffered a few himself. He said he thought there was great need of a law protecting the employee, and he was not sufficiently protected at the present time, he said.

Mr. Lee told the story of the accident at the Hatch building in Church street in 1907. The falling of a heavy beam resulted in the death of two men; one was killed instantly and the other died shortly after reaching the hospital. Another man sustained a broken leg. The relatives of the men who were killed or injured were not compensated. The claim was that the men themselves were to blame, but Mr. Lee said the men were handling stones with hands and ropes that should have been handled by aid of a derrick. Mr. Lee cited many other cases where injuries were sustained and no compensation received.

President Regan of the Trades and Labor Council said the laboring people

are anxious to have established a law that will properly protect the employee.

Mr. Regan, too, referred to the Church street job and how it was fought in the courts. He said that one of the men injured on the job would appear before the commission and tell how it happened.

In reply to a question by Commissioner Parks, Mr. Regan said he thought that if employers would show more sympathy for and more interest in their employees who meet with injuries, that a better feeling would exist between employer and employee.

Agent Thomas of the Boot mills said that there are 18,000 people employed in the mills of Lowell, and he was very few as compared to the number of employees. He spoke of the corporate hospital, which is supported chiefly by the corporations, and said that employees of the mills who receive injuries are cared for, there at a minimum cost. He said that textile machinery has been very much improved, and mill managements, he said, are very careful and solicitous as to the safety of their employees. He said that in the case of foreigners coming to work in the mills they are instructed and warned as to whatever dangers may surround them at their work.

Step. Kearns spoke of an incident he witnessed in the dyehouse of a mill in this city, when a man lost the sight of one eye. He said the accident was not due to the man's own carelessness, but he was not compensated for his injuries. He said he would favor any law that would mean better protection for the laboring man. He cited other instances of injuries to persons who were not responsible for the accidents but who were never compensated.

Joseph F. Convery said: "I believe that the work in which you men are now engaged is a move in the right direction."

Mr. Convery inquired of Agent Thomas if employees injured in the



WILLIAM N. OSGOOD

HARVEY B. GREENE
President Board of Trade

FRANK A. BOWEN

Boot mills are paid while they are out as the result of injuries received in the mills.

"Ordinarily, that is the custom," said Mr. Thomas.

Supt. W. A. Mitchell of the Massachusetts mills gave as his opinion that 90 per cent. of the accidents occurring in the Massachusetts mills did not confine to the house or to the hospital for more than two weeks the injured one. In reply to a question by the chairman relative to the average wage in the Massachusetts mills, Mr. Mitchell said he thought it was about \$8.47 a week, not including overwork.

Mr. A. Bowen, superintendent of the Appleton mills, said that a large percentage of accidents in mills were sustained by inexperienced hands, rather than by green hands as is generally believed. He said that the experienced hand grows careless and takes too many chances. He said that operations would clean their machines while in motion though it is directly against both verbal and printed orders. He told of a man who lost a hand while cleaning a machine in motion. "He lost a hand purely through carelessness," said Mr. Bowen, "and why should his employers have to pay for his carelessness?"

Mr. Bowen said he was disposed to be fair with everybody and he sincerely hoped that the commission would be successful in framing a law that would give both sides to the controversy a square deal.

Lawrence Cummings told of a couple of instances that came under his observation while a member of the Lowell board of charities. The instances did not relate to any corporation and he related them simply for the benefit of the commission. The cases had to do with men who were so injured as to destroy their earning capacity. They were never compensated for their injuries and, having settlement in Lowell Evening Session.

The commission gave two hearings, the second hearing beginning at 7 o'clock p.m. There were eight men present at the afternoon hearing and about three times that number in the evening.

William N. Osgood was the first speaker at the evening meeting. Mr. Osgood said it had been found necessary to make these compensation acts in other countries and he believed they were necessary in any country and he said the way was open for Massachusetts to lead as there is no Workingmen's Compensation Act in the United States.

Speaking of the Employers' Liability Insurance companies, Mr. Osgood said: These companies were originally incorporated to do a strictly insurance business—that is, to guarantee the employers against the payment of losses to injured employees. We need the insurance laws in vain to find any other powers granted to them. What, as a matter of fact, have they been doing? They have made contracts or policies

with employers in which they agree as soon as the employer reports any accident to them to go at once to the scene of the accident, take the names and statements of all the witnesses—secure the best medical experts, retain able lawyers and generally get ready to go into court and give battle to the injured employee, who may be hurried away in an ambulance to a distant hospital to undergo treatment, little dreaming of his legal rights and the busy agents of the insurance companies behind digging up and flogging down points to be used against him in some future trial. More than this, the companies agree to go into the courts themselves and furnish lawyers to try the cases if they can not be settled out of court, and in any event to save the employer harmless.

According to excellent authority during the past dozen years the employer liability insurance companies in the United States alone have collected something like \$100,000,000 from employers and have used about 70 per cent. of this vast sum in expenses in maintaining their business, paying their officers, doctors, claim agents, and other expenses incident to litigation and contingent purposes never dreamed of at the outset. The balance, a meager 30 per cent, has been paid to the injured employee, for whose special benefit the Employers' Liability Act was originally passed, but of this unfair division the employee must still pay many of his own expenses. It is not therefore, apparent that a great wrong is perpetrated upon the injured employee? Besides, so many defenses already exist that are taken advantage of by the insurance companies that the employee can recover in only ten per cent. of the cases which he is obliged to take into court.

On the whole, it is safe to say that under present conditions there is a small chance for the injured employee to recover anything, and if he is successful, it is only after perhaps years of fighting and delay and in recovering a totally inadequate sum from which he is obliged to pay large sums for the expenses of litigation.

You will readily recall similar cases which have occurred under your own observation.

I think I have said enough to show the injustice and waste of the present system of treating personal injury cases in employees.

What are the advantages of a workmen's compensation act? Most important of all the injured employee is sure of receiving a fair compensation if his injury lasts longer than a week and is not willfully and fraudulently caused. That is, the defenses of negligence either on his own part or that of his employer or of a fellow workman are entirely eliminated. Likewise questions of assuming the risk of employment.

The compensation is regulated according to the extent of injury. In the event of death an amount equal to three years' earnings, not less than one thousand or more than two thousand dollars for example, shall be paid to those dependent upon him. If there be dependents, an amount sufficient to meet the expenses of his funeral and last sickness. In case of total or partial incapacity, a weekly payment, not exceeding one-half his wages, to be continued not to exceed a certain long period, or not to exceed a certain considerable amount. Provision is also made for settling claims for lump sums after payments have extended beyond a certain period.

The experience in other countries has been that the parties usually settle the amount of compensation between them. If they do not a committee may be chosen by them to do this. If they cannot agree there is a way of appealing to a referee to be appointed by the court. The fees of court and attorneys are regulated by the act. Medical examiners are generally appointed to examine injured employees from time to time, so as to prevent fraud and imposition.

We must not lose sight of the very important effects of the Workingmen's Compensation Act in England upon the insurance companies. They have indeed been obliged, because of the new act, to redraft their plan of insurance.

Saved From the Grave
"I had about given up hope after nearly four years of suffering from severe lung trouble," writes Mrs. M. L. Clark of Clarksville, Tenn. "Often the pain in my chest would be almost unbearable and I could not get almost any sleep. But Dr. King's New Discovery has made me feel like a new person. It's the best medicine I ever took. It's a cough, cold, bronchitis and asthma, croup, whooping and influenza. Try it. See and 25¢. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed by A. W. Howe & Co."



Our Determination

To sell the best paint in the world—at the fairest price—to assure best results to our customers.

That paint we know is

Low Brothers
"High Standard" Paint
Let us show you—Color Cards are beautiful—They are free.

ERWIN E. SMITH CO.
23-25-27-29 MARKET ST.



SOCIAL TEN CIGAR

is a leader and is so acknowledged by all smokers

R. H. HARKINS, Manufacturer
912 Gorham Street
LOWELL, MASS.

They insure employees under the new arrangement, but pursue an entirely opposite policy to that pursued by the employers' liability insurance companies in this country. They had, at the time of the act, to go to court to get the interpretation of certain doubtful phrases of the act, and would have to be done anywhere. Now, I am informed, they seldom resort to court except to contest fraudulent cases or to get the ruling of the court as to the distribution of allowances to dependents in some doubtful and novel cases not covered by the act. This is inevitable, and it does not in a spirit of contest, but to receive instructions of the court and proceed safely. It is certain that the companies and the employers do not rush into court and try to wear out the employees.

Mr. Bowen informed that the insurance companies in England are anxious not to get a reputation for contesting cases in court; that the five insurance companies they find that such a course injures their business. Note well this great difference between these companies in England and our companies under the antiquated Employers' Liability Act.

No wonder, then, that great interest is now being manifested for the early enactment in Massachusetts of a workmen's compensation act. The subject has become one of great public importance. The taxpayer is deeply interested. The unnecessary expense of maintaining many jury trials of personal injuries to employees should be saved. We must also remember that serious injuries which they can recover nothing for, which they can recover by others in any way from the justice, may become public charges and so add to the public burden.

The public has to bear the burden now in supplying courts to private corporations with which to exploit the public for the money gained. As long as the public has to foot the bills, it is long, into the pockets of those for whom it was intended, the injured employees.

Another important point which I do not want to overlook is the great saving in expense of insurance companies under workmen's compensation acts. We noticed that in this country the employers' liability insurance companies consumed 70 per cent. in expenses and paid the injured employees only the balance of 30 per cent. It is estimated by competent authority that the companies under the compensation acts abroad consume only 10 per cent. in expenses and pay the injured employee 90 per cent. This alone proves the vast superiority of the new law over the old. The money goes where it should go and not into channels to defeat justice and the very objects for which the law was enacted.

This subject is important not only to employers and injured employees, but also to the public. The great expense and oftentimes great waste incurred by unnecessary litigation under the present regime must be borne by some one. In justice ought to be borne by those who are in justice ought to be borne by the fair proportion of it, viz: the injured employees. The bill must be paid by some one, and is ultimately paid by the taxpayers. The attendant expenses of insurance and so forth are added paid in the first instance by the employers, but the maintenance of courts, officials and all the paraphernalia incident to litigation, which is too often needless, must be provided for out of the public treasury. As some eminent authority has observed, it would be well for employers to charge the slight increase of compensation to the cost of production. The consumers could not complain, because they have to pay the cost now in increased taxes.

Harvey B. Greene, representing the executive committee of the Lowell board of trade, said:

"I have long felt that some such method as you gentlemen have in mind is very necessary in order that conditions should be properly met.

The corporations are large and are getting larger and the employees are getting farther away from the paternal care of the corporations.

"I think it is very necessary that we should keep our laws up to date. Accidents have increased and are increasing, and as the danger has increased and the process of manufacture has changed, we need laws to deal with new conditions and new things.

"It is not a matter of charity but a matter of right that these best able to stand the loss should be made to stand it; the load should not fall entirely upon the shoulders of those least able to bear it. The hard-working breadwinner or those dependent upon him."

GENERAL ECKERT

Famous Telegrapher is Seriously Ill

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Oct. 8.—Gen. Thomas Thompson Eckert, for several years president of the Western Union Telegraph company, is seriously ill at his home in Ocean avenue. He has been in failing health for some time and for the last few weeks has been unable to leave his room. General Eckert was born at St. Clairsville, O., in 1824, and at an early age took up



telegraphy. At the outbreak of the Civil war he had charge of the military telegraph of the Army of the Potomac and eventually became head of the entire military system. In 1893 he was made president and general manager of the Western Union and retained that place until 1902, when he retired and was succeeded by Col. Robert C. Clowry of Chicago.

CHICAGO WON
TOKIO, Oct. 8.—The university of Chicago baseball team, which is touring this country, met the Waseda university nine today and defeated them a second time. The score: Chicago.....5 3 2 Waseda.....0 2 2

The Merrimack Clothing Company is offering the best suit in New England today at

\$15.00

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS
of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern machinery and every labor saving device.

GUMB BROS.,
Cor. Gorham and Anderson Sts.
Near Edison Cemetery
Telephone 1617.

Pekin Restaurant
CHINESE AND AMERICAN CUISINE
The most beautiful eating place in the city, typically Chinese. Our mode of preparing and serving food cannot be improved upon. Give us a trial. Prompt service. Open daily from 11.30 a. m. to 2.30 a. m. Sunday from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m. Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass. Tel. 1565.

Chin Lee & Co.
Chinese and American Restaurant
Private rooms reserved for ladies or private parties. This restaurant open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m., including Sundays. 117 Merrimack St., near John St. Telephone 1322.

Dwyer & Co.
PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS
Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 41 Anderson street.

BUNTING'S BANQUET

AND PRIZE AWARDS TO BE HELD NEXT SATURDAY

The 17th annual banquet of the United States Bunting Cricket and Athletic association will be held at the headquarters in South Lowell next Saturday night at 7 o'clock. The prizes for the cricket players and given by the club will be presented by Mayor John F. Meehan. The winners are: for best batting average, 1st, Albert Briggs, 2nd, J. Marsh; bowling prizes, 1st, Theron Strika, 2nd, Huga Rudden; fielding prize is tied by three players and will be divided between Theron Strika, William Scholes and J. Marsh. Members and friends desiring tickets for banquet can get them at the club house no later than next Wednesday night, Oct. 12. In addition to the club prizes President Sam Dean will give special prizes to the above winners. He has also given every member of the cricket team, umpire and scorer, a complimentary ticket to the banquet for winning the championship of the Merrimack Valley Cricket league.

From the Tiniest Slip to the Big Rubber Plant We Can Supply a Suitable
Flower Pot
SIZES 3 INCHES to 18 INCHES with Saucers
Fern Pots
Bulb Pots
Hanging Flower Pots With Chains.
BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central Street.

DANDELION

TABLETS AND PILLS
A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

For thousands who have used them, Dandelion cure for Rheumatism, Constipation and Foul Breath. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system without griping. Guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to CHAPMAN & CO., 54 Franklin street, New York. 35 cents a box at

HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers
Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND SCOTLAND

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND NORTH OF IRELAND
Only Direct Service from Galway. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second Cabin, Glasgow, Derby or Galway, \$12.00 upwards; third class, \$2.00. Glasgow, Derby, Belfast and Liverpool. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children 1-12 years, half adult rate. H. & A. ALLAN, 110 State St., Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St.
FREDERIC B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.

Bay State Dye Works

There is such a thing as dyeing, and also such a thing as staining. When a person tells you that one dye house is just as good as another, that is lying. There is just as much difference in work done at one dye house as there is in the work done at another. When you have your work done here you can feel sure that you have gone to the best place and will get the best results. That is the truth and we will prove it. If you only give us a trial order. Bring in your winter wearing apparel and you will get it when you need it at Lowell's Leading Dye Works.

54 Prescott St. D. J. Leary, Prop.

DRAWING INSTRUMENTS

FOR TEXTILE AND DRAWING SCHOOL

W. T. S. Bartlett
Up-Town Hardware Store
653-659 MERRIMACK ST.

Goodwin The Screen Man

To earn a dollar by hard work and try to save any part of it is a hard thing to do, but you can save a ton of coal in a winter by having the Goodwin Weather Strips put on your back door or front door, or better still, you can save at least \$7 or \$8 in a winter and always have a warmer and more comfortable house. Ask your neighbor what he thinks of them for economy. Order now and you will be all ready for cold weather.

J. B. GOODWIN
11 THORNHURST STREET

REDUCED PRICES

FOR TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES

DEVINE'S
Factory and Salesroom, 124 Merrimack Street.
REPAIRING, ETC. TEL. 8180

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF
Household Furnishings
AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN
LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED
Crescent Range
PETER DAVEY, 184 Market Street
Telephone Connection 79-2
Furniture Dealer Undertaker
Funeral Director

Carroll Bros.
PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS
36 Middle Street Telephone 1650

All summer we have been preparing to give you the best of fuel for this winter's use. We submit the following varieties of coal for your inspection:
Lackawanna Old Comp'y Lehigh
Wilkesbarre Jeddo Lehigh
Reading White Ash Franklin
Shamokin Cannel
All Sizes and You Get What You Buy
NEW RIVER STEAM FOR STEAM
GEORGE'S CUMB. CREEK FOR SMITHING
BURN
Wilson's Coal
Three Offices, Five Telephones for Your Convenience.
4 Merrimack Square 700 Broadway 15 Tanner Street

6 O'CLOCK

MAN WAS FINED \$50

Because He Failed to Provide for New Regime in Portugal to Drive Out Religious Orders

His Wife

Nicola Paichramis, when arraigned before Judge Hadley in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his wife, because his father-in-law did not give him a dowry of \$600 which he promised and that all his wife ever did for him was to give him \$50 and the money which she had earned for four weeks.

It is a fact that in some of the foreign countries a dowry, instead of being one of the principal factors in the arrangement for a marriage, but inasmuch as these laws are not effective in this country Judge Hadley found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$50, the money to be paid to the wife of the defendant.

Nicola appeared before the court several months ago on a similar complaint and on agreeing to do better in the future and provide for his wife

he was placed in the custody of the probation officer, Nicola, however, must have had a poor memory for after being placed on probation he left the city and traveled from place to place until recently when he returned to Lowell and was immediately placed under arrest.

When questioned as to why he did not care for his wife, he said that he married the woman on condition that her father give him \$600 as a dowry. The marriage took place and for four weeks his wife turned her pay over to him. Then she stopped paying and after having a consultation with his father-in-law, he decided that he would leave his wife. He did so and she returned to her father and then proceeded against the husband with the result that he was arrested on a complaint of non-support, placed on probation, then ran away and was arrested yesterday.

FOR SPITTING ON FLOOR

Man Was Ordered to Pay a Fine of \$6

To disturb the performance at a theatre or to expectorate on the floor of a theatre are rather serious offenses according to Judge Hadley and this morning when two young men were brought before the court each charged with one of the offenses, he imposed fines.

Thomas Cleary was charged with spitting on the floor of a theatre and although he entered a plea of guilty he said that he was a stranger in this city and was ignorant of the law. Patrolman Huse who made the arrest stated that he had cautioned the occupants of the gallery of the theatre about expectorating and that there was a notice relative to the prohibition of spitting within plain view of the defendant.

Judge Hadley stated that while the law provided that a fine of \$20 could be imposed, inasmuch as this was the first offense of this kind that had ever been brought to the attention of the court he would impose a fine of \$6.

Disturbed the Audience

Valere Lecomte was charged with interrupting and disturbing an assembly of people. In other words, he disturbed the audience at a performance at one of the local theatres yesterday afternoon. When an act was played on the stage Lecomte did not find it to his liking and instead of remaining quiet or leaving the theatre, he shouted at the top of his voice, "Oh, you're rotten; take a snuff!"

Patrolman Joseph Clark, who was in the gallery of the theatre at the time, rushed downstairs and did not have any difficulty in locating the offender, for the latter was in a heated argument with several people in the immediate vicinity.

Lecomte was placed under arrest and sent to the police station. In court this morning the defendant had no defence to offer and a fine of \$15 was imposed.

GUNBOAT ORDERED TO HONDURAS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Following an appeal from the Honduras government to the state department the United States has ordered the gunboat Princeton, now at Acapulco, Mexico, to proceed to Amalpalu, Honduras.

MANY LIVES WERE LOST

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 8.—The towns of Beaudette and Spooner, Minn., have been wiped out by fire. Many lives have been reported lost and millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed by forest fires which bore down on the towns from the northwest.

Refugees coming into Rainy River, Ontario, state that corpses are lying along the railroad track.

TYPHOID EPIDEMIC ABOUT ENDED

The epidemic of typhoid fever in Lowell appears to be at an end, though the health department is still busy in its efforts to stamp out the causes that lead to the existence of the disease. In the week closing today only two new cases were reported. Last week the record showed 11, the week previous 14 and the week before that 41 cases. There are few other contagious diseases in Lowell at the present time. The city dispensary reports a normal business.



Spectacles and Eye Glasses at Half Price. Eyes Examined Free. Glasses From \$1 Up

Broken Lenses Replaced.....40c
Gold Filled Riding Bow Glasses.....\$2.00
Shur-ons, low as.....\$2.50
Aluminum Frames.....\$1.00

J. W. GRADY Eyesight Specialist

ROOMS 415, 416, 417, 420 WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BLDG.
Office Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m. 2 to 5, 7 to 8 p. m. Open Sundays from 2 to 5 p. m. Office closed Wednesdays and holidays. Appointments made by telephone. Tel. 1644.

RADICAL ACTION

Nominated For County Commissioner Yesterday

William J. McCluskey called the democratic county convention to order in democratic city committee headquarters yesterday and on motion of Robert E. Crowley the same officers who presided at the district attorney convention officiated. A committee of five on credentials was appointed on



JAMES T. O'HEARN
Nominated for County Commissioner

motion and they reported in due time. Mr. Cummings protested against the failure to send out credentials and Mr. Gallagher said that the credentials were to be had at headquarters. The committee reported 35 delegates. George A. Harrigan nominated John Mr. Fairbairn for sheriff stating that there was no chance for a democratic candidate and hence the advisability of endorsing a good man in office. While Mr. Harrigan was speaking

Cornelius F. Cronin of ward 7 announced the chairman and demanded a credential but did not interrupt the proceedings.

D. J. Donahue seconded the nomination. Mr. Cronin, then arose and protested against any ballot being taken until he got his credential. He said he was regularly elected a delegate and no ballot could be legally cast until he got his.

He said he was not properly notified and he refused to be sold out or delivered.

Mr. Cronin stood in the centre of the door and in loud tones demanded his rights.

Mr. Donahue made a reference to rowdiness and Mr. Cronin said there'd be no ballot until he got his credential.

Mr. Gallagher suggested that a credential be made out for Mr. Cronin. The latter then indignantly protested that he wanted no fake credential but wanted the original credential.

While Mr. Cronin was protesting Chairman McCluskey declared Mr. Fairbairn nominated.

Mr. Cronin then took the papers of the chairman's desk and defied anyone to take them away from him.

Mr. Cronin said: "We are all democrats today, tomorrow and every day and if we want to become republicans we can go to city hall and change our politics. We are not going to be sold out year after year to republican candidates."

Mr. Cronin then attacked Mr. Gallagher relative to the last congressional convention, and Mr. Gallagher replied calmly.

"The next business—" began the chairman.

"The next business is my credential when the voters of ward seven elected me they elected a democrat, cried Mr. Cronin.

THE IRISH ENVOYS

Given Great Welcome on Their Arrival in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Three of Ireland's envoys to America, John E. Redmond, Joseph Devlin and Daniel Boyle, leaders of the Irish Parliamentary party, reached Boston at 6 o'clock last night from Philadelphia. They are to address a mass meeting Sunday night in Symphony hall.

At the railroad station last night were many of the reception committee of the United Irish League of Boston and vicinity. When the three envoys and Mrs. Redmond, who is accompanying her husband on his tour of the country, came down the platform there were cheers.

President Augustine J. Daly of the Boston Central branch, E. L. Dr. P. L. Timiney, James E. Cotter, C. O'Connell Galvin, John O'Connell, Mark O'Connell and T. E. Fitzpatrick were among those who greeted the visitors.

Under escort of the committee the leaders went by auto to the Hotel Lenox, where they passed the evening.

Plans for State

Today they will make a few informal calls and tomorrow morning at the Cathedral will attend the solemn pontifical mass, at which Cardinal Vannoy will also be present.

At 6 o'clock tomorrow night, in Symphony hall, the mass meeting will be opened by President Augustine J. Daly, who will introduce Mayor Fitzgerald as chairman.

The departure of the envoys from Boston will probably be Tuesday morning, when they will start for Pittsburg, and then go to Chicago, T. J. O'Connor, who arrived in New York with them, is now in Canada, making addresses in various cities, and at Chicago the party will be further split up.

St. Louis and Detroit and many leading cities of the central states will be visited. In all about 60 meetings will be addressed by the envoys before they sail back for the opening of the session of parliament in England, November 15.

Mr. Redmond said in an interview: "I believe that the power of the house of lords is decaying, and any day now we can carry home rule in the house of commons. We have here a majority of 124 in favor of home rule. Every movement of reform and

every step toward betterment of the people says has been opposed persistently by the house of lords. We rejected it, it is possible, or else delayed it, till they were forced to pass it because the people were on the verge of revolution.

"Lords Will Lose"

"The budget was a move to take some of the taxes off the shoulders of the poor and put it on the rich, and so the house of lords rejected it. The budget, of course, was later passed. The question now before the English people is whether the house of lords or the elected representatives of the people shall rule. The house of lords will lose, I feel sure and with that loss will be the road to Ireland's home rule be unobstructed.

"Among the Scotch the movement for home rule for Scotland has been gaining steadily, and I feel sure that in time their desire in this regard will be urged as we have urged our wish and like ours will be granted. But the Scotch themselves agree that home rule should go to Ireland first. There is a growing sentiment in Wales to have home rule in that district.

"It is the principle of the thing, no the sufferings and injustices which the Irish people have met, that makes people here in America, I believe, favor the plan we advocate.

"Why we can't even build a bridge or install a sewer system without getting permission from Westminster. There are now 28 home rule divisions in the British empire, and we want to make the 29th. We don't think it will disrupt the British empire, other.

Landlords' Power Less

"About one-half of the land in the country is now in the hands of tenants and the power of the landlords is diminishing every day. While immigration is decreasing, there is still undoubtedly too much of it. Our industrial interests will never reach their full growth until we get home rule. The country is now ready for its long-awaited home rule, and I believe will have it before long."

LISBON, Oct. 8.—Provisional President Theophile Braga and his associates every day feeling more secure in their newly assumed authority are drawing tighter the reins of government.

The first step was the publication today of an official decree ordering all religious bodies in Portugal to leave the country within 24 hours. Almost at the moment that the decree appeared Marquis de Pombal was placed under arrest, charged with having sheltered members of the religious bodies and having concealed arms in his house. Troops were stationed in the vicinity of the religious establishments to prevent attacks upon them by mobs.

Dr. Alfonso Costa, the minister of justice, also issued a decree ordering the release of all persons detained by the monarchy on the charge of belonging to secret societies including those serving terms of imprisonment as well as those being held for trial. This is in fulfillment of the projected policy of political freedom.

Dr. Costa visited the camps of the republican soldiers and personally congratulated those who had especially distinguished themselves in the recent fighting. These included two women who had taken places in the ranks and participated throughout the combat.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Dr. Costa visited the camps of the republican soldiers and personally congratulated those who had especially distinguished themselves in the recent fighting. These included two women who had taken places in the ranks and participated throughout the combat.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Dr. Costa visited the camps of the republican soldiers and personally congratulated those who had especially distinguished themselves in the recent fighting. These included two women who had taken places in the ranks and participated throughout the combat.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

In both Spain and Portugal, Dr. Esquivel has just returned from Lisbon where he conferred with Dr. Bombarda and other Portuguese republicans in regard to the plan. They decided on Oct. 13, the anniversary of Ferrer's death, as the date for the uprising but Bombarda's assassination precipitated the attack on the Portuguese throne. The blow thus suddenly administered took Bombarda's Spanish comrades completely by surprise.

The Spanish republicans are loud in their resentment against the government's severe attitude toward them. They are venting their wrath in the press.

The chief radical newspaper accuses the government of failing to make a comparison between the situation in Spain and that in Portugal. It adds pointedly that "in Portugal also the army was believed to be loyal."

The paper prints a cartoon showing Alfonso and the royal family packing their trunks preparatory to taking a train. It is understood that the newspaper will be prosecuted.

Theophilus Braga, the provisional president of Portugal, in an interview with the Malin's Lisbon correspondent emphasizes what he calls the "philosophical" source of the revolution. The men who have been spreading the doctrines of republicanism, he says, are professors, mathematicians, writers and men of learning. The result, he thinks, is first of all a victory for the cause of "education"—an effort to restore the Portuguese people to the intellectual rank lost for so long a time.

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the board that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

direct revolutionary movements; commander sixth infantry killed; captain cruiser Saint Raphael wounded; king at Necessidades palace defended by fifteenth regiment of chasseurs and rapid-fire guns.

Lisbon—Streets deserted, people terrified; revolutionary movement resulted from assassination of Deputy Bombarda.

Lisbon—Troops taking strategic positions. Frequent detonations of artillery; armed groups filled streets. Police charges, shots exchanged; many arrests. Soldiers landed and joined revolting regiments. Chateau Saint George firing artillery alarm signals.

Lisbon—Revolutionists seized barracks, captured arms. At one this morning warship revolt, make common cause with revolting infantry. Some commanders still faithful.

Lisbon—Continuous firing from northern part of city, where artillery is posted. Streets in possession revolutionary troops. Police drive crowds with drawn sabres. Palace besieged; no word of king's escape.

Lisbon—Violent fusillade in avenue Liberto between infantry, artillery and civilians. Many dead and wounded. Dead include scores men, horses. Wounded taken to hospitals. Streets covered with blood. Traffic stopped; stores and factories closed; railroads, street cars suspended. Continuous fusillade throughout city.

Lisbon—Cannon holding continuous session. Soldiers carrying Hittor wounded. Crowds shouting "Viva republic!" Palace still besieged, resisting. Many revolutionists armed with bombs from arsenal.

Lisbon—King delays escape. Railway palace. Revolutionists hope to capture palace. Reported municipal cavalry attached with bombs. King's escape by water being guarded. Warships St. Raphael, Adamastor and Guere support revolution.

Lisbon—Republicans entering city hall, proclaiming republic. City declared in state of siege. Army and navy continues. Scattered firing continues. Later a notification from the cable company states that the going despatches were filed on Oct. 4 which was the day of the uprising.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT

RECEIVING GENERAL SUPPORT

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Sir P. H. Villiers, British minister at Lisbon, cabled to the foreign office today that the new government was receiving general support and that there was no prospect of success for a counter movement. The British government is discussing the recognition of the republic.

QUEEN MOTHER AMELIE

WENT SHOPPING IN GIBRALTAR

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 8.—Queen Mother Amelie, dowager Queen Maria Pia and Prince Alfonso, the duke of Oporto, came ashore from the imperial yacht Amelie today and drove about the town in an ordinary car. They personally dispatched telegrams at the telegraph office, made purchases at the shops and attended to some monetary business at the bank. Subsequently they visited the Anglican cathedral.

King Manuel did not accompany the party.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Rosary devotions were held last night in St. John's church at 7.30 and a very large attendance was present. A very instructive sermon on "The Rosary" was preached by Rev. Fr. Doherty, after which the recitation of the rosary and benediction of the most blessed sacrament was given.

Last night the first autumn party and dance conducted by the Madonna club was held in the town hall. There was a very large attendance and an enjoyable time was had. Dancing commenced at 8 o'clock and continued until 10 when an intermission of 15 minutes was given, during which time tea and cake were served in the lower hall. Dancing was then resumed and continued until 12 o'clock. Music was furnished by Gilmore's orchestra and a late car returned to Lowell after the party.

The affair was in charge of Gen. Mgr. Gen. Stanley, Assistant Edward J. Duffy, Florentine George X. Pope, Chief Aid Reginald McAdams, Aid Fred Kinch, John Garvey, John Henlow, Arthur Burlinson, Henry Duffy, and William McHale.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At the regular meeting of Passacaway tribe of Red Men held last night there was a large attendance. Sachem Albert Stophard on the stump. Considerable routine business was transacted during the evening and a communication was received from the great council of Massachusetts stating that the great council of the United States will be represented at the coming convention, Oct. 27, by Great Senior Sagamore Carl Foster of Connecticut. The anniversary committee reported progress. Interesting remarks were made by Junior Sagamore Edmund Crompton and G. W. George A. Frost.

Spindle City Lodge

Spindle City lodge, I. O. G. T., held a well attended meeting in Pilgrim hall, last night. Large delegations were present from Lawrence and Methuen. The entertainment of the evening was good, and included piano solos by Miss Sarah Clement; readings by Miss Beale Bent; a cornet solo by George McKeon; an address by Herbert E. Phinney, of Brighton; address, Grand Secretary Charles H. Kershaw of Methuen; and remarks by Joseph H. Teal, of Lawrence, J. M. Craig, of North Andover, and Mrs. Beale Bent of Lowell. Mrs. Beale Bent presided.

COLUMBUS' discovery

and OURS

Columbus discovered our whole land, but we discovered a small piece of it, and we are sharing that discovery with others. We are speaking of that beautiful property on Andover street, BELVIDERE PARK, which we are selling in HOUSE LOTS on easy terms. Anybody can tell you where it is, and they all say the same thing when they look at it, "WE WANT TO OWN SOME OF THAT LAND." Selling many every week. Agents on property every Sunday and week days excepting Wednesday.

PARK LAND CO., 65 Merrick St., Tel. 2645-1

Take Andover St. cars across the bridge, 5 and 35 past hour.

Don't fail to see those Shuman fall weight top coats at the Merrimack Clothing Company at

\$15.00

TYNGSBORO

A very pretty and select dancing party was held last night in the town hall, Tyngsboro. Dancing commenced at 8.30 and continued until 12 o'clock after which a late car returned to Lowell with the large number who were present from that city. Music was furnished by Thayer's orchestra of Peppercorn. The affair was in charge of Misses Edna Mallory and Anna Cassidy of North Chelmsford.

If you can't help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.



CAPT. J. N. GREIG

VICTOR JEWETT
Treasurer

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF COMPANY K, SIXTH REGIMENT

The annual meeting of the members of Company K, Sixth regiment, M. V. M., was held last night at the state armory in Westford street. As usual, there was a very large attendance, almost every member being present. The regular drill was dispensed with, the night being devoted to the discussion of business, election of officers and a general good time.

Capt. James N. Greig, commander of the company, presided during the meeting. Sergt. Victor P. Jewett was elected treasurer for the ensuing year. The following committees were also chosen:

Standing committee, Sergt. Harry J. Sheldon, Corp. E. Frank Dupee, Privates Mountain and Bryant; rifle committee, Capt. Greig, Sergt. Charles

Stevens, Musicians Carl and Greeley, Private Cashin; entertainment committee, Corp. Schuyler Waller, Privates Hickey and Taylor.

Reports by the old officers were to the effect that the company had never been in better condition, financially or otherwise, since its organization. There is a substantial sum in the treasury in spite of the large expenses of the past year.

The rifle team has done well. It is considered, since a large number of new men have come into the company during the past year, and that some of them are now serving on the team. The figure of merit for the company as a whole in marksmanship will be high. Following the business meeting, a collation was served, and there was singing and the like at a general social hour.

The committee in charge of last night's gathering was: Sergt. Jewett, Corp. Luce, Corp. Dupee, Privates Hickey and Taylor.

BARN DESTROYED EREL A. TEESON

Fire in Billerica Centre Yesterday

A barn, located on the Woburn road near the water works standpipe in Billerica Centre, owned by Andrew Morrissey, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The cause of the blaze is not known.

The fire was discovered about three o'clock and an alarm was sounded. The Centre apparatus responded quickly, but the flames had reached such headway that it was impossible to stay their progress and the structure was razed to the ground.

The barn stood a good distance away from other buildings, so that there was no danger at any time of the blaze spreading. The loss on the barn and contents, it is said, will be about \$1000. There were several tons of hay, a quantity of lumber and some farming tools in the buildings and these were destroyed.

DEM. SEN. CONVENTION

The eighth district democratic senatorial convention will be held at the headquarters of the democratic city committee next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

AN ENJOYABLE MUSICAL

An enjoyable musical was held on Thursday night at Colonial hall in aid of the First Presbyterian church repair fund, the following soloists contributing: Miss Etta B. Thompson, soprano; Mrs. Nettie Roberts, contralto; Mrs. Lillian Dodge Haskell, reader; Miss Mildred Tinker, Miss Hazel Chamberlain, dancers; Mr. Jas. E. Donnelly, baritone; Mr. John A. Allen, violinist; Mr. John J. Kelly, pianist; Mrs. Lena Reid Flemings, accompanist; Mr. Ralph Wilder, accompanist.

IF YOU HAVE BEEN DISSATISFIED WITH THE WORK OF SO-CALLED

Tailors

WHO CAN'T SEW A BUTTON ON, DON'T CONDEMN THE WHOLE CRAFT, BUT TRY

Martin's Tailoring

WE ARE
Practical
Craftsmen

AND CAN MAKE CLOTHES TO SUIT ANYONE, NO MATTER HOW FASTIDIOUS THEY MAY BE. OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE AND THE PRODUCTS OF OUR WORK-ROOMS CANNOT BE IMPROVED ON IN THIS CITY.

J.C. Martin & Sons
LOWELL'S PRACTICAL TAILORS

Phone's No. 2144. 243 Central St., 169 Church St.

To be Colonel of High School Regiment

Erel A. Teeson is to be the new colonel of the High school regiment. The full list of officers for the regiment has not yet been announced owing to the fact that the examination papers have not been inspected. Several of the high officers, however, have been announced and included in the list are Teeson. The lieutenant-colonel will be Norris L. Tibbetts. George Flint will be major, commanding the second battalion. And the quarter-master will be Capt. Liddell. One other captain has been named, John Monahan. It is probable that the entire list will be available within a few days.

BOWLING GAMES

SEVERAL CONTESTS ON THE LOCAL ALLEYS

There were several good bowling contests held last night on the local alleys. In the game between Owen's Pets and Kelley's Pets, the former aggregation won by a wide margin. The so-called Lowell and Woburn teams had at it with the result that the Lowell team won by a margin of 13 pins. Two teams, each made up of four young women and a man, played a most interesting game, the Dreamwolds defeating the Elites by 61 pins.

OWEN'S PETS

	1	2	3	TOTAL
Fitzgerald	80	72	84	236
O'Brien	71	100	80	251
Rielly	83	79	77	239
Carroll	68	88	87	243
Owens	79	67	77	223
Totals	361	406	405	1172

KELLEY'S PETS

	1	2	3	TOTAL
Benoit	73	77	82	232
Trowbridge	69	64	65	198
Kelley	73	77	71	221
Hart	64	70	75	210
Murphy	77	84	78	239
Totals	356	372	362	1090

LOWELL

	1	2	3	TOTAL
Kempton	98	104	87	289
Starkeviant	101	86	86	273
Poster	72	84	69	225
Jewett	79	89	88	256
Wynne	98	85	107	290
Totals	446	458	447	1351

WOBURN

	1	2	3	TOTAL
McGrath	85	82	104	271
Flaherty	92	94	94	280
McCarthy	89	85	94	268
Flanders	93	88	60	241
McCarron	94	94	94	282
Totals	453	443	445	1341

DREAMWOLDS

	1	2	3	TOTAL
Miss A. Lawrence	73	84	70	227
Miss E. Higgins	73	70	72	215
Miss J. Cronin	69	67	71	207
Miss M. Perkins	75	78	93	246
Mr. B. McNamara	85	94	92	271
Totals	375	393	399	1167

ELITES

	1	2	3	TOTAL
Miss M. McHugh	52	71	70	193
Miss H. O'Brien	76	79	71	226
Miss J. Shea	75	66	75	216
Miss K. Horne	66	79	74	219
Mr. M. Rogers	84	92	85	261
Totals	353	387	376	1116

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Charles C. Gillet, Jr. and Miss Gladys E. Choate of this city were united in marriage, Wednesday afternoon, at St. John's Episcopal church, by Rev. James Buncroft. Mr. and Mrs. Gillet will live at 47 Chelmsford street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin N. Sleeper observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage at their home, 117 Third street, last evening. It was a quiet family gathering.



COL. WILLIAM A. GASTON



GEN. NELSON A. MILES

COL. GASTON OR GENERAL MILES

The democratic convention having split so hopelessly on the three leading candidates—Foss, Vahey and Hamlin—all three have withdrawn and the selection is left in the hands of a committee of five who will probably select either Col. Gaston or General Miles, although Hon. John C. Crosby is also mentioned as a possibility. Major Robert J. Crowley of this city is a member of the committee on selection.

THREE BODIES

Were Taken From the Hudson River

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Three bodies of victims of the swamping of the New Hampshire battleship barge Saturday night were taken from the Hudson river today. This made a total of 21 bodies recovered. Two of the bodies found today were identified, one as that of Patrick J. Donahue, a private in the marine corps of Limerick, Ireland, and the other as that of Henry Sherman Bailey, a ship's cook, third class, of Ansonia, Conn.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE CHOLERA OUTBREAK

NAPLES, Oct. 8.—During yesterday and last night there were ten new cases of cholera in this city and four deaths from the disease, according to official announcement.

FORTUNE OF \$1,250,000

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Mary Hunt Loomis, Chicago society woman and heroine of the Civil war, died yesterday, leaving a fortune of \$1,250,000 to the Loomis Institute, an educational institution at Windsor, Conn., founded 18 years ago by Mrs. Loomis' husband and his brother and a sister.

CHIEF CROKER

Was Held Up For Overspeeding

NEW ROCHELLE, Oct. 8.—Flie Chief Edward F. Croker of New York came out here yesterday as the guest of the town to review a firemen's parade, but before he got more than a block on his way back to New York after the judgments had been announced he was arrested. He spent half an hour as a prisoner in a police station and when finally he was released Sergt. Rale insisted that he go in the custody of an alderman.

It was a parade of volunteer fire companies and Chief Croker never in his life looked at a parade from the judge's stand until yesterday, and it was only his friendship for Chief Jim Ross that brought him here yesterday. He felt that he ought to get back to New York, so he walked to where his automobile was and gave the word to start for New York. His chauffeur in making a turn toward the city had to pass the line of the parade. The chief was in a hurry and he gave orders to his chauffeur to go through the parade whether or no.

But Policeman Chenoweth wouldn't have it so. The chief told him to go ahead. At the same time he showed his fire department shield. He also pointed to his guest of honor badge, but that didn't make any more impression than the chief's gold shield.

"I don't care who you are, you're going to stop," said Chenoweth, stoutly. "Even if you're President Taft."

Croker said he wouldn't and the chauffeur threw in his clutch. Then Chenoweth said the chief was arrested and he'd have to go to the station house. The chief went.

Sergt. Bernard Bals was on duty alone. The sergeant was in a quandary and realized it the moment he learned who Chenoweth's prisoner was. He sent to Glen Island for an alderman or the mayor or somebody to help him out. Alderman Le Count was procured.

The alderman and the sergeant talked it over, the former being considerably excited.

"But, alderman," expostulated the sergeant finally, "there ain't no way of fixing it unless the chief goes in your custody."

That's the way Croker got off.

The Merrimack Clothing Company is starting its eighteenth year with a boom—by offering the best suit in New England for

\$15.00

DON'T FLOUNDER AROUND IN THE DARK WHEN YOU CAN BUY ONE OF OUR

Big No. 2 Fount Lanters

—FOR—

Big
Fount

39c

Regular
75c Size

The MOST Lantern for the price ever shown. Buy one, or better, yet buy more while you can.

The Thompson Hardware Company
254-256 MERRIMACK STREET.

HELD IN \$2500

McClarty Charged With Manslaughter

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Charged with manslaughter, in causing the death of Peter Frotton, aged 24, married, of 12 Winchester place, Winchester, Charles L. McClarty, 31 years old, married, living at 232 Elm street, Cambridge, was held by Judge Bolster yesterday in the municipal court in \$2500 for the grand jury. Since his arrest on Sept. 27 McClarty has been held in \$5000, but yesterday the judge reduced the bail to \$2500.

Frotton met his death at the St. James hotel. On the night mentioned Frotton and a man named Joy went to the hotel, and it is alleged while McClarty and James Caulfield of Cambridge were escorting him from the hotel to the street Frotton was either struck in the face or thrown down. His head struck the radiator, causing a fracture of the skull, death ensuing a little while later.

Caulfield, who was also arrested at the time, was also charged with manslaughter. He was represented by Attorney John F. McDonald, while Attorney Scharton appeared for McClarty. Caulfield was discharged.

Ten witnesses were examined. Frank Russell, a carpenter, testified he was standing ten feet from the door and saw McClarty strike Frotton on the jaw. He said when the blow was struck another man was being put out.

Charles E. Hurder, a lather, testified he saw Frotton when struck, saying it was McClarty who struck the blow. He said Frotton smiled, almost instantly afterward going to the floor. He said Frotton's face then turned very dark.

Dr. Magrath testified to having examined the body, saying Frotton met his death as a result of a hemorrhage of the brain.

Chief Duran testified to having gone to the hotel, where he interviewed McClarty. The chief read a paper which contained the substance of the interview. McClarty in the interview said that he did not strike Frotton, that the latter was seized with an epileptic fit and fell against the radiator, striking his head with force enough to result in death.

MORNING GLORIES

HELD A DANCING PARTY LAST NIGHT

A pretty dancing party was held in Associate hall last night under the auspices of the Morning Glory club. There was a large attendance showing that the young men who are members of the club are popular throughout the city.

A prize waltz was held during the course of the evening. Dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Kittredge's orchestra.

The officers of the evening were: General manager, Joseph I. Crowe; assistant general manager, James A. Brown; floor director, Stephen P. Chelvey; assistant floor director, Edward C. Holland; chief of the band, Fitzgerald; aids, Wm. M. Thomas, Malone, Timothy O'Neil, P. Holton, John Callahan, Roderick Turgson; treasurer, Frank J. White.

ANNUAL MEETING

NEW ENGLAND CHINESE SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS' UNION

LAWRENCE, Oct. 8.—Rev. James Roberts, who spent many years in China, and Mrs. Harriet E. Miller, were participants in yesterday's program of the seventh annual convention of the New England Chinese Sunday school workers' union held in the Second Baptist church.

These officers were elected: Mrs. Harriet E. Miller of Hartford, Conn. president, Mrs. Robert H. Magwood of Dorchester and Miss Emma L. Koschinsky of Lawrence vice president, Mrs. Henry J. Warren of Boston, secretary; Mrs. Elizabeth D. Hawkes of Portland, Me., treasurer.

The general committee, to serve until the next convention, comprises Mrs. A. A. Day of Dorchester, Mrs. J. E. Horsford of New Haven, Miss L. A. Choomb of Boston, Mrs. R. H. Magwood, Mrs. H. E. Miller of Worcester, Mrs. Anna Gregory of Haverhill, Miss Harriet Carter of Boston and Miss C. G. Morris of North Billerica.

Auction Sale

Princeton
Boulevard Lots
PRATT PARK

Oct. 12, 13, 14, 15
Columbus Day (Wednesday)
Thursday, Friday, Saturday, 2 P. M., Daily

\$1000 IN PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY FREE

TERMS—10 Per Cent. Down at Time of Sale. Balance Easy. Take Tyngsboro or North Chelmsford electric car out Middlesex street to Middlesex Village Post office. 5 CENT FARE FROM ANY PART OF LOWELL. Road Land Company, Boston Office, 60 State Street.

CLOTHES FOR "DEAR OLD GOLDEN RULE DAYS"

How to Dress the Little Daughter Economically and Well



SCHOOL days, school days, dear old Golden Rule days, are here again and suggest to mothers the advisability of beginning work on frocks and coats to carry their small daughters through the autumn and winter seasons.

There are attractive clothes for children big and little, and for the small girl they are unusually attractive this season. Young girls, on the whole, are well dressed nowadays, scrupulous care being given to the details of their outfits, and the simplicity of their attire is the result of fine art.

Even when the small girl is dressed without regard to money or trouble her wardrobe does not offend the laws of good taste by violating the rules of girlish simplicity. Extravagance is displayed only in fineness of materials, originality of detail and in the profusion of frocks.

Mohair in checked patterns makes ideal play and school dresses for the little girl, as this fabric is both light and sufficiently warm for winter wear, and it does not muss easily, and when the occasion requires it may be given a tubbing. Piping, bandings and gay neckties of colored silk will brighten up the mohair dress and endear it to the girl's fancy, and a patent leather belt will also give a smart touch that will be appreciated by the wearer.

In the cut there is a school dress of a dressy type that will be found especially useful when there is an entertainment or other special function at school. It is a frock that the little lady will be glad to don rather than her everyday dress. It is of dark blue mohair. The fitted skirt is very full, and the blouse is roomy. The blue satin collar and cuffs are braided in black, and the side front closing is worthy of note. A black satin tie is worn with the suit.

Scotch plaids with threads of bright silk are good materials for the everyday school frock, and these are built this season with the seamless shoulder and kimono sleeve, colored silk to match the plaid bordering the rounded out neck and forming elbow cuffs and belt. Instead of the gilt buttons that have been worn so long, small steel

buttons have taken their place on these dresses. Such a frock is much more serviceable if made with removable gimpes of lingerie stuff.

For the small girl with dark eyes and hair a deep red serge makes a becoming little costume. A dress of this description is to be found among the cuts. In this model the skirt and blouse are not detachable, as might be imagined, but are one and button in the back. Buttons of Persian satin edged with the red serge form the only trimming. Worn with this are a black patent leather belt, black satin tie and white hand embroidered collar and cuffs.

Long coats are the most useful and sensible for the schoolgirl, and they may be fashioned from any of the

rough, plain or mixed tweeds which are so much worn this year. The topcoat illustrated will be found very practical and moderately priced, and, by the way, it is generally cheaper and more satisfactory to buy the cold weather coat than to make it at home.

This checked wrap is carried out in black and white serge, trimmed with a red velvet collar and braided cuffs. It can be worn for school or dress wear. A black patent leather sailor hat completes this natty little costume. For older girls in their teens

CHECKED SERGE COAT

YOUNG GIRL'S SCHOOL HAT

DRESSY FROCK FOR LITTLE MISS

FOR SCHOOL ROOM WEAR

Keeping a Mattress Clean

An immaculate mattress is more than the sign of a good housekeeper. It is essential to good health. Even a clean sheet will not prevent a sensitive person from shrinking from a mattress that is soiled.

There need be little excuse for any dust if care be taken. Every mattress should have a twilled muslin cover that buttons on, so that it can be frequently washed.

If a mattress is too big for a double bed it should be in two parts for easier turning. The extra careful housewife pulls the mattress up over the foot-

board each morning so that it airs on all sides. It should at least be turned once a day, not always in the same direction. This prevents the ugly ridge when two are sleeping in the bed.

The easiest way to clean a mattress is by the vacuum cleaner. If it must be done at home put in a slightly dampened sheet and beat with a wicker carpet beater until all the dirt seems to be out, then take a new sheet, turn the mattress and repeat.

When small stains have got on a mattress they may be cleaned with French chalk.

It's Oyster Season

Oysters, where they are eaten, come back to the table when the "r" in the month appears. A popular chafing dish preparation of oysters is combined with mushrooms with a flavoring of sherry. This toothsome dainty is served at midnight suppers by an attractive New York hostess. She plumps about twenty oysters in their own liquor and reserves the liquor. Then she cooks a couple of tablespoonsful of butter for five minutes, turns in a couple of tablespoonsful of flour and adds the oyster liquor gradually. She cooks the mixture three minutes, or until the sauce becomes limpid and smooth, and then turns in the oysters with a half teaspoonful of lemon juice, a saltspoonful of salt, the yolk of an egg and a tablespoonful of sherry. The oysters are served on toast or biscuits.

OYSTER FRITTERS.

For oyster fritters make a batter with two well beaten eggs, a cupful of milk, two cupfuls of flour and salt to taste. Beat the batter very smooth, stir in two dozen oysters and a half a teaspoonful of baking powder and drop by tablespoonful into hot fat. Turn the fritters with a fork so they will brown on both sides and drain on paper. One secret of any batter mixture is to have it very cold.

OYSTER DRESSING.

The most popular dressing for oysters or clams on the half shell in one family is copied from the pension in Paris where the daughter of the family wintered last year. A shallot is chopped very fine and mixed with half a cupful of vinegar, with salt and pepper to taste.

PLANTS IN THE SICKROOM.

Formerly it was thought that the presence of plants in a sickroom, especially flowering ones, was injurious, as they absorbed the oxygen of the air and exhaled carbon dioxide. But as every medical student knows, physiologists have shown that a much more important vital action of plants is their power to absorb carbon dioxide and excrete oxygen or possibly ozone. Physiologists who have studied the matter consider that there is little doubt as to the beneficent influence that house plants are capable of exerting in the sickroom.

RINGS AND BRACELETS TO MATCH.

Rings and bracelets to match are one of the recent fads. For them aquamarines in the palest, limpid blue green, chrysophanes and lucky moonstones are all especially popular. These semiprecious stones are mounted with brilliant. Bracelets are again worn in pairs, as they used to be.

BUYING A PARROT.

It is false economy to buy a young parrot, although you can, of course, purchase one for much less than you pay for a full grown bird. But the chances are that you will not be able to rear it.

A good talking parrot cannot be bought much under ten or fifteen dollars.

Seasonable Fashionettes

The starched collar has returned. Remember this in making up linen stocks and Dutch collars.

Byron collars are seen in black satin with white lawn frilling and in tucked white batiste with Persian edging and jabot.

Chemisettes and yokes of tucked and plaited net are modish. Figured net is also made up into gimpes with short sleeves. These gimpes have either a low frilled collar in peridot style or a high military collar that is newer, but is not so comfortable.

The latest Parisian color success effect is the smoke gray chiffon or net tunio over yellow, coral, apricot or rose underlinings of taffeta or satin. Gray with yellow is odd and extremely popular with the artistic Parisienne. There is no prettier combination in shades than dull gray and burnt orange.

For the aid of the woman who has taste for the elaborate, but only time for the simple, the printed bordure gowns have arrived. In volles and heavier materials there are some beautiful bordure color pictures.

DON'T THROW THEM AWAY. Almost everything has its uses—even frayed silk petticoats and stockings that are past wearing. The latter make good floor polishers. For this purpose three or four of them should be rolled into a compact bolster and sewed securely. Old silk handkerchiefs and squares from discarded silk petticoats make the best kind of dusters. Tray cloths and dollies that have become too shabby for the table should be kept for polishing glass.

THE CHICEST THING OUT



THREE PIECE MOTOR OR RAIN COSTUME.

THIS is one of the smartest motor or rain coats of the season, carried out in steel gray diagonal serge. The skirt is five gored and closes at the left side and buttons via an attached girdle to the dart fitted blouse, which

is fastened beneath the left arm and also across the shoulder.

In addition to the fur lined storm collar there is an Eskimo hood with long tabs that fold across the blouse fronts.

HOW TO USE SCRAPS OF CRETONNE



BUNCH OF CARNATIONS.

If you have odd pieces of cretonne left over from house draperies, etc., do not throw them in the scrap basket, but fold them carefully until you have time to use them for the new cretonne art work. It is a long time since any needlework novelty has proved so attractive as this treatment of cretonne flowers on net, for the coarse mesh forms the foundation and the flowers of the cretonne are put on to show through.

Suppose you decide to make a dressing table cover. Take a strip of coarse white plain net and cut it the exact size required. The edge of this should be either bound with narrow ribbon or else with a frill of lace. Another idea is to use a flowered ribbon in keeping with the design. When the cover is ready for decoration cut out the sprays of flowers from the cretonne. A pretty arrangement is to start a large spray in one corner, letting it stray across the net to the opposite corner. The sprays of flowers, if not long enough, can easily be increased by other flowers. A charming table center had little French wreaths tied with ribbon and scattered at regular intervals all along the edge. All this was cut out of cretonne, and the whole effect was extremely pretty. The cretonne motifs are pasted on the net, face downward, and for this the pasting has been done carefully

colorless paste is needed. It is laid over the net very thinly in the shape

of the design to be attached. After apply the cretonne spray and press it down with the fingers.

For curtains cream colored net or ecru is often used rather than plain white, and when the background of the cretonne is cream or ecru the curtains have quite a hand painted effect.

In a chintz furnished room the cretonne scheme may be carried out in plain coarse meshed net trimmed with cretonne designs to match the rest of the chintz, and the effect is even prettier than all cretonne. Dainty trifles such as pin cushions, box coverings and fancy work bags will always be welcomed as birthday or Christmas presents.

Another new kind of needlework is called "Florestina." The difficulties which this new work present to the intelligent worker are few and consist in mastering two small details. The first of these is to hold the wire, which is covered, to make the carnations—as seen in the illustration—with the thread so that the wire is concealed. A little practice makes this quite easy. It is first holding the wire as you would the padding cotton in Irish crochet. The second detail is the binding of the stems. Stems have always been crocheted or embroidered before this work originated, but in the Florestina work they are bound. This is much better, as it makes the work more adaptable. The carnations are done with mercerized thread, fine wire and a crochet needle.

Rainy Days And Children

A rainy day is always something of a trial to the children in the nursery. The little ones miss their usual walk, and the hours drag heavily. The children are listless and peevish, and the day very likely ends with a fit of temper or tears.

Now, here is a way to avoid these consequences. Dress the children in their hats and coats and turn them loose to romp in a large room where the windows are thrown open, but secured from danger. This plan gives them plenty of fresh air and exercise.

Set aside a few toys, not necessarily expensive ones, and keep them strictly for rainy days or when the children are prevented by illness from going out.

The rainy day doll or box of bricks or automobiles will be welcomed as a novelty and will keep the boys and girls amused for hours when they would soon tire of their usual toys.

Another fine plan is to let the children help about the house. A little girl will be delighted with permission to help make the beds or to dust things she cannot break.

Let rainy days be always times of indoor activity. You cannot expect a child with overflowing energy to spend hours in quiet occupations.

"Why can't you sit down and keep still with a book?" mother asks.

The child doesn't know why it can't, though the explanation is a very simple one.

A good deal of exercise is needed for the proper development of growing limbs, and if this exercise cannot be secured by outdoor play it must be gained in some other way.

CHAPEAU STUDY IN PURPLE TONES



IT'S OF SHIRRED PURPLE VELVET, ROSE TRIMMED.

THE modish wistaria shades of the summer and early fall have deepened into violet and purple tones for winter wear. The exquisite model hat illustrated is developed in shirred purple velvet and banded over the crown

and what there is of brim with variegated shades of mauve, purple and pink velvet roses. It is a becoming creation if worn by a pretty girl with plenty of good healthy coloring in her cheeks.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET			
Stocks	High	Low	Close
Am. Can. Co.	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Am. Oil Co.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Am. Sugar	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Am. Tobacco	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Wire	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Zinc	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Copper	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Lead	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Tin	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Nickel	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Silver	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Gold	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Platinum	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Iron	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Steel	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Coal	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Lumber	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Paper	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Textile	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Chemical	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Pharmaceutical	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Food	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Clothing	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Furniture	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Miscellaneous	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2

STOCK MARKET

THE CLOSING TODAY WAS AN EASY ONE

A Slight Hardening of the General List—Sharp Advances in Some of the Specialties—Prices Went Back in Last Few Minutes

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Prices of stocks were scarcely stirred by the light opening orders. A sluggish up and down movement within a range of less than a half was the extreme, except for Westinghouse Electric which declined 1/2.

The intense dullness which followed the opening afforded little opportunity for trading operations and fluctuations were accordingly restricted to the merest fraction. Sears Roebuck, which sold yesterday at 158 opened at 159 and advanced further to 170.

The market closed easy. A slight hardening of the general list accompanied the sharp advances in some of the specialties. The narrow range of the advance was retraced in the last few minutes.

The Money Market

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans firm but dull, 60 days 4 1/2 per cent and 90 days 4 1/2 to 4 3/4; six months 4 1/2 to 4 3/4. Prime mercantile paper 5 1/2 to 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady at 48 1/2 to 49 for 60 day bills and at 48 1/2 to 49 for 90 day bills. Commercial bills 48 1/2 to 49. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Am. Can. Co.	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Am. Oil Co.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Am. Sugar	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Am. Tobacco	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Wire	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Zinc	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Copper	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Lead	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Tin	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Nickel	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Silver	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Gold	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Platinum	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Iron	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Steel	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Coal	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Lumber	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Paper	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Textile	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Chemical	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Pharmaceutical	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Food	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Clothing	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Furniture	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Miscellaneous	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Am. Can. Co.	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Am. Oil Co.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Am. Sugar	116 1/2	116 1/2	116 1/2
Am. Tobacco	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Wire	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Zinc	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Copper	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Lead	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Tin	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Nickel	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Silver	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Gold	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Platinum	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Iron	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Steel	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Coal	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Lumber	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Paper	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Textile	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Chemical	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Pharmaceutical	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Food	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Clothing	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Furniture	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Am. Miscellaneous	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2

Mr. Quimby had been at the home for about a year, and during that time his health had gradually failed. He served in Company G, First Maine Heavy Artillery, from June 10, 1863, to June 10, 1864. He was three times wounded in the battle of Spotsylvania, Virginia. After the close of the war he came to Lowell and for a long time he was employed by Rice & Co. He joined Post 12, G. A. R., March 25, 1883, and was at one time a prominent vice commander. His body was brought to this city to the rooms of the J. R. Currier company.

TEMPLE—Lincoln Howard Temple, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Temple, Jr., died yesterday morning at the home of his parents, 24 Edison street, at the age of seven days. The body was taken to the funeral home for services were held yesterday afternoon. Undertaker William H. Saunders had charge of funeral arrangements.

LAGASSE—Joseph Lagasse died on Thursday night at his home, 194 Alken avenue, aged 38 years. He leaves four brothers, Ernest, Napoleon, Remi and Thomas Lagasse, all of Lowell, and five sisters, Mrs. Wilfrid Ducharme, Mrs. Arthur Morel and Misses Josephine and Maria Lagasse of Lowell, and Mrs. Valerie Bernier of Salmon Falls, N. H.

BURNS—Helen F. Burns, aged 16 years, daughter of Mary A. Burns, died this morning at the home of her mother, 483 Central street. She leaves her mother and two sisters, Miss Mabel Burns and Mrs. William Stafford, and two brothers, Edward and John.

RELLI—Basilio Relli, aged 11 months, child of Eselathios Relli, died this morning at the Lowell general hospital. The body was removed to the home of the parents, 102 Jefferson street.

FUNERAL NOTICES

FURY—The funeral of the late Patrick J. Fury will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late home, 15 Marion street. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of P. H. Savage.

QUIMBY—Died in Chelsea, Oct. 6, Mr. John H. Quimby, aged 66 years. Funeral services will be held from the funeral parlors of Undertakers J. R. Currier Co. on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. Undertakers J. R. Currier Co. in charge.

HART—The funeral of Miss Mary Frances Hart will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home, 26 Kinsman street, and services will be held at the Sacred Heart church at 3 o'clock. Friends invited. Funeral Director Thomas J. McDermott in charge.

DONOVAN—The funeral of the late Mrs. Burns Donovan took place this morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 57 George street, and was well attended. The funeral cortege proceeded to St. Peter's church, where at 9 o'clock a solemn mass of requiem was sung by Rev. W. George Mullin. The choir sang the Gregorian mass. During the mass the solos were sustained by Miss Mary E. Whiteley and Mr. James E. Donnelly. Among the floral tributes were a pillow inscribed "Mother" from Grace; spray of asters, Mrs. Maud C. Kennedy, and a galaxy wreath from a friend. The bearers were Messrs. Clark, Frank, Phineas, Richard Carter, Thos. McKean, Mathew Mack and Michael Manning. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Mullin. Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons had charge.

SILVA—The funeral of Manuel Silva took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the home of his parents, John and Rosa Silva, 512 Central street. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons in charge.

SULLIVAN—The funeral of Timothy Sullivan took place this morning from his home, 21 Ayer avenue, and proceeded to the Sacred Heart church, where a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Bernard Fletcher, O. M. The sanctuary choir, under the direction of Mrs. A. Muldoon, rendered the Gregorian mass. The bearers were Messrs. Sullivan, John, Thos. Poley, J. Garland, O. Colwell and Owen Kiernan. Burial in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery. J. P. Rogers had charge.

DEATHS

QUIMBY—John H. Quimby, for a number of years janitor of Memorial hall, died Thursday at the Soldiers' home, Chelsea, at the age of 67 years.

MISCELLANEOUS

NOT LESS THAN 67 1/2 is saved if you buy your piano of W. F. Trumbull; no rent and no agents is the reason why. 101 Westford st.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, knives and scissors sharpened; steel recuts; saw filing and tool fitting at Harry Gonzales, 128 Gormon st., Tel. 552-2.

E. JUDGE, the old reliable furniture and piano mover, in town and out. Satisfactory work, reasonable prices. Stand on Merrimack and Dutton sts. Residence, 30 Ludlum st. Tel. 187-1.

DRINK GLORIA for health. Sold everywhere.

MOTHERS—Rent's Destroyer kills lice on children, and all insects; cures dandruff and itching scalp; prevents falling hair; harmless. 25c only at Falls & Burkhaw's, 418 Middlesex st.

WANTED

ROGER'S INDIAN BLOOD REMEDY is sold in Lowell at C. Stevens', 58 Central st.

BARN OR SITE wanted with water and good yard space. Lowell Chimney Co., 32 Church st.

OLD FEATHER BEDS wanted. Guarantee to pay double the amount of any other dealer; also old fashioned furniture. Send orders to L. David, Gen. Delivery, Lowell.

OLD STOVES AND RANGES wanted to buy. Good offers for the good ones. Let us know today. Address E. Harris, P. O. Box 1052.

DETERMINED BROKER wanted, also, also paper novel. Morris's Book Store, 277 Middlesex st.

TENEMENT OF 6 ROOMS with shed or storage place offered for rent for man and wife low rent. Tel. 2842-3.

CHATELAIN WANTED to board at 51 Concord st.

QUICK LOANS

\$10.00 UPWARDS

AT POSITIVELY THE LOWEST RATES IN THE CITY

Our business is to loan money to housekeepers and workingmen, in such a manner that it will be a help and not a burden. Perhaps you have a few small bills that you would like to pay. Here is an opportunity for you to pay them. Get a loan from us and pay us as thousands are paying us now. All business strictly confidential. Call, write or telephone 2974.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

\$5 THE \$10 LOANS at

EQUITABLE LOAN CO.

\$1 Less for.....\$ 5.00
\$2 Less for.....\$10.00
\$3 Less for.....\$15.00
\$4 Less for.....\$25.00

Than any other loan company in Lowell.

MILL OPERATIVES, CLERKS, MECHANICS AND HOUSEKEEPERS MAY BORROW MONEY

Loaned without security. No waits, no investigations or red tape. Business strictly confidential. Payable in small weekly payments of any company in Lowell. Payable in small weekly payments. Offices 37 Hildreth Building, on one flight, at head of stairs. Open every evening. 45 Merrimack street.

LEGAL NOTICES

To the Honorable the Justices of the Superior Court of the County of Middlesex: I, Eugene Rodriguez, of Lowell, in said County, do hereby certify that I am the owner of the following described real estate, to-wit: a certain lot of land, situate in the City of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the east by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the west by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the north by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant, at Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, and bounded as follows: on the south by the lot of land owned by Eugene Rodriguez, now of parts unknown to your libellant,

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL, MASS. SATURDAY OCTOBER 8 1910

PRICE ONE CENT

EXTRA
BILL IN EQUITYTo Restrain Higgins From Ac-
cepting Democratic Nomination

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 8.—A bill in equity seeking to restrain Dist. Atty. John J. Higgins of Middlesex county from taking the certificate of nomination as the democratic candidate for district attorney for Middlesex county was filed today. Mr. Higgins, who is a republican, was given the democratic nomination at the Middlesex county convention held in Lowell during the week. The bill is brought by James J. Irwin of Everett, an attorney with an office in Boston, who was an aspirant for the democratic district at-

torney nomination, and by John W. McNamara, who was a delegate to the convention. The petition claims that insufficient notice of the convention was given, that the instructions regarding the meeting place of the convention were vague and that the conferment of the democratic nomination on Mr. Higgins was a result of a conspiracy.

District Attorney Higgins accepted legal service and a hearing will be held before Judge Richardson in the equity session of the superior court at Boston on Tuesday morning.

MULFORD LEADS

In the Big Automobile Race
in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.—A raw northwest wind chilled the thousands of spectators who gathered around the eight and one-tenth mile course in Fairmount park today to witness the big 200 mile automobile road race of the Quaker City Motor club, scheduled to start at noon. Three thousand policemen and several hundred Fairmount park guards line the way. Thirty-two cars are entered and the prizes amount to \$10,000. The cars are in five classes, according to piston displacement, and will start in numerical order, number 1 being sent away first. The fastest car in each class will receive \$1000 in cash and a trophy valued at \$400, and the fastest car in the race will receive an additional \$2500, thus giving the winner \$3500 and a cup. The conditions call for twenty-five rounds, a total of 202½ miles.

Following are the entries:

No.	Car	Driver
1	27—Coke "30"	Billy Endicott
2	18—Coke "30"	Harry Endicott
3	19—Ford	Frank Killeck
4	2—Abbott-Detroit	Mortimer Roberts
5	6—Abbott-Detroit	Montague Roberts
6	21—Abbott-Detroit	Vincent Padula

No.	Car	Driver
7	24—Marmon	Joe Dawson
8	15—Mercer	H. P. Frey
9	10—Merwin	Joe Matson
10	14—Pullman	Ray Harwood
11	8—Pullman	Harold Pardesty
12	32—Otto	Frank Yerger

No.	Car	Driver
13	17—Benz	Willie Haupt
14	26—Benz	Ed Herne
15	11—Jackson	Harry Cohe
16	13—Marmon	Ray Harwood
17	25—Westcott	Harry C. Knight
18	3—National	John Allen
19	16—National	W. C. Wilcox

No.	Car	Driver
20	30—Benz	C. A. Bergdoll
21	1—Apperson	H. M. Hanshue
22	23—Standard-Dayton	Hugh S. Harding
23	20—Standard-Dayton	Robin De Hymel
24	4—Lozier	Ralph Mulford
25	9—Apperson	George Davis
26	5—Mercedes	Jagersberger

No.	Car	Driver
27	5—Chadwick	Leisigle
28	22—Chadwick	V. M. McNeil
29	15—Simplex	J. Fred Betz
30	13—Simplex	W. C. Mullen
31	27—Simplex	Ralph Bearseley
32	7—Benz	Erwin Bergdoll

There is no first division.

The piston displacement ranges from the lowest in division two to the highest in division six.

Two Men Injured

Mayor Reburna who reached the official stand at 11:30, pronounced the police arrangements perfect.

The first car, number 1, an Apperson,

Free from Grease, Hood's Lotion does not make hair grow. This is a strong point in its favor. Soothes and heals the skin. 25 or 50c.

Indigestion

Sour stomach, wind in stomach, heaving, acid eructations, heartburn and nausea, are quickly relieved and in many cases permanently cured by

Dyspeptics

Combining the best digestive, carminatives and correctives. 10 or 25c. Remember the name **Dys-pop-lots** Substitute the name

GRAND SERVICE
To be Held on Colum-
bus Day

Columbus Day, the new legal holiday in the Bay State, promises to be marked by celebrations in every section of the commonwealth. The great parade in Boston will be the most imposing street demonstration seen in the city in long time.

In Lowell the Knights of Columbus have arranged a program designed to be enjoyable as well as instructive. The plans are for a mass at the Sacred Heart church in the morning with Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I., as celebrant. Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O. M. I., will deliver the sermon. The service will be attended by the Knights and the Catholic societies. At 12:30 o'clock the school children of the city will sing patriotic songs at City Hall. The closing feature will be the banquet for the members and their lady friends in Associate hall.

The mass is the important event of the celebration. Unfortunately most of the Catholic societies cannot take part, because of the running of mills and shops but, they will be represented by large delegations, and some entire organizations have voted to take part, including the O. M. I. Cadets, the Knights of Equity and the Mathews.

Thomas J. O'Donnell has been elected marshal for the parade. Members will assemble in the hall not later than 9 o'clock as the start will be made by 9:15. The committee has agreed that the dress shall consist of black derby hat, dark clothes, black shoes, white gloves, and the Columbus souvenir medal.

The banquet will be a strictly K. of C. affair and the council is very fortunate in the list of speakers. Rev. J. Coyle of Taunton, a noted pulpit orator; Hon. E. Mark Sullivan of Boston, assistant U. S. District Attorney, a brilliant speaker; Mayor Meahan; Mr. Cyrus A. Durgin of the State Normal school; J. E. Lamoureux, president of the school board; Hugh J. Billorey, chairman of the Columbus day committee will preside, and the American band will stimulate the singing of patriotic songs.

All the Catholic singers in Lowell are invited to assist at the mass and rehearsals will be held at the K. of C. rooms Sunday evening and Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The evening schools will open Monday, Oct. 10. Registration for new pupils closed last evening.

There has been a readjustment of the schedule in the evening high school, and two new courses have been added, one of which is in preparation for civil service examinations; and in the stenography course, another year has been added, giving three years prescribed work instead of two years heretofore.

Following is the schedule of the two new courses:

Advanced course. Diploma for the prescribed course of three years.

First year—Physiology, algebra, rhetoric.

Second year—General history, English literature, Latin or geometry.

Third year—French of physics, English, Latin or civil government.

Civil service course (no diploma). To prepare for civil service examinations only.

First year—Composition and letter writing, arithmetic, spelling, grammar, reading from text dictation, United States history.

Second year—English, United States geography, copying from plain copy and from rough draft, reading of addresses, railway connections and junctions in New England, penmanship.

Consideration of examinations on above subjects as previously given by the examiners, comprise the course.

The stenography course. Diploma for three years prescribed work, includes: Stenography and typewriting. The regular course, which is unchanged, comprises the following studies: Penmanship, spelling, advanced spelling, grammar, arithmetic, French.

Mr. Adam Daigles has grown some record-breaking carrots in his garden at his home, 38 Bachman street, during the present season and while most of the carrots were abnormally large some of them were absolutely freakish.

Mr. Daigles called at The Sun office this afternoon with two wonderful specimens of his carrot family. One was a turnip-shaped affair and it was literally covered with "baby" carrots. It measured 16 inches in diameter and weighed over 3 pounds.

The other freak consisted of two carrots in one and so closely entwined as to render separation impossible without the use of a knife. The peculiar feature of this very peculiar specimen was the fact that one of the carrots was white and the other red. The seed responsible for these extraordinary carrots was purchased at Ervin E. Smith's store in Market street and they will be on exhibition there for the next few days.

FREAK CARROTS
Grown in a Bachman
Street Garden

CONG. WEEKS NOMINATED

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Congressman Weeks of Newton was nominated for a fourth term by the republicans of the 12th Massachusetts district today.

With the race half over Bergdoll, in a Benz, was leading by a comfortable margin.

Mulford Takes Lead

Mulford, in a Lozier, took the lead from Bergdoll in the sixteenth lap. Bergdoll held the lead from the fifth lap. His car has not yet come around and nothing is known of his trouble. Lenzenle passed the stand in second place on the sixteenth lap. Mulford finished the seventeenth lap in the lead.

Bergdoll is stalled with engine trouble.

In the week of the Simplex the machinist received a compound fracture of one arm, a broken leg and internal injuries. Mitchell, the driver, was not injured, but his mechanism is in a serious condition.

THAYER FOR CONGRESS

WORCESTER, Oct. 8.—The democratic third district convention here today unanimously nominated John Alben Thayer at Worcester for congress.

LAURIER'S SPEECH

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Extraordinary interest is felt throughout the Dominion in the speech to be delivered by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Canada's premier, in Montreal on Monday night. It is expected he will declare for a generous measure of reciprocity with the United States in response to petitions from western grain growers.

Daniel J. McCabe, son of William P. McCabe, at Washington—Philadelphia-Washington first game postponed; rain.

Washington (American) Philadelphia-Washington second game postponed; rain.

American at New York: Boston 1, New York 4 (first game).

BASEBALL GAMES POSTPONED

For the week ending Oct. 8, 1910: Population, 26,530; total deaths, 42; deaths under five, 20; infectious diseases, 1; acute infectious diseases, 1; typhoid fever, 1; death rate, 2.60 per 1000; 29.33 and 11.03 for previous two weeks. Infectious diseases reported: Typhoid fever, 2; scarlet fever, 3; diphtheria, 2. Board of Health.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

Lowell Electric Light
50 Central Street

THE EVENING SCHOOLS LIQUOR SALOONS

Registration of New Pupils Closed
Last Evening

All liquor saloons in this city will be closed next Wednesday, Columbus day, according to the vote of the board of police, made at a special meeting of that body at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Inasmuch as Columbus day is a new legal holiday, there was a difference of opinion as to whether or not the saloons would be closed. The board of police in order to be on the safe side referred the matter to the city solicitor and asked his opinion.

The opinion of the city solicitor is as follows:

Board of Police, Lowell, Mass.

Gentlemen:—In reply to your communication regarding the sale on Columbus Day of intoxicating liquors by persons licensed to sell under a first class, or first and fourth class license as common victuallers, and retail dealers, or by innholders, to persons other than bona fide guests, it is my opinion that while technically the board might be justified in allowing such sales, it would be better, under the circumstances, not to do so. The intention of the legislature to place Columbus day on a different footing in this respect from other holidays cannot be presumed.

Very truly yours,
William W. Dunne,
City Solicitor.

The opinion was received by the board of police this morning and as a

result of that opinion the board met in special session this afternoon and voted to call the attention of the licensees to the act of the legislature and further ruled that Columbus day will be observed, similar to other legal holidays.

It was voted to send the following communication to the various liquor dealers in the city:

To the Holders of Licenses to Sell Intoxicating Liquors:

The attention of licensees is called to the following act of the legislature of 1910: approved April 29, 1910: (Chap. 473.)

An Act to Provide That the Twelfth Day of October Shall Be a Legal Holiday and Shall be Called Columbus Day.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 1. To commemorate the discovery of America, by Christopher Columbus the twelfth day of October shall hereafter be a legal holiday and shall be known as Columbus day.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. (Approved April 29, 1910.)

The board rules that Columbus day, Oct. 12th, is a legal holiday in all respects similar to legal holidays previously enumerated by section 5, chapter 8, of the Revised Laws, that all restrictions of the sale of liquor on legal holidays apply equally to Columbus day, Oct. 12th, and must be strictly observed.

All Will be Closed on Columbus Day

Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is in receipt of a communication from Ernest W. Bowditch, the engineer in charge of the erection of the gateway at the entrance to the Shedd playgrounds in Rogers street, that the plans provided for the widening of Rogers street in the vicinity of the playgrounds.

Recently batters were erected for the new gateway and people who were interested in the proposed widening of the street ten feet, wrote the board of trade asking if the engineers had provided for the anticipated widening. Mr. Murphy communicated with Mr. Bowditch and the latter this morning sent a letter to the effect that he had taken that matter into consideration and that the public can rest assured that the gateway will not in the least interfere with the proposed widening.

He also complimented the board of trade on its work and the interest taken in the matter of widening the street and said he would assist the city or the board in effecting the widening of Rogers street in any manner possible.

Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is in receipt of a communication from Ernest W. Bowditch, the engineer in charge of the erection of the gateway at the entrance to the Shedd playgrounds in Rogers street, that the plans provided for the widening of Rogers street in the vicinity of the playgrounds.

Recently batters were erected for the new gateway and people who were interested in the proposed widening of the street ten feet, wrote the board of trade asking if the engineers had provided for the anticipated widening. Mr. Murphy communicated with Mr. Bowditch and the latter this morning sent a letter to the effect that he had taken that matter into consideration and that the public can rest assured that the gateway will not in the least interfere with the proposed widening.

He also complimented the board of trade on its work and the interest taken in the matter of widening the street and said he would assist the city or the board in effecting the widening of Rogers street in any manner possible.

SHEDD GATEWAY CITY HALL NEWS

Will Not Prevent Widening of Street

Items of Interest on Municipal Business

Mayor Meahan was in great demand by callers this morning and had but little leisure. Outside of a few minutes' conference with the purchasing agent and superintendent of streets, his time was taken up with citizens who sought his advice or influence. Many a hard luck tale was unfolded.

The flag is at half staff on the Memorial building today out of respect to the memory of Janitor Quimby who passed away yesterday.

The committee on public convenience station will meet at city hall, at 7:30, Monday night. The street committee will meet at 8 on Monday night.

The common council will meet Tuesday evening at 8.

The committee on claims will meet Thursday at 1:30 and 7:30.

Philip S. Marden, of the Courthouse, has taken out a permit for alterations and improvements at his home, 11 Fairview street.

Mrs. C. M. Bryan, 66 Rock street, and Mrs. Emma H. Truworthy of 75 Robbins street, have taken out permits for building alterations.

Items of Interest on Municipal Business

Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is in receipt of a communication from Ernest W. Bowditch, the engineer in charge of the erection of the gateway at the entrance to the Shedd playgrounds in Rogers street, that the plans provided for the widening of Rogers street in the vicinity of the playgrounds.

Recently batters were erected for the new gateway and people who were interested in the proposed widening of the street ten feet, wrote the board of trade asking if the engineers had provided for the anticipated widening. Mr. Murphy communicated with Mr. Bowditch and the latter this morning sent a letter to the effect that he had taken that matter into consideration and that the public can rest assured that the gateway will not in the least interfere with the proposed widening.

He also complimented the board of trade on its work and the interest taken in the matter of widening the street and said he would assist the city or the board in effecting the widening of Rogers street in any manner possible.

HE DROPPED DEAD

Patrick Lavin Stricken
With Heart Failure

Patrick Lavin, a coachman in the employ of Mrs. S. K. Dexter in Wilder street, dropped dead while working in the vicinity of the stable this afternoon. His death was due to heart failure. Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell & Sons were notified and conveyed the body to their parlors in Market street. The dead man lived at 34 Marginal street.

JOHN R. THAYER

Will Not Accept the
Nomination

WORCESTER, Oct. 8.—When John R. Thayer was informed that his name was expected to be presented to the committee of democrats appointed by the state convention to find a candidate for governor in the place of Frederick Mansfield, the stop-gap candidate, he said:

"I positively refuse to accept the nomination," told members of the committee in Boston before the convention closed that I would not accept the nomination."

WON A PRIZE

Butler Vets Got \$20 at
Brockton Fair

While it wasn't generally announced in the press dispatches, the Butler Vets got a piece of the money at the Brockton fair yesterday, capturing the last prize, \$20.

The money was carefully carried home by Frank Mallory of North Chelmsford and turned over to Treasurer Peter A. Mackenzie.

The members feel well satisfied that they got anything under the circumstances, for when they started their machine they found it impossible to pump any water and it took them most of the time allotted to them to get it in working order.

POPULATION STATISTICS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Population statistics were made public today by the census bureau for the following cities:

Orange, N. J., 26,530, an increase of 5,489, or 22.7 per cent. over 24,141.

Wichita, Kans., 52,450, an increase of 27,779, or 112 per cent. over 24,671 in 1900.

BOARD OF TRADE

TO MAP OUT COURSE OF WORK FOR THE YEAR

The regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Lowell board of trade will be held Tuesday night at 8 o'clock at the headquarters in the Central block. The chairman of the various standing committees have been invited to attend. The principal business of the meeting will be to map out a course of work for the year.

The board has adopted a new envelope to be used in writing out communications. The envelope is of the regulation size and in the upper left hand corner of it is the inscription, "Lowell Board of Trade, Lowell, Mass.," while on the reverse side are statistics relative to the city which will tend to attract people to come here.

44 HOUR WEEK

Harrington Building
Contractor Thanked

Supt. G. C. Bullock, who has charge of the work on the Harrington building in Central street, is in receipt today of the following self-explanatory letter from the Carpenters' union:

Carpenters' Union, Nos. 49 and 1660.
Lowell, Oct. 8, 1910.

Mr. G. C. Bullock, Supt. Hooper & Watson Co.,
Harrington Building, Lowell, Mass.

Dear Sir:—I have been instructed by the District Council of Carpenters to tender to you and the company you represent a vote of thanks for being the first contractors to work the 44 hour week in Lowell.

The council wishes to recognize this act of your company and wishing you all success in your undertakings.

Sincerely yours,
M. A. Lee, Business Agent.

NEW QUARTERS

Secured by Board of
Trade

The new quarters of the Lowell board of trade on the top floor of the Central block are now almost ready for occupancy. They will be inspected by the board of directors Tuesday night prior to the meeting.

For years the board has occupied a single office, the dimensions of which are rather small, on the top floor of the building and in case a hearing or overflow meeting was held it was necessary to use the quarters of the Lowell Co-operative bank, which adjoined the office.

At a recent meeting of the board it was decided that while advocating the improving of the city, it would be in keeping for the board to also make an improvement with the result that new quarters were engaged.

The new quarters take up a portion of the space occupied by Wescott, the photographer. That portion of the top floor has been changed over into offices so that it conforms with the lower floors and the new rooms of the board will occupy nearly one-half of the space of the former photographers' rooms.

There are two rooms, one a very large one which is to be used as a meeting room, and the other a small one which is to be used as a private office. The interior of the rooms are to be decorated in an artistic manner while the floors are to be covered with linoleum.

Held in \$300

MAN CHARGED WITH OPERATING
ILLICIT STILL

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 8. William B. Peters, a Maine guide, who runs a shooting camp about 21 miles north of Sebasticomack, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Hamlin today charged with the operation of an illicit still at his camp. Probable cause was indicated and he was released under \$300 bonds for trial at the December term of the district court in Portland.

BOWEN NOMINATED

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 8. William M. Bowen was chosen as the republican candidate for state senator for Providence at a convention held in this city today.

SHEDD GATEWAY CITY HALL NEWS

Will Not Prevent Widening of Street

Items of Interest on Municipal Business

Mayor Meahan was in great demand by callers this morning and had but little leisure. Outside of a few minutes' conference with the purchasing agent and superintendent of streets, his time was taken up with citizens who sought his advice or influence. Many a hard luck tale was unfolded.

The flag is at half staff on the Memorial building today out of respect to the memory of Janitor Quimby who passed away yesterday.

The committee on public convenience station will meet at city hall, at 7:30, Monday night. The street committee will meet at 8 on Monday night.

The common council will meet Tuesday evening at 8.

The committee on claims will meet Thursday at 1:30 and 7:30.

Philip S. Marden, of the Courthouse, has taken out a permit for alterations and improvements at his home, 11 Fairview street.

Mrs. C. M. Bryan, 66 Rock street, and Mrs. Emma H. Truworthy of 75 Robbins street, have taken out permits for building alterations.

Items of Interest on Municipal Business

Secretary John H. Murphy, of the Lowell board of trade, is in receipt of a communication from Ernest W. Bowditch, the engineer in charge of the erection of the gateway at the entrance to the Shedd playgrounds in Rogers street, that the plans provided for the widening of Rogers street in the vicinity of the playgrounds.

Recently batters were erected for the new gateway and people who were interested in the proposed widening of the street ten feet, wrote the board of trade asking if the engineers had provided for the anticipated widening. Mr. Murphy communicated with Mr. Bowditch and the latter this morning sent a letter to the effect that he had taken that matter into consideration and that the public can rest assured that the gateway will not in the least interfere with the proposed widening.

He also complimented the board of trade on its work and the interest taken in the matter of widening the street and said he would assist the city or the board in effecting the widening of Rogers street in any manner possible.

INHALED GAS

MAN WAS FOUND DEAD IN HIS HOME

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 8.—Raymond Hills, president of the Plympton & Hills corporation, dealers in plumbers' supplies, was found dead from gas asphyxiation at his home in Magnolia street, today. He had inhaled gas through a tube attached to a fixture near his bed.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Charles Robbins of Cambridge and Miss Evangeline Hurlburt of this city were united in marriage Thursday afternoon at St. Peter's parsonage by Rev. Fr. Burns. The bride was attended by Miss Kittie Cole and Mr. Carroll Kennedy was best man. After the ceremony the bridal party rode in an automobile to Nashua where a wedding reception was held. During the reception a concert program was given by the Cadet orchestra of Nashua. Mr. and Mrs. Robbins were the recipients of a number of wedding gifts. They will reside in Cambridge.

The Belvidere Land company has a very unique land sale advertisement in today's issue, and it should be carefully read by every one who is thinking of purchasing a building site.

A nouncement

ABEL R. CAMPBELL, the real estate man at 417 Middlesex street, corner Thorne-dike, who has been unable to be at his office for the past two weeks on account of illness will be found there daily from this date.

SPECIAL NOTICE

All members of the Celtic Association are requested to report at their hall, Sunday, Oct. 9th, at 10 o'clock to attend the funeral of their late brother, Patrick J. Furey. Signed, Secretary.

THE HOLY HOUR

Impressive Service at
St. Peter's Church

The Holy Hour service at St. Peter's church last evening was fully as impressive as its predecessors, and again drew a congregation that filled the church.

Rev. Fr. O'Brien officiated and the musical program was as follows: "O Salutaris," prayer; chancel choir; prayer; "Jesu Christe," by James E. Donnelly; chancel choir; prayer; "Ave Maria," Mrs. Mary Gallagher-Leahy; chancel choir; prayer; "Ecco Panis," Miss Whiteley and Mr. Donnelly; chancel choir quartet; "Tantum Ergo." The chancel choir quartet consists of Messrs. Delaney, McNulty, Carlin and Townsend. The exercises closed with benediction and the singing of "Te Deum" by choir and congregation.

The Holy Hour service is held on the first Friday of every month at St. Peter's.

Y. M. C. I. OUTING

WILL BE HELD AT BEAVER
BROOK TOMORROW

The annual day in the country of the Y. M. C. I. will be held at "Rocky" Snow's Beaver Brook grove tomorrow and the committee in charge has arranged a most attractive program which will include a clam bake.

CHELMSFORD

A successful and enjoyable food sale was held in the town hall at Chelmsford yesterday by the members of the entertainment committee of the annual fair of the Congregational society.

Within half an hour after opening, everything was disposed of and there were many calls for more. Those in charge were Mrs. Eben T. Adams, chairman, assisted by Mrs. O. J. Chapman and Miss Lillian Kilbourne.

Political

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

FIGHT IS IMMINENT

The Dietz Outlaw Truce Will Expire Today

WINTER, Wis., Oct. 8.—The truce declared early yesterday between John Dietz, the Cameron dam outlaw, and the sharpshooters who surround his cabin, ended yesterday afternoon and a battle will follow the first appearance of the man.

The truce was made to enable Atty. Gen. Gilbert and C. I. Munson to hold another conference with Dietz to induce him to surrender. Dietz refused the terms of surrender offered him, and Sheriff Madden at once ordered Capt. Thorburn, commanding the 60 sharpshooters to "do your duty."

Within 15 minutes from the final rejection of surrender offers, Dietz was barricaded behind logs two feet thick and the men who had been picketing the woods about his house for a week were ordered to close in. Dietz's refusal came after a long conference with Atty. Gen. Gilbert and Col. Munson, secretary to the governor, who offered the outlaw's family immunity and agreed that Dietz should have a fair trial. Dietz held out for the dismissal of all the indictments against him except the one charging him with assault with intent to kill Horst.

Pointing at the U. S. flag waving above the cabin Dietz said:

"I'm going to stay right here after that is shot to rags. Shoot when you are ready."

"This is my home. I will die right here, where I have lived and where we have all resisted repeated attempts at assassination. There stands the flag. I will die beneath it fighting for my rights like a good American."

"I never have harmed a man in my life, nor have I ever violated a law. I have defended myself and my family only."

"I will make my life cost them dearly. I am here to sell it and am ready."

CHAFING
All Skin Irritation and Odors caused by Perspiration or Heat are speedily removed by

E. S. SYKES Comfort
ANTISEPTIC TOILET POWDER
a skillfully medicated Toilet Powder which is no more like ordinary Talcum Powder than cream is like skimmed milk being perfectly harmless to the most delicate skin and possessing unequalled healing and soothing power.

Look for the name E. S. SYKES on every box. None genuine without it.

ready for the transaction. Let them begin shooting."

When he fought the Weyerhaeuser timber interests and the lumber company's millions and won he did not realize that the battle of one lone homesteader against the great corporation obtained him public sympathy which meant victory in the end. He thought it was his rifle that won the victory and did not think that when he shot a man in cold blood in an election day fight he would alienate the friends he had won in his struggle against the Weyerhaeusers.

Today the men who supported him in that contest are the men who are waiting for a glimpse of Dietz to give them a chance to put a rifle bullet home.

Dietz has prepared for a siege. His house has provisions for the entire family until spring. A pile of wood will keep the cabin warm until the winter is gone.

Sheriff Madden first tried to serve his warrant peacefully, but was told to keep away if he wished to escape death when he visited Dietz. The sheriff went unarmed to the Dietz homestead and tried to have Dietz submit to arrest and trial quietly. Dietz made Madden stand with his hands above his head while the two exchanged their ultimatums.

The fight in which the deputies shot, and probably fatally wounded Myra Dietz, the 23-year-old daughter, slightly wounded Clarence Dietz, the older brother, and slightly wounded Leslie, the 20-year-old brother, ended the first chapter of the story.

The story starts back in 1905, when the Weyerhaeuser interests were cutting the last of the pine from the vicinity of Winter. There was only the hemlock wilderness, through which the Thornapple river flows and upon whose banks Dietz's homestead is placed. Dietz claimed that his title to the land gave him the right to assess a small tax on the lumber company for every log sent through the Cameron dam, on the Dietz place. The company appealed to the state courts to force Dietz to let 5,000,000 feet of pine piled above the dam be sent through and when Dietz defied the state courts the federal authorities were appealed to. Dietz threw the U. S. marshal out of the window of his house, and later shot one of the deputy U. S. marshals sent to arrest him. Dietz sent word that if this officer came again he would not miss a vital spot again.

Dietz claimed that the courts could not give him justice because the wealth of the corporation would fight the case in the higher courts until Dietz could fight no longer and so he decided to pin his faith to his rifle. This attitude won him such powerful support that the lumber company dropped its fight.

But when on Sept. 6 Dietz had an election fight and shot Bert Horst, a former friend and settler in the northern woods turned against Dietz. The first bloodshed in the fight against Dietz was Saturday, when

Dietz had planned to visit Winter to get his mail. Although the sheriff had warrants for him and his son, Clarence, the two had twice visited the village, walking back to back with rifles cocked. The officers could not get the drop on the two men.

The plan of Sheriff Madden was to have his deputies scattered along the road and thus capture Dietz. They were to shoot to kill if he did not hold up his hands. Dietz, instead of leaving home himself, sent his sons Clarence and Leslie and their sister to act as a safeguard, believing that the officers would not shoot with a woman near.

The officers, however, knew that Myra, the daughter, could use a rifle as well as any man in the country. When the officers ordered the Dietz boys to throw up their hands, they say, the Dietz sons refused, and started to get their rifles. Then the officers fired.

Sheriff Madden says: "We could have killed all three, but Leslie was allowed to escape. Clarence was shot through the arm and the girl through the body. After the shooting we hurried to town to get medical care for the two who had been wounded."

Sheriff Madden has been criticized for a lack of care for the wounded girl. He says she is herself as much a fighter as her brothers, and that if she had not been shot she would have shot the officers. She was sent to Ashland for hospital attention, without a nurse except a woman who occasionally does such work in Winter, and was sent under close police guard.

Dietz has declared that he will slip through the cordon of deputies about his house, reach Winter and free his son Clarence from jail. Winter, however, is under martial law, enforced by 35 deputies, who have established a dead line. The sheriff made an effort to censor the newspaper telegrams, but the local operator said he was under instructions from his superiors that a sheriff could not force him to refuse business, and so the newspaper men, after a single day in which they could not send a word to their papers, are able to do their work.

GIRLS INJURED

HORSE WAS SCARED BY AN AUTOMOBILE

FAIRHAVEN, Vt., Oct. 8.—Lucy and Mabel Bartholomew, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Willis Bartholomew of New Hampton, N. Y., were seriously injured yesterday afternoon when a horse they were driving ran away after being frightened by an automobile.

The girls were on their way home from school. The machine passed them at a rapid rate near the Frank Norton house on West street. The horse ran to the state line bridge, where the girls were pitched out.

One of them was badly shaken up and bruised, and the other was thrown against the corner of the bridge, cutting open her head so that 12 stitches were necessary to close the wound. It is expected that both will recover.

The machine was going so rapidly that nobody saw the number, but the police are seeking the chauffeur.

RATS AND PUFFS THE STYLE

Women who cover their heads with masses of false hair will in time have diseased scalps. Rats and puffs are denounced by doctors as unhygienic dust and germ-catchers. They exclude the air from the scalp, and the pressure on the delicate network of veins soon results in the loss of hair. A good thing to shampoo the head with is a neutral soap, combined with Glycerin, White of Eggs, Coconut Oil and Salicylic Acid. These are the ingredients Blit's Head Wash is made of. It removes every trace of dandruff and scales from the scalp and leaves the hair soft and glossy. 25c and 50c at drug and department stores.



A Wonderful Oven

they all say.

Glenwood Range

"Makes Cooking Easy"

Ask the Woman who uses one

M. F. Cookin Co., Lowell

Ask the Woman who uses one

KING MANUEL AND RELATIVES SEEK REFUGE AT GIBRALTAR



LONDON, Oct. 8.—Under the sanctuary of the British flag the Portuguese royal yacht Amelle is anchored here, having on board King Manuel of Portugal, the queen mother Amelle, the dowager queen, Maria Pia, and the Duke of Oporto. How long the royal exile will remain here is unknown, but there are reports to the effect that as soon as the loyal soldiers about Lisbon can arrange some semblance of organization King Manuel will take the field in person to lead his army against the republicans who have sought to overthrow his kingdom. Official advices state that the republic has been proclaimed at Oporto, Selva, Braga, Coimbra, Estremoz, Evora and Portalegre. Portugal, there are conflicting reports as to the state of affairs in Oporto. The most credible have it that nothing more serious happened there than a fight between a great crowd of republicans and a force of police. One of the ministers of the provisional government is touring the country urging the people to remain peaceful.

ARREST PETERS

He is Charged With Operating Still

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 8.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Fred Stevens of Portland and special U. S. Revenue Officers Augustus H. Sweet and G. P. Turner arrested here last night, having in custody William R. Peters, who will be given a hearing today before U. S. Commissioner Hamlin. Peters is charged with operating a still for the illegal manufacture of liquors on July 1 last.

He was arrested at his camp in the deep woods about 20 miles north of Sebago, at the head of Moosehead Lake. To reach his place was a tiresome journey for the officers, who had to walk much of the way through wood

roads and follow blazed trails obstructed by trees blown down by the big gale of Saturday. The trip from Portland and back to Bangor took four days.

Peters, who is about 40 years old, lived in a camp in the wilderness, where he has cleared a small farm and makes his living by selling vegetables to lumber camps and by hunting and trapping. He made no resistance to arrest. He protested that he had never made any liquor and did not know how.

The revenue officers said last night that they knew nothing about him more than contained in the warrant for his arrest, which was given them to serve and that they made no search of the premises. They said that summonses had been issued for a number of witnesses, guides, fire and game wardens and lumbermen, but that the only one of these found thus far is one witness who was brought to Bangor yesterday.

"Moonshine" whiskey has not been uncommon in the woods for the past seven or eight years. It is said to be made from oats, sugar, prunes, raisins and other materials from logging camp supplies. Peters is the first to be arrested in this section upon the charge of operating a still. It is understood the case was worked up by special U. S. officers.

LOST MINE

WORKED BY SPANISH YEARS AGO IS FOUND

HISHER, Ariz., Oct. 8.—Mexican officials in Chusima announce the rediscovery of the old Santa Fe-Teresa gold mine, one of the few really "lost" mines of the southwest which was known to have been worked by the Spaniards more than a century ago, and which has been lost since 1816. The mine shaft is well preserved, but the timbers have been removed and the earth has caved in. Two skeletons were found in the bottom of the shaft. The Mexican government is now making arrangements to take charge of the mine.

SILVER WEDDING

Observed By Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thompson

A very happy event took place last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Thompson, 17 Ralph street, the occasion being the 25th anniversary of their marriage. The happy couple were presented a silver casket filled with silver coin, while Mr. Thompson's workmates in the machine shop of the Hamilton Manufacturing company, presented \$25 in silver. There were many other presents, all of silver.

The home was prettily decorated with harel, evergreen and autumn foliage. The reception was from 7.30 to 8.30 and was followed by music and a general good time.

During the evening the Lyric Lullaby quartet, consisting of Miss Clifford, Miss Etta Thompson, Miss Beattie Waters and Mrs. Lillian Dodge Haskell, gave several selections. Miss Thompson gave several solos and Mrs. Haskell gave a brace of readings. Miss Viola Marshall was pianist.

Four generations were represented at the reception. Mrs. Laranda Thompson, mother of Mr. Thompson, and Mrs. Mary Houston, mother of Mrs. Thompson, were present. Mrs. Gertrude Lord, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, and her daughter, Miss Florence Lord, made the four generations. Miss Etta Thompson, another daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, was also present.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson were united in marriage on the evening of October 7, 1885, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Houston, the bride's parents, in West Fourth street. Rev. Robert Court, D. D., at that time pastor of the First Presbyterian church, was the officiating clergyman. Mr. Thompson was born in Lowell, while Mrs. Thompson, who was Miss Elizabeth Houston, was born in Scotland.

The best man of 25 years ago was James Houston, a brother of the bride. The bridesmaid was Mrs. Hattie Costello, a sister of Mr. Thompson. Both were present at the anniversary observance last night. Other friends and relatives were present from Old Mystic, Conn.; Haverhill, Mass.; Centerville, R. I.; North Chelmsford and Tyngsboro.

MAN SEEKS WRIT

WANTS STATE OFFICER KEATING TO RELEASE HIM

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—A Shirley Ladd of Haverhill brought a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the supreme court yesterday against Arthur E. Keating of the state police, with a view to have the latter release him from custody. Keating arrested Ladd on an extradition warrant for the authorities in Vermont, who want him for an alleged violation of a law in illegally soliciting risks and applications for fire insurance companies.

The petitioner claims the offence is not extraditable. Judge Rugg set the case down for hearing on Oct. 14 and admitted the petitioner to bail of \$1000.

Every ingredient in True's Elixir is selected for great medicinal value, free from deleterious properties or impurities. The compounding is done with the strictest care.

"Keeps you and your children well!"

Sold by all druggists—35c.—50c.—\$1.00.

DR. J. F. TRUE & CO., Auburn, Maine

Bright, Clear and Clean

HORNE COAL CO.

A Burning Question

THE COAL SUPPLY

Make up your mind to have the most satisfactory kind mined by ordering from

William E. Livingston Co., 15 Thorndike St.

Business Established 1828

A. G. Pollard Co.

The Store for Thrifty People

Fine Table Linens

TO BE SOLD AT

A THIRD BELOW REGULAR PRICE

About \$2500 worth of Damasks, Napkins, Pattern Cloths, Trays, Scarfs, etc. Our usual fall offering of Bleacher's Damages will go on sale.

Monday, Oct. 10th

LINEN DEPT.

PALMER STREET

LEFT AISLE

SPEAKERS HEARD

On the Workingmen's Compensation Act

The state commission on compensation for workmen receiving injuries in employment gave a public hearing at city hall yesterday afternoon and evening.

This commission consists of James A. Lowell, chairman; Amos T. Sanborn, Magnus W. Alexander, Henry Howard, Joseph A. Parks and Carroll W. Dotson. Mr. Parks is a member of the legislature and a recognized friend of labor. Mr. Dotson acted in the capacity of chief investigator, and the meeting was called to order shortly after three o'clock.

Mr. Dotson presided and the meeting was called to order shortly after three o'clock. Agent Thomas of the Bostt mills asked what the present law is. He was told that under the present law an employee can recover for injuries due to the carelessness of his employer or his agents. If he can prove it was due to his carelessness and not to his own, but experience had gone to show that it was rather difficult to procure the necessary evidence.

Michael A. Lee of the organization of Lowell said he had seen a great many accidents in mills and said he had suffered a few himself. He said he thought there was great need of a law protecting the employee. He is not sufficiently protected at the present time, he said.

Mr. Lee told the story of the accident at the Hatch building in Church street in 1907. The falling of a heavy stone resulted in the death of two men; one was killed instantly and the other died shortly after reaching the hospital. Another man sustained a broken leg. The relatives of the men who were killed or the man who sustained a broken leg were not compensated. The claim was that the men themselves were to blame, but Mr. Lee said the men were handling stones with hands and ropes that should have been handled by aid of a derrick. Mr. Lee cited many other cases where injuries were sustained and no compensation received.

President Regan of the Trades and Labor Council said the laboring people

are anxious to have established a law that will properly protect the employee.

Mr. Regan, too, referred to the Church street job and how it was fought in the courts. He said that one of the men injured on the job would appear before the commission and tell how it happened.

In reply to a question by Commissioner Parks, Mr. Regan said he thought that if employers would show more sympathy for and more interest in their employees who meet with injuries, that a better feeling would exist between employer and employee.

Agent Thomas of the Bostt mills said that there are 18,000 people employed in the mills of Lowell, and he thought that the number of accidents were few as compared to the number of employees. He spoke of the corporation hospital, which is supported chiefly by the corporations, and said that employees of the mills who receive injuries are cared for there at a minimum cost. He said that textile machinery has been very much improved, a great deal of the danger eliminated, and mill managements, he said, are very careful and solicitous as to the safety of their employees. He said that in the case of foreigners coming to work in the mills they are instructed and warned as to whatever dangers may surround them at their work.

Rep. Kearns spoke of an incident he witnessed in the dyehouse of a mill in this city, when a man lost the sight of one eye. He said the accident was not due to the man's own carelessness, but he was not compensated for his injuries. He said he would favor any law that would mean better protection for the laboring man. He cited other instances of injuries to persons who were not responsible for the accidents but who were never compensated.

Joseph F. Convery said: "I believe that the work in which you men are now engaged is a move in the right direction."

Mr. Convery inquired of Agent Thomas if employees injured in the



WILLIAM N. OSGOOD

Boott mills are paid while they are out as the result of injuries received in the mills.

"Ordinarily, that is the custom," said Mr. Thomas.

Supt. W. A. Mitchell of the Massachusetts mills gave as his opinion that 80 per cent. of the accidents occurring in the Massachusetts mills did not confine to the house or to the hospital for more than two weeks the injured one. In reply to a question by the chairman relative to the average wage in the Massachusetts mills, Mr. Mitchell said he thought it was about \$3.47 a week, not including overcosts.

R. A. Bowen, superintendent of the Appleton mills, said that a large percentage of accidents in mills were sustained by experienced hands, rather than by green hands as is generally believed. He said that the experienced hand grows careless and takes too many chances. He said that operating men would clean their machines while in motion both verbal and printed orders. He told of a man who lost a hand while cleaning a machine in motion. "He lost a hand purely through carelessness," said Mr. Bowen, "and why should his employers have to pay for his carelessness?" Mr. Bowen said he was disposed to be fair with every body and he sincerely hoped that the commission would be successful in framing a law that would give both sides to the controversy a square deal.

Lawrence Cummings told of a couple of instances that came under his observation while a member of the Lowell board of charities. The instances did not relate to any corporation and he related them simply for the benefit of the commission. The cases had to do with men who were so injured as to destroy their earning capacity. They were never compensated for their injuries and, having settlement in Lowell, became city charges.

Evening Session. The commission gave two hearings, the second hearing beginning at 7 o'clock p.m. There were eight men present at the afternoon hearing and about three times that number in the evening.

William N. Osgood was the first speaker at the evening meeting. Mr. Osgood said it had been found necessary to make these compensation acts in other countries and he believed they were necessary in any country and he said the way was open for Massachusetts to lead as there is no Workingmen's Compensation Act in the United States.

Speaking of the Employers' Liability Insurance companies, Mr. Osgood said: "These companies were originally incorporated to do a strictly insurance business—that is, to guarantee the employers against the payment of losses to injured employees. We read the insurance laws in vain to find any other powers granted to them. What, as a matter of fact, have they been doing? They have made contracts or policies



HARVEY B. GREENE
President Board of Trade

with employers in which they agree as soon as the employer reports an accident to them to act once to the scene of the accident take the names and statements of all the witnesses, secure all the evidence possible, employ the best medical experts, retain able lawyers and generally get ready to go into court and give battle to the injured employee, who may be hurried away in an ambulance to a distant hospital to undergo treatment, little dreaming of his legal rights and the busy agents of the insurance companies behind digging up and juggling down points to be used against him in some future trial. More than this, the companies agree to go into the courts themselves and furnish lawyers to try the cases if they can not be settled out of court, and in any event to save the employer harmless."

According to excellent authority during the past dozen years the employer liability insurance companies in the United States alone have collected something like \$100,000,000 from employers and have used about 70 per cent of this vast sum in expense in maintaining their business, paying their officers, doctors, claim agents, and other expenses incident to litigation and contingent purposes never dreamed of at the outset. This balance, a meagre 30 per cent, has been paid to the injured employee, for whose special benefit the Employers' Liability Act was originally passed, but of this unfair division the employee must still pay many of his own expenses. Is it not therefore, apparent that a great wrong is perpetrated upon the injured employee? Besides, his own defenses already remain that are taken advantage of by the insurance companies that by the employee can recover in only ten per cent of the cases which he is obliged to take into court.

On the whole, it is safe to say that under present conditions there is a small chance for the injured employee to recover anything, and if he is successful, it is only after perhaps years of fighting and delay and in the end recovering a totally inadequate sum, from which he is obliged to pay large sums for the expenses of litigation. You will readily recall similar cases which have occurred under your own observation.

I think I have said enough to show the injustice and waste of the present system of treating personal injury cases to employees.

What are the advantages of a workmen's compensation act? Most important of all, the injured employee is sure of receiving a fair compensation if his injury lasts longer than a week and is not willfully and fraudulently caused. That is, the defenses of negligence either on his own part or that of his employer or of a fellow worker are entirely eliminated. Likewise all questions of assuming the risks of employment.

The compensation is regulated according to the extent of injury. In the event of death an amount equal to three years' earnings, not less than one thousand or more than two thousand dollars for example, shall be paid to those dependent upon him. If there are no dependents an amount sufficient to meet the expenses of his funeral and last sickness. In case of total or partial incapacity, a weekly payment, not exceeding one-half his wages, to be continued, not to exceed a certain long period, or not to exceed a certain considerable amount. Provision is also made for paying claims for lump sums after payment have extended beyond a certain period.

The experience in other countries has been that the parties usually settle the amount of compensation between them. If they do not a committee may be chosen by them to do this, if they cannot agree there is a way of appealing to a referee to be appointed by the court. The fees of court and attorneys are regulated by the act. Medical examiners are generally appointed to examine injured employees from time to time, so as to prevent fraud and imposition.

We must not lose sight of the very important effects of the Workingmen's Compensation Act in England upon the insurance companies. They have indeed been obliged, because of the new act, to redefeat their plan of insurance.

Saved From the Grave
"I had about given up hope, after nearly four years of suffering from severe lung trouble," writes Mrs. M. L. Din, of Clarksville, Tenn. "Often the pain in my chest would be almost unbearable and I could not do almost anything. Dr. King's New Discovery has made me feel like a new person. It's the best medicine I ever took for my chest and lungs." Obsolete cures, such as colds, hay fever, in grippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis and hemorrhages, hemorrhoids and whooping cough, yield quickly to this wonderful medicine. Try it, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed by A. W. Dows & Co.



FRANK A. BOWEN

They insure employees under the new arrangement, but pursue an entirely opposite policy to that pursued by the employers' liability insurance companies in this country. They had, of course, for a time to go to court to get the interpretation of certain doubtful phrases of the act, as would have to be done anywhere. Now, I am informed, they seldom resort to court except to contest fraudulent cases or to get the ruling of the court as to the distribution of allowances to dependents in some doubtful and novel cases not covered by the act. This is inevitable, and is done not in a spirit of contest, but to receive instructions of the court and proceed safely. It is certain that the companies and the employers do not rush into court and try to wear out the employees. I am credibly informed that the insurance companies in England are anxious not to get a reputation for contesting cases in court; that like fire insurance companies they find that such a course injures their business. Note well this great difference between these companies in England and our companies under the antiquated Employers' Liability Act.

No wonder, then, that great interest is now being manifested for the early enactment in Massachusetts of a workmen's compensation act. The subject has become one of great public importance. The taxpayer is deeply interested. The unnecessary expense of maintaining many jury trials of personal injuries to employees should be avoided. We must also remember that unfortunate employees who may sustain serious injuries for which they can recover nothing, or who are defrauded by others in any way from securing justice, may become public charges and add to the public burden. The public has to bear the expense of supplying courts to private corporations with which to exploit the public for their own gain. As long as the public has to foot the bill, let it see that the money goes where it belongs, into the pockets of those for whom it was intended, the injured employees.

Another important point which I do not want to omit is the great saving in expense of insurance companies under workmen's compensation acts. We noticed that in this country the employers' liability insurance companies consumed 70 per cent in expenses and paid the injured employee only the balance of 30 per cent. It is estimated by competent authority that the companies under the compensation acts abroad consume only 10 per cent in expenses and pay the injured employee 90 per cent. This alone proves the superiority of the new law over the old. The money goes where it should go and no channels to defeat justice and the very objects for which the law was enacted.

This subject is important not only to employers and injured employees, but also to the public. The great expense and oftentimes great waste incurred by unnecessary litigation under the present regime must be borne by some one. The money is diverted from those who in justice ought to receive at least a fair proportion of it, viz: the injured employees. The bill must be paid by some one, and is ultimately paid by the taxpayers. The attendant expenses of insurance and so forth are indeed paid in the first instance by the employers, but the maintenance of courts, officials and all the paraphernalia incident to litigation, which is too often needless, must be provided for out of the public treasury. As some eminent authority has observed, it would be well for employers to charge the slight increase of expense occasioned by workmen's compensation to the cost of production. The consumers could not complain, because they have to pay the cost now in increased taxes.

Harvey B. Greene, representing the executive committee of the Lowell board of trade, said:

"I have long felt that some such method as you gentlemen have in mind is very necessary in order that conditions should be properly met."

"The corporations are large and are growing larger and the employees are getting farther away from the paternal care of the corporations."

"I think it is very necessary that we should keep our laws up to date. Accidents have increased and are increasing, and as the danger has increased and the process of manufacture has changed, we need laws to deal with new conditions and new things."

"It is not a matter of charity but a matter of right that those best able to stand the loss should be made to stand it; the load should not fall entirely upon the shoulders of those least able to bear it, the hard-working breadwinner or those dependent upon him."

John H. Murphy, secretary of the Lowell board of trade, told of a magazine article he had read which stated that five per cent of the premiums paid by employers went to the injured employee, and Mr. Murphy thought it was time for the state to step in and have the insurance companies pay the indemnities.

Frank Gagnon said he had been injured in the Carpet mills 15 months ago and his case had not come to trial yet. Meanwhile, he had been obliged to depend on his people for support, working a hardship on them and on him. Mr. Gagnon was still on crutches.

Clevis Ouellette of the Carpenters' union called attention to a case in which the victim of an accident had failed to recover because it was held that a board with a knot in it was just as strong as one without. He thought

there should be a remedy for a man thus injured.

Dr. Simpson of the Lowell hospital said the average length of treatment for accidents there was 70 days, and that 555 subjects had been treated there last year. Dr. Simpson answered various questions asked him by commission members.

"I believe," said the chairman, "there is no other city in the state with a Corporation hospital such as yours, and Lowell is to be congratulated upon having so splendid an institution."

Joseph A. Dion of the Carpenters' union was a strong advocate of new legislation to protect the workman. Chairman Lowell said he welcomed all suggestions. "The legislature has imposed upon us the obligation of reporting a law," said Mr. Lowell, "for this reason we desire all possible information. Our duty is to draft the new law for the consideration of the legislature."

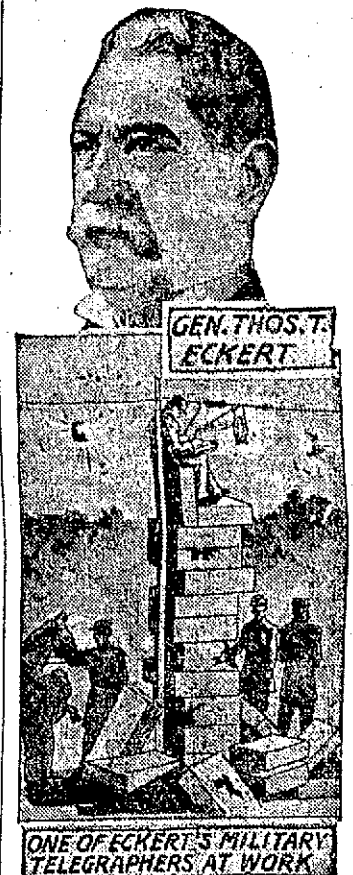
Secretary Anderson of the Trades and Labor council made brief remarks indicating an attitude favorable to new legislation. He and Joseph F. Convery concluded with a statement in which he said he would endeavor to obtain suggestions in writing to forward to the commission.

The hearing was then declared closed. Chairman Lowell said the commission would visit Worcester, New Bedford, Fall River, Springfield, Pittsfield and possibly other cities before framing a proposed law.

GENERAL ECKERT

Famous Telegrapher is Seriously Ill

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Oct. 8.—Gen. Thomas Thompson Eckert, for several years president of the Western Union Telegraph company, is seriously ill at his home in Ocean avenue. He has been in failing health for some time and for the last few weeks has been unable to leave his room. General Eckert was born at St. Clairsville, O., in 1834, and at an early age took up



telegraphy. At the outbreak of the Civil war he had charge of the military telegraph of the Army of the Potomac and eventually became head of the entire military system. In 1893 he was made president and general manager of the Western Union and retained that place until 1903, when he retired and was succeeded by Col. Robert C. Clowry of Chicago.

CHICAGO WON
TOKIO, Oct. 8.—The university of Chicago baseball team, which is touring this country, met the Waseda university nine today and defeated them a second time. The score: Chicago.....5 3 2 Waseda.....0 2 2

The Merrimack Clothing Company is offering the best suit in New England today at **\$15.00**

MONUMENTS AND MEMORIALS
of all descriptions in granite, marble and bronze. Our manufacturing plant has the most modern power equipment and every labor saving device.
GUMB BROS.,
Cor. Gurnham and Anderson Sts.
Near Edison Cemetery
Telephone 1617.

Pekin Restaurant
CHINESE AND AMERICAN CUISINE
The most beautiful eating place in the city; typically Chinese. Our mode of preparing and serving food cannot be improved upon. 25c course dinner from 11.30 a. m. to 2.30 p. m. Open daily from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m. Sunday included. 25 Central st., cor. Middle st., Lowell, Mass. Tel. 1055.

Chin Lee & Co
Chinese and American Restaurant
Dining rooms reserved for ladies or private parties. This restaurant is open from 11.30 a. m. to 1 a. m., including Sunday. 11 Merrimack st., near John st. Telephone 1522.

Dwyer & Co.
PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS
Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 47 Anderson street.

BUNTING'S BANQUET

AND PRIZE AWARDS TO BE HELD NEXT SATURDAY

The 17th annual banquet of the United States Bunting Cricket and Athletic association will be held at the headquarters in South Lowell next Saturday night at 7 o'clock. The prizes for the cricket players and given by the club will be presented by Mayor John F. Meehan. The winners are: for best batting average, 1st, Albert Briggs, 2nd, J. Marsh; bowling prizes, 1st, Theron Starks, 2nd, Hugh Rudden; fielding prize is tied by three players and will be divided between Theron Starks, William Scholes and J. Marsh. Members and friends desiring tickets for banquet can get them at the club house no later than next Wednesday night, Oct. 12. In addition to the club prizes, President Sam Dean will give special prizes to the above winners. He has also given every member of the cricket team, umpire and scorer, a complimentary ticket to the banquet for winning the championship of the Merrimack Valley Cricket league.

From the Finest Slip to the Big Rubber Plant We Can Supply a Suitable

Flower Pot

SIZES 3 INCHES to 18 INCHES with Saucers

Fern Pots Bulb Pots Hanging Flower Pots With Chains.

BARTLETT & DOW
216 Central Street.

DANDELION

TABULETS AND PILLS

A Miracle as a Blood Purifier

Say thousands who have used them. A Dandelion Cure. Rheumatism, Constipation and Pimples. Best remedy for Liver, Kidney and Stomach. Eliminates all poisons from the system, without grating. Purely vegetable and guaranteed under Pure Food and Drug Law. Free samples on request to CHAMBERLAIN MEDICAL CO., 51 Franklin street, New York. 15 cents a box at

HALL & LYON CO., 67-69 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass.

Allan Line Royal Mail Steamers.

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND SCOTLAND

Only DIRECT Service between BOSTON AND NORTH OF IRELAND

Only Direct Service from Galway. Splendid accommodations and food. Latest improvements for comfort and safety. Second Cabin, Glasgow, Derry or Galway, \$42.50 upwards; third class, \$22.00 to Glasgow, Derry, Belfast and Liverpool. Free baggage, storage, rate, \$22.00. Entire rooms reserved for married couples. Children, 1-12 years, half fare. H. & A. ALLAN, 110 State St., Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton St. FREDERIC B. LEEDS, 5 Bridge St.

Bay State Dye Works

There is such a thing as dyeing and also such a thing as lying. When a person tells you that one dye house is just as good as another, that is lying. There is just as much difference in work done at the Bay State Dye Works as there is in the quality of the dye. When you have your work done at a dye house, be sure that you have gone to the best place and will get the best results. That is the truth and will prove it if you only give us a trial order. Bring in your winter wearing apparel and you will get it when you need it at Lowell's Leading Dye Works.

54 Prescott St. D. J. Leary, Prop.

DRAWING INSTRUMENTS

FOR TEXTILE AND DRAWING SCHOOL

W. T. S. Bartlett

Up-Town Hardware Store

653-659 MERRIMACK ST.

Goodwin The Screen Man

To earn a dollar by hard work and to save any part of it is a hard thing to do, but you can save a dollar or coat in a winter by having the Goodwin Weather Strips put on your back door or front door, or better still, you can save at least 75 or 85 in a winter and always have a warmer and more comfortable house. Ask your neighbor what he thinks of them for economy. Order now and you will be all ready for col. weather.

J. B. GOODWIN
11 THORNDIKE STREET

REDUCED PRICES

FOR TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES

DEVINE'S

Factory and Salesroom, 124 Merrimack Street.

REPAIRING, ETC. TEL. 2206

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF Household Furnishings

AT LOWEST PRICES, AND ARE SOLE AGENTS IN LOWELL FOR THE CELEBRATED

Crescent Range

PETER DAVEY, 184 Market Street

Telephone Connection 79-2

Furniture Dealer Undertaker Funeral Director

Carroll Bros.

PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS

36 Middle Street Telephone 1650

All summer we have been preparing to give you the best of fuel for this winter's use. We submit the following varieties of coal for your inspection:

Lackawanna Old Comp'y Lehigh
Wilkesbarre Jeddo Lehigh
Reading White Ash Franklin
Shamokin Cannel

All Sizes and You Get What You Buy

NEW RIVER STEAM FOR STEAM

GEORGE'S CUMB. CREEK FOR SMITHING

BURN

Wilson's Coal

Three Offices, Five Telephones for Your Convenience.

4 Merrimack Square 700 Broadway 15 Tanner Street

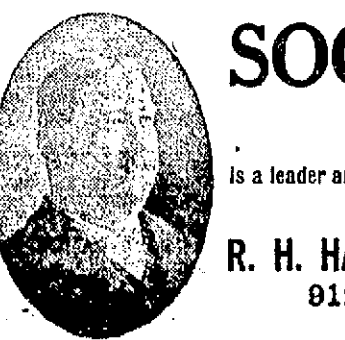


Our Determination

To sell the best paint in the world—at the fairest price—to assure best results to our customers.

That paint we know is **Low Brothers "High Standard" Paint**. Let us show you—Color Cards are beautiful—they are free.

ERVIN E. SMITH CO.
43-45-47-49 MARKET ST.



SOCIAL TEN CIGAR

is a leader and is so acknowledged by all smokers

R. H. HARKINS, Manufacturer

912 Gorham Street

LOWELL, MASS.

6 O'CLOCK MAN WAS FINED \$50

Because He Failed to Provide for His Wife

Nicola Psichramis, when arraigned before Judge Hadley in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with failing to provide proper support for his wife, stated that he refused to support her because his father-in-law did not give him a dowry of \$600 which he promised and that all his wife ever did for him was to give him \$50 and the money which she had earned for four weeks.

It is a fact that in some of the foreign countries a dowry, instead of love, is one of the principal factors in the arrangement for a marriage, but inasmuch as these laws are not enforceable in this country Judge Hadley found the defendant guilty and ordered him to pay a fine of \$50, the money to be paid to the wife of the defendant.

Nicola appeared before the court several months ago on a similar complaint and on agreeing to do better in the future and provide for his wife

he was placed in the custody of the probation officer. Nicola, however, must have had a poor memory for after being placed on probation he left the city and traveled from place to place until recently when he returned to Lowell and was immediately placed under arrest.

When questioned as to why he did not care for his wife, he said that he married the woman on condition that her father give him \$600 as a dowry. The marriage took place and \$50 was advanced on the alleged dowry and for four weeks his wife turned her pay over to him. Then she stopped paying and after having a consultation with his father-in-law, he decided that he would leave his wife. He did so and she returned to her father and then proceeded against the husband with the result that he was arrested on a complaint of non-support, placed on probation, then ran away and was arrested yesterday.

FOR SPITTING ON FLOOR

Man Was Ordered to Pay a Fine of \$6

To disturb the performance at a theatre or to expectorate on the floor of a theatre are rather serious offenses according to Judge Hadley and this morning when two young men were brought before the court each charged with one of the offenses, he imposed fines.

Thomas Cleary was charged with spitting on the floor of a theatre and although he entered a plea of guilty he said that he was a stranger in this city and was ignorant of the law. Patrolman Hise who made the arrest stated that he had cautioned the occupants of the gallery of the theatre about expectorating and that there was a notice relative to the prohibition of spitting within plain view of the defendant.

Judge Hadley stated that while the law provided that a fine of \$20 could be imposed, inasmuch as this was the first offense of this kind that had ever been brought to the attention of the court he would impose a fine of \$6.

Disturbed the Audience

Valere Lecomte was charged with interrupting and disturbing an assembly of people. In other words, he disturbed the audience at a performance at one of the local theatres yesterday afternoon. When an act was placed on the stage Lecomte did not find it to his liking and instead of remaining quiet or leaving the theatre, he shouted at the top of his voice, "Oh, you're rotten; take a snail!"

Patrolman Joseph Clark, who was in the gallery of the theatre at the time, rushed downstairs and did not have any difficulty in locating the offender, for the latter was in a heated argument with several people in the immediate vicinity.

Lecomte was placed under arrest and sent to the police station. In court this morning the defendant had no defence to offer and a fine of \$15 was imposed.

GUNBOAT ORDERED TO HONDURAS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Following an appeal from the Honduras government to the state department the United States has ordered the gunboat Princeton, now at Acapulco, Mexico, to proceed to Amalapa, Honduras.

MANY LIVES WERE LOST

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 8.—The towns of Beaudette and Spooner, Minn., have been wiped out by fire. Many lives have been reported lost and millions of dollars' worth of property destroyed by forest fires which bore down on the towns from the northwest.

Refugees coming into Rainy River, Ontario, state that corpses are lying along the railroad track.

TYPHOID EPIDEMIC ABOUT ENDED

The epidemic of typhoid fever in Lowell appears to be at an end, though the health department is still busy in its efforts to stamp out the causes that lead to the existence of the disease. In the week closing today only two new cases were reported. Last week the record showed 11, the week previous 14 and the week before that 41 cases. There are few other contagious diseases in Lowell at the present time. The city dispensary reports a normal business.



**Spectacles and Eye
Glasses at Half Price.
Eyes Examined Free.
Glasses From \$1 Up**

Broken Lenses Replaced.....40c
Gold Filled Riding Bow Glasses.....\$2.00
Shur-ons, low as.....\$2.50
Aluminum Frames.....\$1.00

J. W. GRADY Eyesight Specialist

Rooms 415, 418, 419, 420 WYMAN'S EXCHANGE BLDG.

Office Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 5, 7 to 8 p. m. Open Sundays from 2 to 5 p. m. Office closed Wednesdays and holidays. Appointments made by telephone. Tel. 1614.

RADICAL ACTION

New Regime in Portugal to Drive Out Religious Orders

LISBON, Oct. 8.—Provisional President Theophile Braga and his associates every day feeling more secure in their newly assumed authority are drawing tighter the reins of government.

The first step was the publication today of an official decree ordering all religious bodies in Portugal, to leave the country within 24 hours. Almost at the moment that the decree appeared, the Marquis de Tombal was placed under arrest, charged with having sheltered members of the religious bodies and having concealed arms in his house. Troops were stationed in the vicinity of the religious establishments to prevent attacks upon them by mobs.

Dr. Alfonso Costa, the minister of justice, also issued a decree ordering the release of all persons detained by the monarchy on the charge of belonging to secret societies including those serving terms of imprisonment as well as those being held for trial. This is in fulfillment of the projected policy of political freedom.

Dr. Costa visited the camps of the republican soldiers and personally congratulated those who had especially distinguished themselves in the recent fighting. These included two women who had taken places in the ranks and participated throughout the combat.

Word comes from Oporto that some prisoners broke out of the jail and fired upon the guards, who replied, killing two and wounding sixteen of the number.

QUIET STILL REIGNS

IN CITY OF LISBON

LISBON, Oct. 8.—Quiet continues to reign in this city and thus far there has been no sign of any reaction in favor of the old regime. The monarchist party is generally regarded as dead, particularly since the radicals under the leadership of Dr. Jose Maria Alpoim have thrown their lot heartily with the republicans. With all the monarchist leaders, only three, including Gen. Pimentel Pinto and two Francis, Vasconcellos Porto and Ayres Ornelas, are said to have taken an active share in attempting to suppress the revolutionary movement.

The complete disappearance of the monarchist party is reflected in the discontinuance of the seven newspapers which represent the entire monarchist press.

It is not yet indicated what action the new government will take against the leaders of the opposition. However, General Pinto, who is a former minister of war, has been arrested, and several officials, including Vasconcellos Porto, have been directed to report themselves at once to headquarters.

The date for the reassembling of the national assembly has not yet been fixed.

Admiral Reyes, who committed suicide on his flagship shortly after the uprising began, in the belief that the revolution had been unsuccessful, has taken a place in the minds of the populace alongside the other so-called martyr of the revolution. Dr. Bombarda, whose assassination was the occasion for an outburst, which led up directly to the events of the past few days.

Admiral Reyes took the initiative in precipitating the revolutionary movement among the vessels of the fleet which lay anchored off Lisbon. He had agreed with the other republican naval leaders, that a salute of thirty-one guns should be the signal on each boat expressing the others that the uprising was successful. In the confusion which attended the outbreak on the cruisers, only three guns were fired. Admiral Reyes, hearing these three guns, jumped to the conclusion that the whole movement had failed. In despair he drew his revolver and fired a shot into his head, dying at once.

REVOLUTIONS WERE PLANNED IN SPAIN AND PORTUGAL

PARIS, Oct. 8.—Despatches from Madrid quote Esquirdo, the republican leader, in confirmation of the statement that a definite plan existed for simultaneous revolutionary movements

in both Spain and Portugal. Dr. Esquirdo has just returned from Lisbon where he conferred with Dr. Bombarda and other Portuguese republicans in regard to the plan. They decided on Oct. 13, the anniversary of Pizarro's death, as the date for the uprising but Bombarda's assassination, precipitated the attack on the Portuguese throne.

The blow thus suddenly administered took Bombarda's Spanish comrades completely by surprise.

The Spanish republicans are loud in their resentment against the government's severe attitude toward them. They are venting their wrath in the press.

The chief radical newspaper accuses the government of fearing to make a comparison between the situation in Spain and that in Portugal. It adds pointedly that "in Portugal only the army was believed to be loyal."

The paper prints a cartoon showing Alfonso and the royal family packing their trunks preparatory to taking a train. It is understood that the newspapers will be prosecuted.

Theophile Braga, the provisional president of Portugal, in an interview with the Matin's Lisbon correspondent emphasizes what he calls the "philosophical" source of the revolution. The men who have been spreading the doctrines of republicanism, he says, are professors, mathematicians, writers and men of learning. The result, he thinks, is first of all a victory for the cause of "education"—an effort to remove the Portuguese people to the intellectual rank lost for so long a time.

"It is our aim," he says, "to show the Portuguese as a race of the elite both physically and intellectually. It is our greatest honor by an admirable revolution to demonstrate to the world that the Portuguese are worthy of their ancestors."

COMMUNICATION WITH LISBON

HAS BEEN RE-ESTABLISHED

PARIS, Oct. 8.—Direct communication with Lisbon was re-established today and official notification came from the Portuguese capital that the provisional government was taking the necessary steps to facilitate the transmission of despatches from the foreign diplomatic corps to their governments.

Sebastiao Magalhães Lima, the Portuguese republican leader, stopping here who received provisional instructions from the Portuguese government to notify foreign powers of the change of government and to await the arrival of official documents before requesting an audience of Premier Briand from whom he will inquire the attitude of France toward the new republic.

Senhor Lima declares that he has received assurances from highly placed royalists of Portugal fully recognizing the republic. The republican leader pays a cordial tribute to the loyalty of Count De Souza Rosa, Portuguese minister to France who remains faithful to King Manuel.

THE KING IS CONFIDENT

THAT PEOPLE ARE LOYAL

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 8.—King Manuel made his first known reference to the revolution today when he is reported to have said that he had every confidence that we would be able to return to Lisbon, as he declared, most of the army and the bulk of the people were loyal at heart.

A STARTLING ACCOUNT OF BLOODY REVOLUTION

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—A vivid story of the bloody revolution in Portugal, step by step as it unfolded, is told in a series of cable despatches received today from one of the Associated Press representatives at Lisbon and relayed in transmission by the vigorous censorship.

They were filed at Lisbon evidently at the moment the outbreak began and thereafter trace the ebb and flow of the sanguinary conflict.

The censorship has removed the date and hour of filing, which can only be conjectured from the events. They are as follows:

Lisbon—Urgent—Sixteenth regiment infantry with artillery has revolted; broke from barracks and engaged municipal guards.

Lisbon—A general and vice admiral

direct revolutionary movements: commander sixth infantry killed; captain cruiser Saint Raphael wounded; king at Necessidades palace defended by fifteenth regiment of chasseurs and rapid-fire guns.

Lisbon—Streets deserted, people terrified; revolutionary movement results from assassination of Deputy Bombarda.

Lisbon—Troops taking strategic positions. Frequent detonations of artillery; armed groups filled streets. Police charge; shots exchanged; many arrests. Sailors landed and joined revolting regiments. Chateau Saint George firing artillery alarm signals.

Lisbon—Revolutionists seized barracks, captured arms. At one this morning warship revolt, make common cause with revolting infantry. Some commanders still faithful.

Lisbon—Continuous firing from northern part of city, where artillery is posted. Streets in possession of revolutionary troops. Police drive crowds with drawn sabres. Palace besieged; no word of king's escape.

Lisbon—Violent fusillade in avenue Liberte between infantry, artillery and civilians. Many dead and wounded. Dead include scores of men, horses. Wounded taken to hospitals. Streets covered with blood. Traffic stopped. Stores and factories closed; railroads, street cars suspended. Continuous fusillade throughout city.

Lisbon—Cabinet holding continuous session. Sailors carrying letters with word of king's escape. "Viva republique!" Palace still besieged, resisting. Many revolutionists armed with bombs from arsenal.

Lisbon—King delays escape. Railway cut. Revolutionists hope to capture palace. Reported municipal cavalry attacked with bombs. King's escape by water being guarded. Warships St. Raphael, Adamaster and Guesre support revolution.

Lisbon—Republicans entering city hall, proclaiming republic. City declared in state of siege. Army and navy accepting republic. Scattered firing continues. Later a notification from the cable company states that the foregoing despatches were filed on Oct. 4 which was the day of the uprising.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT RECEIVING GENERAL SUPPORT

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Sir F. H. Villiers, British minister at Lisbon, cabled to the foreign office today that the new government was receiving general support. He stated that there was no prospect of success for the monarchist movement.

The British government was discussing the recognition of the republic.

QUEEN MOTHER AMELIE WENT SHOPPING IN GIBRALTAR

GIBRALTAR, Oct. 8.—Queen Mother Amelia, dowager Queen Maria Pia and Prince Alfonso, the duke of Oporto, came ashore from the imperial yacht Amalia today and drove about the town in an ordinary cab. They personally despatched telegrams at the telegraph office, made purchases at the shops and attended to some monetary business at the bank. Subsequently they visited the Anglican cathedral.

King Manuel did not accompany the party.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Rosary devotions were held last night in St. John's church at 7.30 and a very large attendance was present. A very instructive sermon on "The Rosary" was preached by Rev. Fr. Doherty, after which the recitation of the rosary and benediction of the most blessed sacrament was given.

Last night the first autumn party and dance conducted by the Magnolia club was held in the town hall. There was a very large attendance and enjoyable time was had. Dancing was commenced at 8 o'clock and continued until 10 when an intermission of 15 minutes was given, during which time ice cream and cake were served in the lower hall. Dancing was then resumed and continued until 12 o'clock. Music was furnished by Gilmore's orchestra and a late car returned to Lowell after the party.

The affair was in charge of Gen. Mgr. Geo. Stanley, Assistant Edward J. Duffey, Floor Director George X. Pope, Chief Aid Reginald McAdoo, Aide Fred Knoch, John Garvey, John Hemlow, Arthur Dunham, Henry Duffey, and William McHale.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

At the regular meeting of Passaconaway tribe of Red Men held last night there was a large attendance. Sachem Albert Stophard on the stump. Considerable routine business was transacted during the evening and a communication was received from the great council of Massachusetts stating that the great council of the United States will be represented at the convention, Oct. 27, by Great Senior Sagamore Carl Foster of Connecticut. The anniversary committee reported progress. Interesting remarks were made by Junior Sagamore Edmund Crompton and G. W. George A. Frost.

Spindle City Lodge

Spindle City lodge, I. O. G. T., held a well attended meeting in Pilgrim hall, last night. Large delegations were present from Lawrence and Methuen. The entertainment of the evening was given by the piano solos by Miss Sarah Clement, readings by Miss Dorcas Bent; a cornet solo by George McKenzie; an address by Herbert E. Palmer; of Brighton; address, Grand Secretary Charles H. Kershaw of Methuen; and remarks by Joseph H. Tool, of Lawrence, J. M. Craig, of North Andover, and Mrs. Bessie Bantman, of Lowell, Mrs. Bessie Bent presided.

NEW MAIL TRAIN

Put on to Connect Lowell With New York

As a result of the energetic efforts of the Lowell board of trade, a new train to New York is to run through Lowell, starting next Tuesday night. The train will run between Portland and New York, being express between this city and New York. By the placing of this train on the schedule it will remove an evil which the business men of this city have been trying to get rid of for years, that of securing an early delivery of the New York mail. The board has also succeeded in securing the transportation of express bundles on the new train. Few people, even the business men, who have been most anxious to secure better service, realize the worth of this new train for mail and express facilities.

At the present time there is a Portland to New York train, which passes through this city, but that train was put on merely for the summer and it will be dropped next Tuesday. The train was of such benefit to the people of this city that the board of trade decided that such a train should be permanent, but that a rearrangement of the schedule was advisable as a result of the efforts of the local board the new train will be put on permanently. It will pass through this city about 9.20 p. m. on its way to New York, while on the return trip it will reach Lowell at 5.20 a. m.

When the board learned that the railroad officials had decided to substitute a train for that run on summer schedule, Secretary John H. Murphy of the Lowell board of trade wrote to the postal authorities, asking them to place the mail on the new train. This morning Mr. Murphy received information to the effect that the wishes of the board would be carried out.

At the present time the New York mail does not arrive in Lowell until 5.30 in the morning, and by fast work and the addition of an extra carrier the business men are able to secure the New York mail by 9 o'clock. Many business men who are anxious to take a trip to Boston or some other city early in the morning are desirous of perusing their mail before leaving the city, and much valuable time is wasted by them by waiting for the mail to arrive. With the New York train arriving in Lowell at 5.20 o'clock, however, the mail will be at their disposal probably long before they think of leaving their homes.

Another feature is the carrying of express bundles. For instance, if a person in Lowell wants a package in New York, all he has to do is to wire or telephone and he will find it either at his home or his place of business the first thing in the morning.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

NEW BEDFORD, Oct. 8.—Joseph T. Kenney was unanimously nominated for district attorney by the republican convention of the southern district here today.

800 DRUSES WERE KILLED

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 8.—Correspondents with the Turkish forces which were sent out to collect arms from the druses of the Suweidah district of northwestern Syria report that the troops killed 800 druses.

THE IRISH ENVOYS

Given Great Welcome on Their Arrival in Boston

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Three of Ireland's envoys to America, John E. Redmond, Joseph Devlin and Daniel Boyle, leaders of the Irish Parliamentary party, reached Boston at 6 o'clock last night from Philadelphia. They are to address a mass meeting Sunday night in Symphony hall.

At the railroad station last night were many of the reception committee of the United Irish league of Boston and vicinity. When the three envoys and Mrs. Redmond, who is accompanying her husband on his tour of the country, came down the platform there were cheers.

President Augustine J. Daly of the Boston Central branch, U. I. L., Dr. P. J. Timming, James E. Cotter, C. J. Connelley, Galvin, John O'Callaghan, Mark Crehan and T. B. Fitzpatrick were among those who greeted the visitors.

Under escort of the committee the leaders went by auto to the Hotel Lenox, where they passed the evening.

Plans For State

Today they will make a few informal calls and tomorrow morning at the Cathedral will attend the solemn pontifical mass, at which Cardinal Vannutelli will also be present.

At 3 o'clock tomorrow night, in Symphony hall, the mass meeting will be opened by President Augustine J. Daly, who will introduce Mayor Fitzgerald as chairman.

The departure of the envoys from Boston will probably be Tuesday morning, when they will start for Pittsburgh, and then go to Chicago, T. P. O'Connor, who arrived in New York with them, is now in Canada, making addresses in various cities, and at Chicago the party will be further split up.

St. Louis and Detroit and many leading cities of the central states will be visited. In all about 60 meetings will be addressed by the envoys before they sail back for the opening of the session of parliament in England, November 15.

Mr. Redmond said in an interview: "I believe that the power of the house of lords is doomed, and any day now we can carry home rule in the house of commons. We have there a majority of 124 in favor of home rule. Every movement of reform and

every step toward betterment of the people always has been opposed persistently by the house of lords who rejected it if possible, or else delayed it till they were forced to pass it because the people were on the verge of revolution.

"Lords Will Lose"

"The budget was a move to take some of the taxes off the shoulders of the poor and put it on the rich, and so the house of lords rejected it. The budget, of course, was later passed. The question now before the English people is whether the house of lords or the elected representatives of the people shall rule. The house of lords will lose, I feel sure and with that loss will the road to Ireland's home rule be unobstructed.

"Among the Scotch the movement for home rule for Scotland has been gaining steadily, and I feel sure that in time their desire in this regard will be urged as we have urged our wish, and like ours will be granted. But the Scotch themselves agree that home rule should go to Ireland first. There is a growing sentiment in Wales for home rule in that district.

"It is the principle of the thing, not the sufferings and injustices which the Irish people have met, that makes people here in America, I believe, favor the plan we advocate.

"Why, we can't even build a bridge or install a sewer system without getting permission from Westminster. There are now 26 home rule divisions in the British empire, and we want to make the 29th. We don't think it will disrupt the British empire, either.

Landlords' Power Less

"About one-half of the land in the country is now in the hands of tenants, and the power of the landlords is diminishing every day. While immigration is decreasing, there is still undoubtedly too much of it. Our industrial interests will never reach their full growth until we get home rule. The country is now ready for its long-awaited home rule, and, I believe, will have it before long."

TYNGSBORO

Don't fail to see those Shuman fall weight top coats at the Mer-

rimack Clothing Company at

\$15.00

A very pretty and select dancing party was held last night in the town hall, Tyngsboro. Dancing commenced at 8.30 and continued until 12 o'clock, after which a late car returned to Lowell with the large number who were present from that city. Music was furnished by "Hayes's orchestra of Pepperell." The affair was in charge of Misses Etha Maltby and Anna Cassidy of North Chelmsford.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

A CLOSE CONTEST Theatre Prize Puzzle Contest

Hancock Tub Won the Muster at Brockton

BROCKTON, Oct. 8.—Hundreds of red jacketed firemen thronged the streets of the city yesterday and later gathered at the fair grounds for the annual Brockton fair playout, one of the interesting events of fair week. Forty-two hand tubs were entered, but three did not play. Hancock of Brockton, holder of the world's record, won the contest with a stream of 233 feet 3 1/2 inches. Protector of Brockton was second, less than a foot behind.

There were 19 prizes, the first \$300, second \$225, third \$150 and fourth \$100, the other prizes being in smaller sums down to \$10. Alabama Coon of Stoughton, winner of the New England muster championship this year, finished 23d. Watchmaker of East Providence, R. I., whose entry went astray and did not reach this city in time to be placed, competed and won a prize of \$10, the prize being given by President Charles Howard of the fair, who agreed to present the Rhode Island company with the same prize the machine would have won had it been officially entered.

One Prize in Dispute

Previous to the muster there was a parade of the hand tubs and companies, hundreds of firemen marching. Wallace W. Jones of the Enterprise company of Brockton was chief marshal.

There were several special prizes awarded. Columbia No. 6 of New Bedford won \$15 for playing the shortest stream, and Constitution No. 4 of Hingham won \$10 for the second shortest stream. Copper punch bowls were presented by President Howard to the Hancock company for the best record of a Brockton machine and the Columbia of Hingham for the best work by a visiting hand tub. The prize of \$35 to be awarded the company coming the longest distance is in dispute and will be awarded by the muster committee. Fountain of South Hadley Falls and Edwin A. Whiting of Holyoke loaded from the same platform at Holyoke and each claimed the prize.

Results of the Muster

The judges were: John H. Barber of Central Falls, R. I.; George D. Langford of Weymouth, John H. Thompson of Brockton, Frank A. Maloney of North Chelmsford, J. Henry Gleason of Marlboro, John Kelley of Braintree, Baxter H. Studley of Pawtucket, R. I., John L. Rankin of Taunton, Richard Vanston of Stoughton, Walter T. Foley of Holyoke, Timothee, David L. Johnson of East Boston. The summary:

	Feet	Inches
Hancock, Brockton	233	3 1/2
Protector No. 3, Brockton	232	6
Columbia, Weymouth	230	6 1/2
Enterprise No. 2, Brockton	229	4
Defender, Weymouth	228	6 1/2
Fire King, Pawtucket, R. I.	223	3 1/2
Watch City, Waltham	219	10 1/2
Gardner No. 4, Gardner	219	7 1/2
City of Somerville, Som.	217	3 1/2
Fountain, South Hadley Falls	218	8 1/2
Hingham Vets., Hingham	216	11 1/2
Deluge, Somerville	204	4 1/2
Paul Rogers, Beverly	203	3
Edwin A. Whiting, Holyoke	203	4
Liberty, Chelsea	203	2 1/2
Red Jacket, Cambridge	202	11 1/2
Union, East Braintree	201	3 1/2
Watchmaker, E. Prov., R. I.	200	8 1/2
City of Lowell, Lowell	200	1 1/2
Eureka No. 1, Arlington	199	8 1/2
King Philip, Bristol, R. I.	198	1 1/2
Alabama Coon, Stoughton	198	7 1/2
D. A. Taggart, Goffstown	196	3 1/2
Converse, Malden	196	1 1/2
Washington No. 2, Brookline	196	1 1/2
Narragansett, Riverside, R. I.	195	10 1/2
Active, Weymouth	195	3 1/2
Hydrant No. 1, Milton	194	7 1/2
Gen. Taylor, Everett	193	1 1/2
Mechanic, Warren, R. I.	190	10 1/2
Ginger, Jamaica Plain	189	7 1/2
Enterprise, Cranston, R. I.	186	1 1/2
Hancock No. 5, Taunton	175	9 1/2
Rumford, Rumford, R. I.	175	8 1/2
Columbia, Brockton	174	2 1/2
Tremont No. 7, Roxbury	167	2
Constitution No. 4, Hingham	164	10 1/2
Columbia No. 5, New Bedford	159	3

Last evening at the Commercial club the fair muster committee entertained the judges and the presidents and foremen of visiting companies. Vice

Chairman George Clarence Holmes presided, in the absence of chairman Charles Howard. About 60 were present. Mr. Holmes presented the two copper punch bowls, offered by Pres. Howard for best streams for local and visiting engines, John A. Jackson, accepting for the Hancock and J. J. Hunt for the Columbias of Weymouth.

Following a banquet speeches were made by John Kelley of Braintree, Chief Harry L. Marston of the Brockton fire department, John Barber of Providence, former New England league president, John A. Jackson, Rev. Dudley Hays Farrell, foreman Leon Willey of the victorious Hancock and others.

IN REAL ESTATE

Transactions Recorded During Past Week

The following real estate sales for Lowell and suburban towns were recorded at the regist. of deeds during the present week:

LOWELL

Roman Catholic Archbishop of Boston to New England Telephone & Telegraph Co., land at corner Appleton and Elliot sts., \$1.
Patrick McCarthy to Annie L. Connors, et al., land and buildings, \$1.
Laura E. Richardson to Mary O. St. Godard, land and buildings on Fayette st., \$1.
Timothy E. Kenney to Isaac Paresky, land on Washington st., \$1.
John Ensel et al to Old Colony R. R. Co., land at corner Lincoln and Quebec sts., \$1.
Francis A. Bamber to David McCluskey et al., land and buildings on Agawam st., \$1.
Asa W. Flint to Joseph Flynn, land and buildings on Cushing st., \$1.
Emma F. Hemmingsway to Joseph A. Clark, land on Methuen st., \$1.
Agnes M. Wilson et al to George M. Aaron, land on Andover and Daniel sts., \$1.
Arthur Genest to Eustache Paletier, land on Gershon and Bodwell sts., \$1.
Catherine Tracy to John E. Brady et al., land and buildings, \$1.
John A. Eaton to Annie M. Strachan, land on Liberty st., \$1.
Edward J. Steinbeck et al to Jane E. Clark, land on Havilah and Edgewood sts., \$1.
Jane E. Clark to Susan F. Steinbeck, land on Havilah, Edgewood and Remington sts., \$1.
Arthur E. Patch et al to Janet Steele Hogg, land and buildings at corner Westford and Stevens sts., \$1.
Clara S. Spiller's estate to Frank Riney et ux., land and buildings on Grove st., \$1725.
James F. Loughran et al to Patrick Mahoney, land on Swift st., \$1.
Maria I. Kelley to Benjamin Hoyle, land on Mount Hope st. and Fourth ave., \$1.

BILLERICA

Frank W. Coughlin to Mary F. Smith, land at Pinehurst manor, \$1.
Mahoney, land on Swift st., \$1.
Maria I. Kelley to Benjamin Hoyle, land on Mount Hope st. and Fourth ave., \$1.
Frank W. Coughlin to Mary A. McMahon, land at corner of Covington ave. and Boston road, \$1.

CARLISLE

Warren C. Nickles et al to Walter Brock, land, \$1.
Walter Brock to James W. Nickles, land, \$1.

CHELMSFORD

R. Wilson Dix to Peter E. McNulty, land at Sprague ave., \$1.

DRACUT

Leavitt R. J. Varnum to Delina Aubrey, land on Hemlock and Kearsarge sts. and Bellevue ave., \$1.

TEWKSBURY

Frederick J. Flemings et al. to John W. Flemings, land and buildings, \$1.
Charles F. Flemings et al. to Frederick J. Flemings, land, \$1.
Frederick J. Flemings et al. to Charles F. Flemings, land, \$1.
Harry Goldsmith et al. to Lazarus Promboim, land at Shawheen River park, \$1.
Jacob W. Nickerson to Elizabeth M. Groer, land on Bay State road, \$1.
Edward J. Steinbeck et ux. to Jane E. Clark, land on Havilah and Edgewood sts., \$1.
Jacob W. Wilbur to Antonio Martins, et ux., land on Sidney st., \$1.

WESTFORD

Bertha H. Beharrell et al. to Charles Potter, land, \$1.
Henry Dupont to Arthur Brisson, land on Groton road, \$1.
Walter J. Merritt to William E. Green, land and buildings on Providence road, \$1.

WILMINGTON

Jacob W. Wilbur to G. Willard Bartlett, land at Perry's Corner park, \$1.
Frank W. Coughlin to Edwin R. Jamnongu, land on Taft and Swain roads, \$1.
Frank W. Coughlin to George E. Hamilton, land on Mather st., \$1.
Frank W. Coughlin to Beatrice E. Doherty, land on Northern and Newark aves., \$1.
Edward S. Eaton to Herbert L. Truesdale, land on Jacques st. and Central and Berwick aves., \$1.
Eben S. Pitman's adm. to Albert A. Hayward, land on Wolburn st., \$408.67.
Arthur K. Pitman to Albert A. Hayward, land on Wolburn st., \$1.

WHIST TOURNAMENT

The formal opening of the whist tournament to be conducted by Wamecitt lodge, Knights of Pythias, took place last night. There were about 50 people present and the evening was spent in an enjoyable manner. The entertainment committee of the lodge has arranged a series of games for the winter months.

The committee in charge of the whist consists of: C. W. Clark, chairman; C. S. Trush, L. E. Berry, Charles Shaw and S. W. Gile.

By special arrangement with the management of the "Gentleman from Mississippi," The Sun will offer theatre tickets for that production to the winners in a puzzle picture contest, in which the winners will have to find for each body the head from which it was severed.



Can You Put the Heads on the Right Bodies?

Ever lose your head? Well, then, you can sympathize with these girls. They are with Thos. A. Wise in a "Gentleman from Mississippi," the play that convulsed Boston with laughter for sixteen weeks last season, and which comes to the Lowell Opera House next Friday and Saturday, October 14th and 15th. It is perplexing—the carelessness of that photographer. Of course, their heads aren't entirely gone, because there is one for each. Under the circumstances the young women can't straighten things around to their own satisfaction. Do you think you can?

If you can, you will have the opportunity of seeing the original by special arrangement by The Sun with Louis Miller, business manager for Wm. A. Brady. All you have to do is to cut out the heads and paste them onto the right bodies, then send in the corrected picture addressed, Theatre Contest Editor, Sun, Lowell, Mass.

Prizes will be awarded for next Saturday evening's performance at the Opera House. The first prize will be two orchestra seats; the second, two orchestra seats; the third, two more orchestra seats; the fourth, two orchestra seats, and so on. The contest closes at 10 o'clock Friday morning, October 14th. No solutions submitted later than that hour will be considered. The ten prizes offered will be awarded the ten persons whose correct solutions reach The Sun office first. Winners will be announced in Friday evening's Sun, when the young women with their heads regained will be depicted.

The tickets for the winners to see the Saturday evening performance can be obtained Saturday morning at The Sun office, Merrimack square, Lowell.

THE BRADLEY WILL

Supreme Court Decides for the Contestants

The appealed will case of Henry W. Barnes vs. Frederick A. Chase was heard in the supreme court at Boston yesterday before Judge Rugg on an agreed statement of facts and the court decided in favor of the respondent, Frederick A. Chase.

The testatrix was Elizabeth C. Bradley, late of Haverhill, and several Lowell people are heirs-at-law.

The question at issue was whether or not the will of Mrs. Bradley was

legally executed, and the decision of the court was in favor of the heirs-at-law, and against the will.

Ralph E. Gardner was attorney for Henry W. Barnes, administrator, and Charles H. Conant for Frederick A. Chase, heir-at-law, appellant.

Following is the agreed statement of facts on which the case was tried:

This is an appeal by a nephew and heir-at-law of Elizabeth C. Bradley, late of Haverhill, in Essex county, deceased, from a decree of the judge of probate of said county, allowing a certain instrument as the last will and testament of the deceased; the following facts are agreed upon by the parties.

First. On the morning of Jan. 12, 1910, Elizabeth C. Bradley, the testatrix, named in the aforesaid will, called upon Mrs. Ella L. Colomy, a next door neighbor, and asked her if "they" would be at home early after supper

so that she could come over and have them witness her will. To this query Mrs. Colomy replied that "they" would be there, and at about 7 o'clock on that evening the testatrix again came into the Colomy house having a paper folded up in her hand. There were present in the Colomy kitchen at that time, Oscar L. Colomy, his daughter, Eva W. Colomy, and his wife, the aforesaid Mrs. Ella L. Colomy.

Second. The testatrix immediately sat down at the kitchen table, unfolded the paper and asked the daughter, Eva, to bring her some ink and a pen. These were brought to her by Eva and then the testatrix asked the three, viz.: Oscar L. Eva W., and Ella L. Colomy, to stand where they could see her (the testatrix) sign her will. The three gathered around her and she took the pen and proceeded to read to them the testimonial clause, at the same time writing the day of the month, the month, and the year therein. The testatrix then arose and said "Now it is ready for you to sign"; all three thereupon signed the attestation clause of the aforesaid will in the presence of each other and of the aforesaid testatrix.

Third. The testatrix then thanked them, folded up the paper and went back to her home. In about five minutes she came back into the kitchen of the Colomy house and said, "I forgot to sign my name to my will." She then sat down at the same table and again asked the aforesaid witnesses to gather around and see her sign her name. This all three did and she wrote her name where it appears in the attestation clause of said will. The testatrix then returned to her home.

The names of the heirs-at-law who become beneficiaries under the decision of the court, sitting as to the will, are as follows: Celestia P. Chase, Lowell, Mass., niece; Margaret C. Weld, of Lowell, Mass., daughter of deceased nephew; Samuel W. Chase, Lowell, Mass. (minor), son of deceased nephew; Nelson C. Chase, Lowell, Mass. (minor), son of deceased nephew; Susan E. Chase, Lowell, Mass. (minor), daughter of deceased nephew; Charliott C. Ober and Susan E. Chase, Lowell, Mass., guardian of Samuel W., Nelson C.; Frederick A. Chase, Boston, Mass., nephew; Caleb C. Chase, Minneapolis, Minn., nephew; Mrs. Wyman, Elliot, Minneapolis, Minn., niece; Charles W. Chase, Minneapolis, Minn., nephew; Mrs. J. I. Jillett, Excelsior Spring, Mo., niece; Mrs. John Parsons, Brookline, Mass., sister; S. Marion Chase, Boston, Mass., niece; Harry W. Chase, Rutte, Mont., nephew; Charles S. Chase, Franklin, N. H., nephew; Mrs. Wm. H. Dreher, Berlin, Germany, niece; Arthur V. Barnes, Lowell, Mass., son of deceased niece; Helen W. Barnes, Lowell, Mass., daughter of deceased niece; Hammond Barnes, Lowell, Mass. (minor), son of deceased niece; Henry W. Barnes, Lowell, Mass., guardian of Hammond Barnes.

Northfield seminary, \$6800; Hampton normal institute of Virginia (for colored people), \$6800; Hamilton college, \$12,000; International committee of Young Men's Christian associations of New York city, \$13,000; Presbyterian board of home missions, \$66,000; Presbyterian board of foreign missions, \$15,000; other Presbyterian charities, \$32,800.

Mr. Stillman contributed liberally to philanthropic undertakings previous to his death. He created an industrial school for boys in Manila, and gave \$200,000 to the Presbyterian board of home and foreign missions in New York.

LOST HIS LIFE

MAN DROWNED WHILE TRYING TO GET A GULL

EASTPORT, Oct. 8.—Winfield Stuart, a sardine boatman of Eastport, was drowned yesterday off Indian Island, N. B., two miles from here. The body has not been recovered. Stuart started alone in a small gasoline boat down the bay. The boat was picked up later by a Quoddy boatman.

A wounded gull was found in the boat, and it is supposed Stuart picked the bird out of the water and fell overboard. He was about 58 years old.

Temporary Heat Quickly

Did you ever stop to think of the many ways in which a perfect oil heater is of value? If you want to sleep with your window open in winter, you can get sufficient heat from an oil heater while you undress at night, and then turn it off. Apply a match in the morning, when you get out of bed, and you have heat while you dress.

Those who have to eat an early breakfast before the stove is radiating heat can get immediate warmth from an oil heater, and then turn it off. The girl who practices on the piano in a cold room in the morning can have warmth from an oil heater while she plays, and then turn it off.

The member of the family who has to walk the floor on a cold winter's night with a restless baby can get temporary heat with an oil heater, and then turn it off. The

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER Absolutely smokeless and odorless

Is invaluable in its capacity of quickly giving heat. Apply a match and it is immediately at work. It will burn for nine hours without refilling. It is safe, smokeless and odorless. It has a damper top and a cool handle. An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the tank.

It has an automatic-locking flame spreader which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so that the wick can be cleaned in an instant.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, and can be quickly unscrewed for reworking. Finished in Japan or nickel, strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Sells Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

Floor Wax Floor Brushes Floor Varnish Floor Stains

The Thompson Hardware Company Call for our book on "Care of Hardwood Floors" FREE.

ORIENTAL RUGS
DILLEY
BOSTON 5 PARK ST.
NEW YORK 225 FIFTH AVE.
BOOK 30 ILLUSTRATIONS 50¢

FISHING

May be done anywhere, only what are you fishing for? I suppose you want a good catch? Perhaps you better investigate and find out just where the best place is when you are fishing for glasses.



Mr. & Mrs. F. N. Labelle
Resident Specialists and Mfg. Opticians
308 MERRIMACK STREET



ARTIFICIAL KIDNEYS would have been about as useful and surely less painful than were mine during three months of severe inflammation which nothing relieved until I tried DR. GRADY'S PURE MALT AND RYE. Three bottles of this wonderful medicine completely cured me. My tongue was badly coated, liver torpid, bowels constipated and my stomach failed to digest food properly. I thought it was time to do something before it would be too late and I attribute my successful cure to DR. GRADY'S PURE MALT AND RYE.

Very truly,

MR. SAMUEL HOLEMAN,
No. 11 3rd Street,
Keene, N. H.

50c A BOTTLE

AT ALL DRUGGISTS

WILLS \$200,000 TO AID THE WORK BEGUN BY MOODY

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 8.—The will of Horace R. Stillman of Cohoes, a former textile manufacturer, which was admitted to probate yesterday, bequeaths the entire estate of over \$100,000 to philanthropic purposes. One-half of the estate goes to William R. Moody, son of the late Dwight Moody, the noted evangelist, to aid in conducting his institutions at Northfield, Mass. The other half is divided among institutions, among which are the following: Moody's M. Herman school for boys, Northfield, Mass., \$13,000; Moody's

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilote, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

William M. Wood of Lawrence is a good natured man. At a banquet in Lawrence the other night he noticed a number of children looking wistfully through the window at the brightly lighted tables spread with toothsome viands. He ordered the children to be brought in and served with all they could eat. Oh! what a feast. That group of children will never forget Mr. Wood's kindness.

THE RAILROAD MERGER

The new management of the Boston & Maine shows the large scale on which it does business by appropriating \$10,000,000 for improvements. That should allay the apprehensions of those who conjured up horrible visions of what would happen if the New Haven merger went through. That \$10,000,000 will be felt at various points in bringing about important improvements.

DEMORALIZING THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY

The action of the democrats in endorsing the republican candidates for district attorney and sheriff in their conventions held here yesterday is to be condemned as calculated to demoralize the party organization. The men endorsed may be good men, and their election may be assured in spite of democratic opposition; but that does not justify the course taken. So long as there is a democratic party it should nominate democratic candidates or go out of business. The voters should have a choice between candidates representing different policies or principles. If democratic leaders in convention are disloyal even where there is no hope of victory, they cannot consistently appeal to the voters for loyalty where there is a chance of success.

TO SWEAR OFF SMOKING

The agent of the Massachusetts mills has applied for permission to allow the chimneys of the company's mills to smoke in the usual way until the first of May. We are not quite clear as to who has the power to grant a permit of this kind, but we believe it is the smoke inspector, and we believe also that the people of Lowell will endorse his action if he grants the petition of the company under the circumstances.

When the smoke law was adopted, it was not with any intention of harassing any of the manufacturing companies throughout the city. When a company shows an inclination to comply with the law within a reasonable time, and when it wants only a reasonable time to change over its plant so as to eliminate the smoke, that time should be graciously granted. If the Massachusetts company wishes to smoke for six months longer and then swear off, by all means grant the request.

ACTING MAYOR MITCHELL

During the illness of Mayor Gaynor of New York City, the duties of mayor devolved upon a young man named John Purroy Mitchell. Judging from the manner in which Acting Mayor Mitchell cleaned up Coney Island, and got after the gambling dens in other parts of the city, it would appear that if he were allowed to hold the reins of absolute control, he would very quickly make New York a cleaner city than it is.

He caused to be forwarded to one of the federal officials in New York a complaint that the United States Army building was being used for gambling purposes. We have no doubt whatever that Mr. Mitchell knew whereof he spoke, and that he is ready to substantiate the charge by reasonable evidence. The fact that the federal official who received the report entered a protest against such an insult to a United States officer does not change the situation in the least, nor does the apology which was forwarded in reply by Mayor Gaynor.

It is not unusual for army officers to spend a considerable portion of their time playing cards or in passing the time in other forms of gambling. Sometimes the game is played for cash stakes, and in such a case the charge of gambling would be fully justified.

The people of New York have had an opportunity to learn the character of this young man, who has been acting mayor, and it is not improbable that the time will come when he will fill the office of mayor with power to discharge all the functions of the office. He has made a reputation for himself within a few months better than many men have made in as many years.

OPPORTUNITIES OF OUR TEXTILE SCHOOL

The Textile school is the only institution in Lowell which offers any opportunity for a young man to pursue an industrial course. At the Textile school a student can acquire almost any of the textile trades. It is rather surprising that so few of our Lowell young men enter the Textile school, and that so many of the students come from distant places, some of them from other countries. It is to be regretted that opportunities of this kind are neglected by our young men. Possibly the fact that there is a fixed tuition fee bars a number of those who cannot very well afford to pay for such an education.

It seems to us that when students from other states attend the school they should be obliged to pay much more than those who reside in this state, and there should be a material reduction in the annual tuition fee for students who reside in Lowell.

At present the tuition fee for residents of Massachusetts is \$100, for non-residents \$150. The evening classes are free to Lowell residents and for all others the fee is five dollars for the season.

This city pays a considerable amount annually for the support of the Textile school, and yet our students are treated practically the same as those of other Massachusetts cities. This is hardly fair, nor is it fair that any southern state can so easily send students to our Textile school to acquire the various textile arts and then go back to the south to conduct mills in opposition to those of New England. It seems to us that there are here a few points on which the policy of the Textile school might be somewhat modified in the interests of fair play and home industries.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

"The Blue Mouse" one of Clyde Fitch's productions, was presented before a fair sized audience at the Opera House last night. The cast includes two Lowell boys, "Tom" Sullivan, who will be remembered as a member of the Bachelor minstrels, and D. J. McCabe. Both made good in their parts and their friends gave them a most cordial greeting. The characters are assumed by the following:

Paulette Devine, the "Blue Mouse," Wanda Lindlow
Levellyn, president of the Inter-State railroad, James L. McCabe
Mrs. Levellyn, Clara Louise Cannan
Augustus Rollett, secretary to Levellyn, John Dunton
Mrs. Rollett, May Herbert
Valius, her father, Cal. P. Coast
Philip Seardsdale, Tom Arnold
Watterson, T. E. Sullivan
Purkiss, D. J. McCabe
Lizzie, Rose Bradbury
Annie, Wilfred Brown
Porter, Henry Smith
Fortman, D. Eden
V. C. Phillips

The "Blue Mouse" is the central figure around which all of the action revolves. It is a charming, vaudeville dancer, with all the tricks of her profession, but a good heart, too, and nothing wrong about her, as she expresses it, "when you get down to hard pan." For a trifling consideration of \$1000 a week the Blue Mouse undertakes to secure the promotion of the Inter-State railway, the president of his private secretary, Augustus Rollett, to the position of division superintendent. In order to accomplish this, she pretends to be Rollett's wife, and many complications result. She succeeds, and everybody is made happy.

"The Blue Mouse" will be played twice more, this afternoon and evening.

"PASSING OF THE THIRD FLOOR BACK"

It is impossible to describe it. It must be seen. Its true realism, its comedy, its characterization, its wonderful holding power, its brilliancy of dialogue, its great theme, its convincing atmosphere, these are a few of the qualities of this "extraordinary play," which differentiate it from all others, which make it what it is admitted to be—the most moving work which has perhaps ever been seen upon any stage. It is a "stage play" of impossible situations, extravagant plot, and farcical characters, but a living story unfolded by live people, who think and move—human creatures. There is no hero as we meet him on the stage—all virtue, no good to be one of us. The heroine of this piece is a common slave, but we love her, and are moved to tears by our sympathy for her. We take her to our hearts with all her frailty, for, like ourselves, she is human.

Is this an amusing play? Yes; it is filled with humor—Jerome's inimitable humor. Is it stimulating? Yes, for the characters are live people; we know them all; we meet them every day. It is, indeed, profoundly moving, but only in such a way as leaves us full of thankfulness for such beautiful sadness. Is it interesting? Yes; for it is about you—all about you and me, and all of us. Is it true? Above all things it is true, and there lies its great power. The play comes to the Opera House next Monday and Tuesday.

"SMART SET"

Wednesday's attraction at the Opera House will be the "Smart Set" company, three act musical comedy, headed by M. H. Dudley, the popular and versatile Negro comedian. There are fifteen original song hits and musical numbers furnished by, Edm. Smith and

CRITICS

The physician who recommends, the patient who uses and the chemist who analyzes

Scott's Emulsion

have established it as pre-eminently the best in purity, in perfection and in results.

No other preparation has stood such severe tests, such world-wide imitation and met with such popular and professional endorsement.

To the babe, the child and the adult it gives pure blood, strength, solid flesh and vitality.

ALL DRUGGISTS

Coal Talk

Addressed to Mr. Man, who buys the fuel:
Reading Hard, and Free-burning, Susquehanna medium, Wilkesbarre, Lehigh and Free-burning, Lackawanna and Buck-Mountain Coals. The above named collieries are located in the best mining regions in Pennsylvania.

I am constantly receiving shipments of these coals at my two distinct yards on Gorham street. My quality is always the best. My prices are as low as any dealer who intends to be honest in his weights. I am one of the few in individual dealers left who runs his own yards. I need your patronage now. I may be some help to you later. Yours very respectfully,

John P. Quinn

GORHAM AND DIX STREETS

Mail and telephone orders will receive immediate attention.
Telephones 1150 and 2450; when one is busy, call the other.

SPECIALS

Steamed clams, 20c; fried oysters and French fries, 25c; fried clams and French fries, 25c. Call and see us.

LOWELL INN

Best place on Central street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

—FOR—

Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

—FOR SALE—

At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Borris. The music is of the jungling, tuneful variety, certainly, please the melodies. Mr. Dudley has a part that blazes as a first-maker to excellent advantage. He will appear as Rasperberry Snow, one of those never-do-well ble ill-advised. Rasperberry has ambition and that is to have the presidency of the United States. The ambition is realized—but only in a dream. There are seven scenes all the dialogue crisp and witty.

Mr. Dudley is supported by a company of sixty people including Ida Overton Walker, one of the best singing and dancing comedienne in the country. The play, too, is handsomely staged.

"BINGVILLE BUGLE FOLKS"

Direct from a most successful run in Boston, "Bingville Bugle Folks," a rural comedy drama by Newton Newkirk, will come to the Opera House next Thursday night.

The play is founded on the comic Sunday Post, and has already received the unqualified endorsement of the press and public of Boston. In addition to furnishing unlimited fun, the play contains a beautiful love story which cannot fail to appeal strongly to the average theatregoer. A strong cast of New England favorites will present the play and special scenery and properties will be used.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

One of the stellar acts in next week's big bill at the Hathaway theatre will be "The Bandit," a stirring dramatic sketch, played by that celebrated dramatic actor, E. Frederick Hawley, and his company. The story of the playlet is as follows: Cochise, Ramondo, the bandit king, is holding a young girl prisoner for the purpose of revenging himself upon her father, who at one time sentenced him to be hanged. The girl succeeds in momentarily touching the outlaw's heart, and he tells her how he was led into the life of an outcast, by his wife's elopement with another man. He pursued the elopers, and in the effort to escape his wife abandoned her child. Ramondo, following, killed both man and woman. After telling his story, Ramondo again recurs to his purpose of killing the girl to revenge himself upon the judge, her father. But, through the accidental discovery of a locket she wears, he learns that she is his own daughter. Thereupon he relents in his murderous purpose, and releases the girl. Going to the window to see her hide away, he is fatally shot, through the mistake of a guard whom he has posted outside. The playlet is a vivid picture of border life, and Mr. Hawley, who has spent years among the Mexicans, and studied their manners and customs, gives a finished portrayal of the title role. He is supported by an excellent company. Another noteworthy act of the week is an exhibition and demonstration of a real aeroplane. The airship is an exact duplicate of the one which was the first to win the international prize at Rheims. It will be exhibited on the stage and described by a lecturer, after which the machinery will be placed in operation. Incidental to the lecture, a series of motion pictures, taken at the Rheims meet, will be shown. All of the various aeroplanes are seen in actual flight, including the famous Blériot monoplane, which crossed the English channel; the Latham monoplane, which fell in the channel; and the Paulhan biplane; as well as Glenn H. Curtiss, at the finish of his world's record flight. The biplane that will be shown at the Hathaway is the airship that recently mystified the residents of Worcester by flying over the city with huge flashlights, the flights being made at night, to try out a new gyroscopic equilibrium invention by A. M. Herrings. George H. Wood, "the somewhat blackface entertainer, Lorraine Dudley & Co. offer a sensational comedy dramatic playlet in "The Finish," which is superbly acted. Miss Lorraine has played the leading roles in several Broadway musical comedy successes, and Edgar Dudley played the light comedy in the same companies. The four musical comedies present a novel and pleasing instrumental number. Lapp and Benjamin combine in a funny comedy acrobatic act, the unusual feature of which is the introduction of a Hebrew character, something new in the acrobatic world.

Kelly and Lafferty have a singing and dancing turn, the man giving some imitations, while the woman is a good toe dancer.

THEATRE VOYONS

In "The Iconoclast" one of the features on today's bill at the Theatre Voyons the evil results of the perpetuated grouch are clearly shown. The star role is that of a habitual drunkard, who can only see evil in others, while he can in no way see how his own bad habits are the cause of his misfortunes. How he is brought to a realization of the troubles of others and his own wretchedness is cleverly told and the whole picture teaches an excellent lesson that should be heeded by the many dissatisfied people in this world. There is a brisk and laughable comedy on the bill and a most beautiful scenic subject, entitled "The Molucca Islands." The musical features are exceptional in every way.

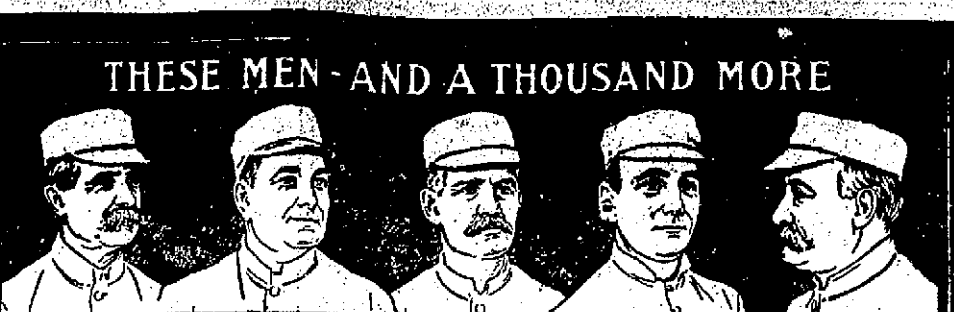
If you want to laugh go to the Academy and see and hear Hallett & Stack in the "Maid and the Mutt." If you want to hear an entertaining duo, see the Bruces in a singing and roller skating act, but not least see Mlle. Chester and her \$10,000 statue dog in their act beautiful. Best and latest moving pictures. Admission 5 and 10 cents. Concert on Sunday.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

One of the best bills ever will be presented at the Merrimack Square theatre next week in keeping with Columbus day week. An exceptionally good act and one which will appeal particularly to women and children is Blake's animal circus, with monkey, ponies, dogs and the like, and last but far from least, Maud, the original pucking mule. The act is mighty interesting and intensely funny.

Another feature is "The Devils," as they are called. Edward Devries, the well known Metropolitan opera singer, and a real count, too, appears in this act with carefully selected support, singing selections from some of the popular grand operas. The act comes here directly from New York.

The scenic Stock company will present a one-act rural play in "Jim, the Blacksmith," introducing a country farm kitchen scene, with a shower and



THESE MEN - AND A THOUSAND MORE

Guide the intricate and wonderful machines in the Washburn-Crosby mills, but never actually touch hands to the flour. They work constantly for milling cleanliness, for purity and for the everlasting high quality of —

WASHBURN-CROSBY CO'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

COPYRIGHT 1910 WASHBURN-CROSBY CO. LOWELL, MASS.

other stage features. It is an unusually interesting little play.

Other good acts are James R. Waters in a Hebrew character sketch and Fred Penhall, a well known "various singer here, and excellent moving pictures.

A WONDERFUL VIOLINIST

Arrangements have been completed by which Francis MacMillen the young American violinist, who is to be heard in Lowell on the 17th of October, is to appear before and play privately for the pope at the Vatican in Rome, the pope signifying his wish to hear Mr. MacMillen. The Holy Father heard of the marvellous art of MacMillen through the Duchess Landels Rovere, mistress of a beautiful villa near Rome. Under her patronage the young violinist has fairly swept everything before him, during the social season just closed in Rome.

HOP MERCHANT

Was Sentenced to Sing Sing

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Adolph Rothbarth, the hop merchant, who pleaded guilty of having defrauded various banks in New York of \$300,000, was sentenced yesterday to serve a term of not less than three and not more than seven years in Sing Sing prison.

Ex-Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Rothbarth, made a plea for mercy for his client.

"This is the old, old, yet ever new and terrible story of Wall street," he said. "My client was a good citizen until Wall street destroyed him, until he was swallowed up in its maw."

Representatives of the Mercantile and Liberty National banks, which suffered from Rothbarth's operations, were present. President Nash of the Mercantile told Judge Roosevelt, who passed sentence, that Rothbarth had made partial restitution, but still owed the bank \$40,000.

William P. Schenck of the Liberty National bank, who had been the counsel of the hop merchant's counsel, demanded that something be done to the prisoner which would serve as a warning to others. "Mercantile dignity must be maintained," he said.

Rothbarth received his sentence calmly.

An elegant line of gas lamps at The Thompson Hardware Co.

FOUR MEN HELD

Three Charged With Intent to Kill Policeman

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Four men charged by the police to be members of the gang of seven who robbed Plakias restaurant, 349A Columbus avenue, early yesterday morning were arraigned before Chief Justice Bolster in the municipal court.

The four gave their names as Edward Meagher, alias Frank Murray, Walter Doyle, alias George Robinson, Edward Shize, alias Edward Schultz, and Joseph Bibeau.

Meagher, Doyle and Shize were charged with robbery, assault and battery with intent to kill Patrolman Edward J. Sullivan of division 16 and with carrying loaded revolvers.

Examination was waived and each one was held for the grand jury in \$2600, the bail being divided as follows: \$2000 on the robbery charge, \$600 on that of assault and \$100 on the complaint for carrying loaded weapons.

There was but one count against Bibeau, that of robbery, and he was held in \$2000. The prisoners were remanded to the Charles street jail.

One of the important developments made in the police investigation yesterday was the identifying of Meagher, Doyle and Shize by Patrick J. Flaherty, manager of the Beacon pharmacy, corner of Beacon and Washington streets, Somerville, who declared they are the men who held him up in the drug store Monday night and robbed him of \$16.

The robbery at the restaurant yesterday morning was followed by an exciting police chase, in which Patrolmen Edward J. Sullivan and Thomas Harvey of division 18 showed their courage and quick wit.

In his statement to the officers Bibeau told how it was the plan of his companions and himself to go to Revere and hold up an electric car, but

the idea was abandoned in favor of the restaurant holdup.

Bibeau comes from Newmarket, N. H. Meagher belongs in Roxbury and has been in court several times, and has also served two terms in the Concord reformatory. His release from the latter place was on Monday. Doyle's home is in East Boston. Shize won't talk about himself.

You can buy a large regular 75c lantern at The Thompson Hardware Co. for 39c.

Lowell City Library

WEEKLY LIST OF ADDITIONS

BOEHM, M. von. Guido Reni. . . 750.425
COLERIDGE, S. T. Poems of nature and romance 1794-1807. . . 520.006
DAVIES, G. S. Chirlandia. . . 720.584
DAVIS, H. C. compiler. Commencement parts: valedictories, salutories, etc. . . 810.963
DAWSON, W. J. and C. W. The great English letter-writers. 2 vols. . . 810.1160-1
DUBOIS, L. P. Contemporary Ireland, 1841-1844. . . 941.534
HYDE, W. D. The teachers' philosophy in and out of school. . . 370.590
KIM, L. W. History of Sumer and Akkad. . . 93.2
LUCAS, E. V. The Gentlest Art 810.974
PALMER, G. H. The Ideal Teacher. . . 370.589
PALGRAVE, R. H. L. Dictionary of Political Economy. 2 vols. . . 320.625-3 R
SNEEDEN, D. The Problem of Vocational Education. . . 370.581
STANNUS, H. Drawings of Alfred Stevens. . . 740.465
TRAUTMANN, J. C. The Civil Engineer's Pocketbook, 1909. . . 620.153
VIEL, A. The Navy of Venice. . . 945.77

The best way to carry Ashes is in a Hod!



Crawford Ranges

Have an Ash Hod in the base into which all the ashes fall far below the fire. They can't bank against the grates and warp them, and they can be emptied easily without spilling.

The Coal Hod is alongside the Ash Hod—out of the way. This feature is a wonderful labor and trouble saver and is patented.

Another trouble-saver of the Crawford is the patented Single Damper. One motion—slide the knob to "kindle," "bake" or "check"—the range does the rest. No damper mistakes.

The Oven has cup-joint heat flues that heat it alike in all parts.

Ask the Crawford agent to show you and write us for circular.

Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co., 31 Union St., Boston

For Sale by H. R. Barker Mfg. Co. and the E. T. Shaw Co.



CAPT. J. N. GREIG

VICTOR JEWETT
Treasurer

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF COMPANY K, SIXTH REGIMENT

The annual meeting of the members of Company K, Sixth Regiment, M. V. M., was held last night at the state armory in Westford street. As usual, there was a very large attendance, almost every member being present. The regular drill was dispensed with, the night being devoted to the discussion of business, election of officers and a general good time.

Capt. James N. Greig, commander of the company, presided during the meeting. Victor F. Jewett was elected treasurer for the ensuing year. The following committees were also chosen:

Standing committee, Sergt. Harry J. Sheldon, Corp. E. Frank Dupes, Privates Mountain and Bryant; rifle committee, Capt. Greig, Sergt. Charles

Stevens, Musicians Carl and Greeley, Private Cashin; entertainment committee, Corp. Schuyler Waller, Privates Hickey and Taylor.

Reports by the old officers were to the effect that the company had never been in better condition, financially or otherwise, since its organization. There is a substantial sum in the treasury in spite of the large expenses of the past year.

The rifle team has done well, it is considered, since a large number of new men have come into the company during the past year, and that some of them are now serving on the team. The figure of merit for the company as a whole in marksmanship will be high. Following the business meeting, a collation was served, and there was singing and the like at a general social hour.

The committee in charge of last night's gathering was: Sergt. Jewett, Corp. Lucco, Corp. Dupes, Privates Hickey and Taylor.



COL. WILLIAM A. GASTON



GEN. NELSON A. MILES

COL. GASTON OR GENERAL MILES

The democratic convention having split so hopelessly on the three leading candidates—Foss, Vahey and Hamlin—all three have withdrawn and the selection is left in the hands of a committee of five who will probably select either Col. Gaston or General Miles, although Hon. John C. Crosby is also mentioned as a possibility. Major Robert J. Crowley of this city is a member of the committee on selection.

BARN DESTROYED

Fire in Billerica Centre Yesterday

A barn, located on the Woburn road near the water works slumdpole in Billerica Centre, owned by Andrew Morrissey, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The cause of the blaze is not known.

The fire was discovered about three o'clock and an alarm was sounded. The Centre apparatus responded quickly, but the flames had reached such headway that it was impossible to stay their progress and the structure was razed to the ground.

The barn stood a good distance away from other buildings, so that there was no danger at any time of the blaze spreading. The loss on the barn and contents, it is said, will be about \$1000. There were several tons of hay, a quantity of lumber and some farming tools in the buildings and these were destroyed.

DEM. SEN. CONVENTION

The eighth district democratic senatorial convention will be held at the headquarters of the democratic city committee next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

AN ENJOYABLE MUSICAL

An enjoyable musicale was held on Thursday night at Colonial hall in aid of the First Presbyterian church repair fund, the following soloists contributing: Miss Etta B. Thompson, soprano; Mrs. Nettie Roberts, contralto; Mrs. Lillian Dodge Haskell, reader; Miss Mildred Tinker, Miss Hazel Chamberlain, dancers; Mr. Jas. E. Donnelly, baritone; Mr. John A. Allen, violinist; Mr. John J. Kelly, pianist; Mrs. Lena Reid Fleming, accompanist; Mr. Ralph Wilder, accompanist.

IF YOU HAVE BEEN DISSATISFIED WITH THE WORK OF SO-CALLED

Tailors

WHO CAN'T SEW A BUTTON ON, DON'T CONDEMN THE WHOLE CRAFT, BUT TRY

Martin's Tailoring

WE ARE

Practical Craftsmen

AND CAN MAKE CLOTHES TO SUIT ANYONE, NO MATTER HOW FASTIDIOUS THEY MAY BE. OUR PRICES ARE REASONABLE AND THE PRODUCTS OF OUR WORK-ROOMS CANNOT BE IMPROVED ON IN THIS CITY.

J. C. Martin & Sons

LOWELL'S PRACTICAL TAILORS

Phone No. 2144, 243 Central St., 169 Church St.

ERCEL A. TEESON

To be Colonel of High School Regiment

Erce A. Teeson is to be the new colonel of the High school regiment. The full list of officers for the regiment has not yet been announced owing to the fact that the examination papers have not been inspected. Several of the high officers, however, have been announced and included in the list are Teeson, The lieutenant-colonel will be Morris L. Tibbets. George Plint will be major, commanding the second battalion. And the quarter-master will be Capt. Liddell. One other captain has been named, John Monahan. It is probable that the entire list will be available within a few days.

BOWLING GAMES

SEVERAL CONTESTS ON THE LOCAL ALLEYS

There were several good bowling contests held last night on the local alleys. In the game between Owen's Pets and Kelley's Pets, the former aggregation won by a wide margin. The so-called Lowell and Woburn teams had at it with the result that the Lowell team won by a margin of 13 pins. Two teams, each made up of four young women and a man, played a most interesting game, the Dreamwolds defeating the Elites by 51 pins.

The scores:

OWEN'S PETS				
	1	2	3	Tot
Fitzgerald	80	72	84	236
O'Brien	71	100	80	251
Rielly	63	79	77	219
Carroll	68	88	87	243
Owens	79	67	77	223
Totals	361	406	405	1172

KELLEY'S PETS				
	1	2	3	Tot
Benoit	73	77	82	232
Trowbridge	69	64	55	188
Kelley	73	77	71	221
Hart	64	70	76	210
Murphy	77	84	78	239
Totals	356	372	362	1090

LOWELL				
	1	2	3	Tot
Kompton	95	104	87	286
Sturtevant	101	86	96	283
Poster	72	94	69	235
Jewett	79	89	85	253
Wynne	98	85	107	290
Totals	445	458	447	1350

WOBURN				
	1	2	3	Tot
McGrath	85	82	104	271
Plimbury	92	94	84	270
McCarthy	89	85	94	268
Flinders	92	89	69	249
McCarren	94	94	94	282
Totals	452	443	446	1340

DREAMWOLDS

	1	2	3	Tot
Miss A. Lawrence	73	84	70	227
Miss E. Higgins	73	70	72	215
Miss J. Cronin	69	67	71	207
Miss M. Perkins	76	78	93	246
Mr. B. McNamara	86	91	93	270
Totals	375	393	399	1167

ELITES

	1	2	3	Tot
Miss M. McHugh	52	71	70	193
Miss H. O'Brien	76	79	71	226
Miss J. Shea	76	66	75	217
Miss K. Horne	68	79	74	221
Mr. M. Rogers	84	92	85	261
Totals	353	387	376	1116

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Charles C. Gillet, Jr., and Miss Gladys E. Choate of this city were united in marriage, Wednesday afternoon, at St. John's Episcopal church, by Rev. James Baneroff. Mr. and Mrs. Gillet will live at 617 Chestnutford street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin N. Steeper observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage at their home, 113 Third street, last evening. It was a quiet family gathering.

THREE BODIES

Were Taken From the Hudson River

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Three bodies of victims of the swamping of the New Hampshire battleship barge Saturday night were taken from the Hudson river today. This made a total of 24 bodies recovered. Two of the bodies found today were identified, one as that of Patrick J. Donahue, a private in the marine corps of Limerick, Ireland, and the other as that of Henry Sherman Bailey, a ship's cook, third class, of Ansonia, Conn.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE CHOLERA OUTBREAK

NAPLES, Oct. 8.—During yesterday and last night there were ten new cases of cholera in this city and four deaths from the disease, according to official announcement.

FORTUNE OF \$1,250,000

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Mary Hunt Loomis, Chicago society woman and heroine of the Civil war, died yesterday, leaving a fortune of \$1,250,000 to the Loomis Institute, an educational institution at Windsor, Conn., founded 18 years ago by Mrs. Loomis' husband and his brother and a sister.

CHIEF CROKER

Was Held Up For Overspeeding

NEW ROCHELLE, Oct. 8.—Fire Chief Edward F. Croker of New York came out here yesterday as the guest of the town to review a firemen's parade, but before he got more than a block on his way back to New York after the judgments had been announced he was arrested. He spent half an hour as a prisoner in a police station and when finally he was released Sergt. Bais insisted that he go in the custody of an alderman.

It was a parade of volunteer fire companies and Chief Croker never in his life looked at a parade from the judge's stand until yesterday, and it was only his friendship for Chief Jim Ross that brought him here yesterday. He felt that he ought to get back to New York, so he walked to where his automobile was and gave the word to start for New York. His chauffeur in making a turn toward the city had to pass the line of the parade. The chief was in a hurry and he gave orders to his chauffeur to go through the parade whether or no.

But Policeman Chenoweth wouldn't have it so. The chief told him to go ahead. At the same time he showed his fire department shield. He also pointed to his guest of honor badge, but that didn't make any more impression than the chief's gold shield.

"I don't care who you are, you're going to stop," said Chenoweth, stoutly. "Even if you're President Taft."

Croker said he wouldn't and the chauffeur threw in his clutch. Then Chenoweth said the chief was arrested and he'd have to go to the station house. The chief went.

Sergt. Bernard Bais was on duty alone. The sergeant was in a quandary and realized it the moment he learned who Chenoweth's prisoner was. He sent to Glen Island for an alderman or the mayor or somebody to help him out. Alderman Le Count was procured.

The alderman and the sergeant talked it over, the former being considerably excited.

"But, alderman," expostulated the sergeant finally, "there ain't no way of fixing it unless the chief goes in your custody."

That's the way Croker got off.

The Merrimack Clothing Company is starting its eighteenth year with a boom—by offering the best suit in New England for

\$15.00

DON'T FLOUNDER AROUND IN THE DARK WHEN YOU CAN BUY ONE OF OUR

Big No. 2 Fount Lanters

—FOR—

Big Fount

39c

Regular 75c Size

The MOST Lantern for the price ever shown. Buy one, or better, yet buy more while you can.

The Thompson Hardware Company
254-256 MERRIMACK STREET.

HELD IN \$2500

McClarty Charged With Manslaughter

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Charged with manslaughter, in causing the death of Peter Frotton, aged 24, married, of 12 Winchester place, Winchester, Charles L. McClarty, 31 years old, married, living at 232 Elm street, Cambridge, was held by Judge Folster yesterday in the municipal court in \$2500 for the grand jury. Since his arrest on Sept. 27 McClarty has been held in \$5000, but yesterday the judge reduced the bail to \$2500.

Frotton met his death at the St. James hotel. On the night mentioned Frotton and a man named Joy were at the hotel, and it is alleged while McClarty and James Caulfield of Cambridge were escorting him from the hotel to the street Frotton was either struck in the face or thrown down. His head struck the radiator, causing a fracture of the skull, death ensuing a little while later.

Caulfield, who was also arrested at the time, was also charged with manslaughter. He was represented by Attorney John F. McDonald, while Attorney Scharton appeared for McClarty. Caulfield was discharged.

Ten witnesses were examined. Frank Russell, a carpenter, testified he was standing ten feet from the door and saw McClarty strike Frotton on the jaw. He said when the blow was struck another man was being put out. Charles E. Hurder, a father, testified he saw Frotton when struck, saying it was McClarty who struck the blow. He said Frotton smiled, almost instantly afterward going to the floor. He said Frotton's face then turned very dark.

Dr. Magrath testified to having examined the body, saying Frotton met his death as a result of a hemorrhage of the brain.

Chief Duncan testified to having gone to the hotel, where he interviewed McClarty. The chief read a paper which contained the substance of the interview. McClarty in the interview said that he did not strike Frotton, that the latter was seized with an epileptic fit and fell against the radiator, striking his head with force enough to result in death.

MORNING GLORIES

HELD A DANCING PARTY LAST NIGHT

A pretty dancing party was held in Associate hall last night under the auspices of the Morning Glory club. There was a large attendance showing that the young men who are members of the club are popular throughout the city.

A prize waltz was held during the course of the evening. Dancing was enjoyed to music furnished by Kirtledge's orchestra.

The officers of the evening were: General manager, Joseph L. Crowe; assistant general manager, James A. Brown; floor director, Stephen P. Shely; assistant floor director, Edward C. Holland; chief aid, Thomas Fitzgerald; aids, Wm. Mills, Thomas Malone, Timothy O'Neill, P. Holton, John Callahan, Roderick Turgeon; treasurer, Frank J. White.

ANNUAL MEETING

NEW ENGLAND CHINESE SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS' UNION

LAWRENCE, Oct. 8.—Rev. James Roberts, who spent many years in China, and Mrs. Harriet E. Miller, were participants in yesterday's program of the seventh annual convention of the New England Chinese Sunday school workers' union held in the Second Baptist church.

These officers were elected: Mrs. Harriet E. Miller of Hartford, Conn., president; Mrs. Robert H. Magwood of Dorchester and Miss Emma L. Koschitzky of Lawrence, vice president; Mrs. Henry J. Warren of Boston, secretary; Mrs. Elizabeth D. Hawkes of Portland, Me., treasurer.

The general committee, to serve until the next convention, comprises Mrs. A. A. Day of Dorchester, Mrs. J. E. Hartford of New Haven, Miss L. A. Ticecomb of Boston, Mrs. E. H. Magwood, Mrs. H. E. Mitchell of Worcester, Mrs. Anna Gregory of Haverhill, Miss Harriet Carter of Boston and Miss C. G. Morris of North Billerica.

Auction Sale

Princeton

Boulevard Lots

PRATT PARK

Oct. 12, 13, 14, 15

Columbus Day (Wednesday)

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, 2 P.

M. Daily

\$1000 IN PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY FREE

TERMS—10 Per Cent. Down at Time of Sale. Balance Easy.

Take Tynabro or North Chelmsford electric car out Middlesex street to Middlesex Village Post Office.

5 CENT FARE FROM ANY PART OF LOWELL.

Head Land Company, Boston Office, 60 State Street.

NIGHT EDITION

TWO FOUND DEAD

Men Were Asphyxiated by Gas in Fall River

FALL RIVER, Oct. 8.—With the gas turned on full, George A. Damask, 28, was found dead in a room of a lodging house here this morning and a companion, James J. Foveaux, 24, showed signs of life, but died soon. Medical Examiner Downing gave a verdict of accidental death by asphyxiation. The men were Greek lobster-fishermen from Newport and came here last night. This morning the odor of gas was detected in the hall of the house and on opening the door of their room the gas was found pouring into the room. A physician was summoned, but Damask was dead and his companion showed a little sign of life.

AT ST. PETER'S SUPREME COURT

Holy Name Society to Receive Communion Has Considerable Business to Transact

Following out a time honored custom the Holy Name society of St. Peter's church will receive holy communion tomorrow at that church, it being the regular quarterly appearance of the organization. After a brief respite from the activities of society work during the summer months, the members feel prepared to enter upon the fall and winter season with renewed efforts for the promotion of the laudable objects of the society. Hence it is that at tomorrow's service the attendance of every member enrolled in the great organization is expected.

The members will assemble at 7.50 o'clock in the fair hall and under the direction of Marshal Wm. J. Gargan will proceed to the church, where seats will be reserved at the 8 o'clock mass. The Holy Name choir, under the direction of Mr. James E. Donnelly, will render a special musical program. After mass the members will repair to Lincoln hall, where breakfast will be served under the direction of Mrs. Katherine McQuade, assisted by a corps of young ladies of the parish. Following breakfast the entertainment program will be presented with Pres. Richard Lyons in the chair. Remarks will be made by Rev. Dr. Keleher, and Rev. John F. Burns, after which the following well known talent will entertain: Piano solos by Miss Marietta G. Gormley and George Tierney; solos by Miss Gertrude B. Keleher, Mrs. Fred Lenney, Messrs. James H. Gannon, Joseph Mahan and James Lyons; clarinet duet by Messrs. John Fairbrother and John McCann; readings by James B. Coughlin, Wm. McQuade and Maurice O'Donnell; duet by Messrs. Robert Lindsay and Andrew Doyle; recitations by John Payne. The committee in charge of tomorrow's event has labored hard for its success and the indications point to the highest attendance in the history of the society.

DEATH REPORT

With Causes Assigned for Past Week

The report of deaths for the week ending October 8, 1910, with the causes assigned, is as follows:

30—Bridget A. Kibridge, 64, heart disease.

31—Charles C. Buckland, 60, carcinoma.

32—Sabina A. Hogan, 45, carcinoma.

33—Gianopoulos, 6 days, carcinoma.

Oct. 1—Josephine Baccetti, 18, aneurism of aorta.

2—Nellie E. Smith, 45, aneurism.

3—Kathleen J. O'Brien, 24, typhoid fever.

4—Mary J. Gargan, 25, aneurism.

5—John J. Gargan, 21, carcinoma.

6—Annie Mead, 5 months, chol. inf.

7—Harold H. Harker, 2 months, pneumonia.

8—Harold Harker, 2 months, pneumonia.

9—Rodolphus Andre, 28 days, lung disease.

10—Bridget Kibridge, 28 days, heart.

11—Ellen Baccetti, 15, pneumonia.

12—Elizabeth B. Baccetti, 15, pneumonia.

13—Edmond Villeneuve, 1, carcinoma.

14—Mary C. Quinn, 77, carcinoma.

15—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

16—Packer Q. Barker, 3 months, carcinoma.

17—Josephine Verrill, 1 day, pneumonia.

18—William E. Baccetti, 1 day, pneumonia.

19—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

20—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

21—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

22—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

23—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

24—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

25—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

26—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

27—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

28—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

29—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

30—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

31—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

32—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

33—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

34—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

35—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

36—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

37—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

38—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

39—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

40—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

41—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

42—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

43—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

44—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

45—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

46—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

47—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

48—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

49—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

50—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

51—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

52—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

53—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

54—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

55—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

56—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

57—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

58—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

59—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

60—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

61—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

62—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

63—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

64—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

65—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

66—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

67—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

68—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

69—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

70—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

71—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

72—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

73—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

74—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

75—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

76—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

77—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

78—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

79—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

80—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

81—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

82—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

83—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

84—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

85—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

86—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

87—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

88—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

89—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

90—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

91—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

92—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

93—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

94—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

95—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

96—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

97—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

98—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

99—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

100—Beatrice Villeneuve, 5 months, carcinoma.

SPANISH RULER, FEARING UPRISING, SENDS TROOPS TO BARCELONA



MADRID, Oct. 8.—Many in ministerial and court circles are apprehensive, for the republicans are reported to be unusually active, especially in the provinces. But the police and military are taking extraordinary precautions to quell any uprising. Premier Canalejas has assured King Alfonso that orders covering all contingencies have been sent to the provinces and that any outbreak will be suppressed instantly. That the Spanish republicans have been planning with their Portuguese fellows for a simultaneous outbreak in both countries has been known to the Spanish government for some time. Even the date for the uprising is known, Oct. 13, the anniversary of Francisco Ferrer's execution. But the Spaniards realized they had

small chance to succeed, the royalists insist. They found that the officers of the army were loyal. Troops are massed in such hotbeds of sedition as the Basque provinces in the north and in Barcelona. General Weyler, whom Americans remember as captain general of Cuba, openly threatened that any revolt would be put down mercilessly. The republicans in Valencia displayed great enthusiasm and unrest.

There troops are held in readiness for any emergency. Civic guards patrol the streets, and a strong force of them is kept before the republican club house. The governor of Valencia ordered the removal of republican flags from the windows of the club house and similar organizations. Numerous bands of radicals, cheering and waving flags, have paraded the streets of Barcelona until the police scattered them.

serve 18 months at hard labor in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., and to pay a fine of \$5000; Robert Gallagher, logging superintendent, to 15 months and a fine of \$1000; C. C. Hilton and S. B. Huggins, employees, to 13 months and a fine of \$1000, all for having conspired to commit the offense known as peonage. The accused are seeking to be released on writs of habeas corpus, the claim being that the sentence to hard labor was illegal, that the trial court had no jurisdiction and that the grand jury was not constituted according to law.

Scarcely of less interest in the labor world will be the cases involving the constitutionality of the employers liability law of 1908. This law was passed by congress to take the place of the act nullified by the supreme court because it applied to intra-state commerce as well as to interstate. The present law has been attacked along the same lines.

Of even greater interest is the case involving the contempt proceedings against the officials of the American Federation of Labor: Samuel Gompers, president of the federation, is under sentence to serve twelve months in jail. John Mitchell, formerly president of the United Mine Workers, nine months; and Frank Morrison, secretary of the federation, six months, all for alleged contempt of the supreme court of the District of Columbia in that they disregarded the injunction to cease interfering with the business of the Buel's Store & Range company of St. Louis, which had brought suit against them to prevent them from boycotting it. All the points in the controversy are to be laid before the court for final decision.

The Missouri two-cent passenger rate law and the maximum freight rate law of that state have been set for argument after the contempt cases. The constitutionality of these laws is attacked. Opposing the veto by Governor Hughes of the New York two-cent fare bill, his attitude as a member of the court toward the Missouri cases will be watched with interest.

The court was to have given a second hearing at the beginning of the term to the Baltimore & Ohio Southern railroad cases, involving the question as to what should be the unit for the assessment of penalties for violations of the 25 hour law governing the shipment of livestock. Last year the court stood four in favor of holding the railroad to the unit and four in favor of making the unit the separate shipments. In view of the tie vote, it is now believed the case will await the filing of the vacancies.

A case involving the constitutionality of the California law of 1906, providing for the quieting of title to real estate in case of the loss or destruction of public records, as by earthquake, will be heard according to present arrangements early in the term.

A long list of prosecutions under federal laws were also put forward at the head of the calendar for the coming term. Among these are the appeal of the government from the action of the New York federal court in setting aside the indictment against E. Augustus Hodge on charges of intent to defraud the Mercantile National bank of New York city, of which he was president; the appeal of the government from similar treatment of the indictment against George Kibson, a New York broker, and Thomas H. Larned of Philadelphia, on charges of having conspired with the American Sugar company to restrain Interstate Commerce violation of the Sherman anti-trust act by preventing the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining company from doing business; and several cases involving prosecutions under the pure food and drug act.

The last of the advanced cases is the so-called World Libel suit. The government has appealed to the supreme court from the action of the New York federal court in quashing the indictments against the Press Publishing company, publisher of the New York World, on a charge of libel. It was alleged that articles were printed defaming William H. Taft, William Nelson Cromwell, Douglas Robinson, Theodore Roosevelt, Charles P. Taft, and others, in connection with the purchase of the Panama canal.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 8.—Several hundred Odd Fellows from all parts of the state gathered in this city today to attend the centennial anniversary of the organization of Manchester Unity, I. O. O. F. The celebration began late in the afternoon with a street parade through the principal streets of the city. Tonight a banquet at which Gov. Pothier, Lieut. Governor Zeuss Bliss and Mayor Fletcher are scheduled to deliver speeches will be held in infantry hall.

It appeared in evidence that the auto company is engaged in the business of making and selling tops and slips for automobiles; that three or four machines a day go in and out of the part of the building occupied by the company. The autos go there to be measured, which takes a short time, and when the tops or slips are made they return to have the same adjusted. It takes about three hours to put on a top. No machine is allowed to remain over night. Gasoline is not kept there. Judge Rugg held as matter of law, that the use of the premises by the auto company for the making and selling of automobile tops and slips and the entering and leaving of automobiles as described was not a violation of the injunction in that it did not constitute the use of the place as a garage.

As to the custom of Mr. Walker to keep his machine there during the day, the judge found that such act did constitute the use of the premises as a garage and was in violation of the injunction, but he found that such use was without the knowledge of Mr. Foss. He said that the purposes for which Mr. Foss leased the entire building to the Walker company were not such as to have him anticipate the use of the premises as a garage and he could not reasonably have been expected to know that Mr. Walker was so using the premises. His honor, however, did say offhand that the defendant could not shift responsibility for the use of the premises in violation of the injunction by his lease and that he was required to know and would be responsible for any use of the building or any part of it as a garage under a subletting by the lessee.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment. Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her. He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor. Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery. He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th, to which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near the car barn of the Boston & North-ern Street Railway company in First street, and upon learning that his wife had left he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house, he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife. Mrs. Prescott has been doing out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

Believing that he might carry out his threat she fled to the house of a neighbor. She had not been there long before she heard the report of a rifle which was being fired through a window found her husband standing outside of her house with a gun in his hand and the panes of glass in the parlor window shattered.

She telephoned the police and two patrolmen were sent to the scene and they placed Prescott under arrest.

Mrs. Prescott informed the court that she had been married to her husband 21 years and that during that time he had drunk almost continually and despite her efforts to make him stop he refused to do so.

Prescott, when asked if he wanted to testify, said that he did not care to and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment. Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her. He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor. Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery. He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

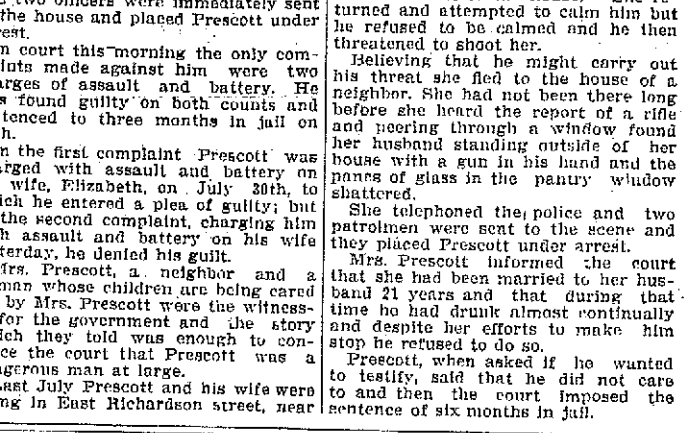
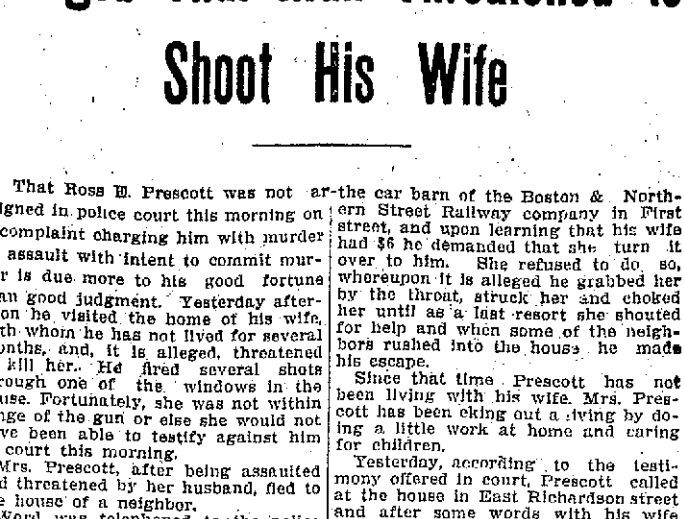
In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th, to which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near the car barn of the Boston & North-ern Street Railway company in First street, and upon learning that his wife had left he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house, he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife. Mrs. Prescott has been doing out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.



QUEEN OF SPAIN AND YOUNGEST CHILD OF KING ALFONSO

SCENE IN BARCELONA

ROYAL PALACE MADRID

HARBOR AT BARCELONA

SPANISH RULER, FEARING UPRISING, SENDS TROOPS TO BARCELONA

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment.

Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her.

He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery.

He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th.

To which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government.

and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near the car barn of the Boston & North-ern Street Railway company in First street.

and upon learning that his wife had left he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help.

and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house, he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife.

Mrs. Prescott has been doing out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment.

Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her.

He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery.

He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th.

To which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government.

and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near the car barn of the Boston & North-ern Street Railway company in First street.

and upon learning that his wife had left he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help.

and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house, he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife.

Mrs. Prescott has been doing out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment.

Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her.

He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery.

He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th.

To which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government.

and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near the car barn of the Boston & North-ern Street Railway company in First street.

and upon learning that his wife had left he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help.

and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house, he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife.

Mrs. Prescott has been doing out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment.

Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her.

He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery.

He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

In the first complaint Prescott was charged with assault and battery on his wife, Elizabeth, on July 30th.

To which he entered a plea of guilty; but on the second complaint, charging him with assault and battery on his wife yesterday, he denied his guilt.

Mrs. Prescott, a neighbor and a woman whose children are being cared for by Mrs. Prescott were the witnesses for the government.

and the story which they told was enough to convince the court that Prescott was a dangerous man at large.

Last July Prescott and his wife were living in East Richardson street, near the car barn of the Boston & North-ern Street Railway company in First street.

and upon learning that his wife had left he demanded that she turn it over to him. She refused to do so, whereupon it is alleged he grabbed her by the throat, struck her and choked her until as a last resort she shouted for help.

and when some of the neighbors rushed into the house, he made his escape.

Since that time Prescott has not been living with his wife.

Mrs. Prescott has been doing out a living by doing a little work at home and caring for children.

Yesterday, according to the testimony offered in court, Prescott called at the house in East Richardson street and after some words with his wife returned and attempted to calm him but he refused to be calmed and he then threatened to shoot her.

and then the court imposed the sentence of six months in jail.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Alleged That Man Threatened to Shoot His Wife

That Ross E. Prescott was not arrested in police court this morning on a complaint charging him with murder or assault with intent to commit murder is due more to his good fortune than good judgment.

Yesterday afternoon he visited the home of his wife, with whom he has not lived for several months, and, it is alleged, threatened to kill her.

He fired several shots through one of the windows in the house. Fortunately, she was not within range of the gun or else she would not have been able to testify against him in court this morning.

Mrs. Prescott, after being assaulted and threatened by her husband, fled to the house of a neighbor.

Word was telephoned to the police and two officers were immediately sent to the house and placed Prescott under arrest.

In court this morning the only complaints made against him were two charges of assault and battery.

He was found guilty on both counts and sentenced to three months in jail on each.

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET			
Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Copper	49 1/2	48 3/4	48 3/4
Am Car & Fu	49	48 1/2	48 1/2
Am Cit & P	49	48 1/2	48 1/2
Am Locomo	49	48 1/2	48 1/2
Am Loco pf	102 1/2	101 3/4	101 3/4
Am Smelt & R	70	69 1/2	69 1/2
Am Sugar Rtn	116	115 1/2	115 1/2
Am Tobacco	40 1/2	40	40
Atchafon	100 1/2	100	100
Balt & Ohio	108 1/2	108	108
Balt & O pf	90	89 1/2	89 1/2
Br & P	100 1/2	100	100
Canadian Pac	105 1/2	105	105
Cent Leather	34 1/2	34 1/4	34 1/4
Ches & Ohio	81 1/2	81 1/4	81 1/4
Cot Fuel	33 1/2	33 1/4	33 1/4
Consol Gas	123 1/2	123 1/4	123 1/4
Dis Secur Co	29 1/2	29 1/4	29 1/4
Elc	27 1/2	27 1/4	27 1/4
Gen Elec	150 1/2	150	150
Genl Corp	127 1/2	127 1/4	127 1/4
Gr No Org	68 1/2	68 1/4	68 1/4
Int Met Com	100 1/2	100	100
Int Met pf	65 1/2	65 1/4	65 1/4
Int Paper pf	51 1/2	51 1/4	51 1/4
Iowa Central	77 1/2	77 1/4	77 1/4
Lea	100 1/2	100	100
Louis & Nash	140 1/2	140	140
Mexican Cen	32 1/2	32 1/4	32 1/4
Missouri Pa	65 1/2	65 1/4	65 1/4
Nat Lead	110 1/2	110	110
N Y Central	110 1/2	110	110
Norfolk Pac	118 1/2	118	118
Pennsylvania	130 1/2	130	130
People's Gas	107 1/2	107	107
Pressed Steel	147 1/2	147 1/4	147 1/4
Reading	147 1/2	147 1/4	147 1/4
St Paul	123 1/2	123 1/4	123 1/4
Southern Ry	115 1/2	115 1/4	115 1/4
Southern Ry pf	56 1/2	56 1/4	56 1/4
Tenn Copper	35 1/2	35 1/4	35 1/4
Union Pac	110 1/2	110	110
Union Pacific	109 1/2	109	109
U S Rtn pf	100 1/2	100	100
U S Steel	70 1/2	70	70
U S Steel pf	118 1/2	118	118
U S Steel pf	118 1/2	118	118
Utah Copper	49 1/2	49 1/4	49 1/4
Wabash R R	16 1/2	16 1/4	16 1/4
Wabash R R pf	36 1/2	36 1/4	36 1/4
Westinghouse	148 1/2	148	148
Western Un	75 1/2	75 1/4	75 1/4
Wiscon Cen	55 1/2	55 1/4	55 1/4

STOCK MARKET

THE CLOSING TODAY WAS AN EASY ONE

A Slight Hardening Of The General List—Sharp Advances In Some of the Specialties—Prices Went Back In Last Few Minutes

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Prices of stocks were scarcely stirred by the light opening orders. A sluggish up and down movement within a range of less than a half was the extreme, except for Westinghouse Electric which declined.

The intense dullness which followed the opening afforded little opportunity for trading operations and fluctuations were accordingly restricted to the merest fraction. Sears Roebuck, which sold yesterday at 168 opened at 169 and advanced further to 170.

The market closed easy. A slight hardening of the general list accompanied the sharp advances in some of the specialties. The narrow range of the advance was retraced in the last few minutes.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans firm but dull, 90 days 4 1/2 per cent and 90 days 4 1/4 to 4 1/2; six months 4 1/2 to 4 1/2. Prime mercantile paper 5 1/2 to 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady at \$43.30 @ \$43.30 for 60 day bills and at \$46.30 for demand. Commercial bills \$42 1/2 to 1/2. Bar silver 54 1/2. Mexican dollars 45. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The statement of the clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks held \$5,960, 14.82 per cent more than the requirements of the clearing house. This is a decrease of \$4,884,000 in the proportion of 14.82 per cent as compared with last week.

BOSTON MARKET

STOCKS High Low Close
Amal Copper 49 1/2 48 3/4 48 3/4
Am Car & Fu 49 48 1/2 48 1/2
Am Cit & P 49 48 1/2 48 1/2
Am Locomo 49 48 1/2 48 1/2
Am Loco pf 102 1/2 101 3/4 101 3/4
Am Smelt & R 70 69 1/2 69 1/2
Am Sugar Rtn 116 115 1/2 115 1/2
Am Tobacco 40 1/2 40 40
Atchafon 100 1/2 100 100
Balt & Ohio 108 1/2 108 108
Balt & O pf 90 89 1/2 89 1/2
Br & P 100 1/2 100 100
Canadian Pac 105 1/2 105 105
Cent Leather 34 1/2 34 1/4 34 1/4
Ches & Ohio 81 1/2 81 1/4 81 1/4
Cot Fuel 33 1/2 33 1/4 33 1/4
Consol Gas 123 1/2 123 1/4 123 1/4
Dis Secur Co 29 1/2 29 1/4 29 1/4
Elc 27 1/2 27 1/4 27 1/4
Gen Elec 150 1/2 150 150
Genl Corp 127 1/2 127 1/4 127 1/4
Gr No Org 68 1/2 68 1/4 68 1/4
Int Met Com 100 1/2 100 100
Int Met pf 65 1/2 65 1/4 65 1/4
Int Paper pf 51 1/2 51 1/4 51 1/4
Iowa Central 77 1/2 77 1/4 77 1/4
Lea 100 1/2 100 100
Louis & Nash 140 1/2 140 140
Mexican Cen 32 1/2 32 1/4 32 1/4
Missouri Pa 65 1/2 65 1/4 65 1/4
Nat Lead 110 1/2 110 110
N Y Central 110 1/2 110 110
Norfolk Pac 118 1/2 118 118
Pennsylvania 130 1/2 130 130
People's Gas 107 1/2 107 107
Pressed Steel 147 1/2 147 1/4 147 1/4
Reading 147 1/2 147 1/4 147 1/4
St Paul 123 1/2 123 1/4 123 1/4
Southern Ry 115 1/2 115 115
Southern Ry pf 56 1/2 56 1/4 56 1/4
Tenn Copper 35 1/2 35 1/4 35 1/4
Union Pac 110 1/2 110 110
Union Pacific 109 1/2 109 109
U S Rtn pf 100 1/2 100 100
U S Steel 70 1/2 70 70
U S Steel pf 118 1/2 118 118
U S Steel pf 118 1/2 118 118
Utah Copper 49 1/2 49 1/4 49 1/4
Wabash R R 16 1/2 16 1/4 16 1/4
Wabash R R pf 36 1/2 36 1/4 36 1/4
Westinghouse 148 1/2 148 148
Western Un 75 1/2 75 1/4 75 1/4
Wiscon Cen 55 1/2 55 1/4 55 1/4BOSTON CURE MARKET
Stocks High Low Close
Amal Copper 49 1/2 48 3/4 48 3/4
Am Car & Fu 49 48 1/2 48 1/2
Am Cit & P 49 48 1/2 48 1/2
Am Locomo 49 48 1/2 48 1/2
Am Loco pf 102 1/2 101 3/4 101 3/4
Am Smelt & R 70 69 1/2 69 1/2
Am Sugar Rtn 116 115 1/2 115 1/2
Am Tobacco 40 1/2 40 40
Atchafon 100 1/2 100 100
Balt & Ohio 108 1/2 108 108
Balt & O pf 90 89 1/2 89 1/2
Br & P 100 1/2 100 100
Canadian Pac 105 1/2 105 105
Cent Leather 34 1/2 34 1/4 34 1/4
Ches & Ohio 81 1/2 81 1/4 81 1/4
Cot Fuel 33 1/2 33 1/4 33 1/4
Consol Gas 123 1/2 123 1/4 123 1/4
Dis Secur Co 29 1/2 29 1/4 29 1/4
Elc 27 1/2 27 1/4 27 1/4
Gen Elec 150 1/2 150 150
Genl Corp 127 1/2 127 1/4 127 1/4
Gr No Org 68 1/2 68 1/4 68 1/4
Int Met Com 100 1/2 100 100
Int Met pf 65 1/2 65 1/4 65 1/4
Int Paper pf 51 1/2 51 1/4 51 1/4
Iowa Central 77 1/2 77 1/4 77 1/4
Lea 100 1/2 100 100
Louis & Nash 140 1/2 140 140
Mexican Cen 32 1/2 32 1/4 32 1/4
Missouri Pa 65 1/2 65 1/4 65 1/4
Nat Lead 110 1/2 110 110
N Y Central 110 1/2 110 110
Norfolk Pac 118 1/2 118 118
Pennsylvania 130 1/2 130 130
People's Gas 107 1/2 107 107
Pressed Steel 147 1/2 147 1/4 147 1/4
Reading 147 1/2 147 1/4 147 1/4
St Paul 123 1/2 123 1/4 123 1/4
Southern Ry 115 1/2 115 115
Southern Ry pf 56 1/2 56 1/4 56 1/4
Tenn Copper 35 1/2 35 1/4 35 1/4
Union Pac 110 1/2 110 110
Union Pacific 109 1/2 109 109
U S Rtn pf 100 1/2 100 100
U S Steel 70 1/2 70 70
U S Steel pf 118 1/2 118 118
U S Steel pf 118 1/2 118 118
Utah Copper 49 1/2 49 1/4 49 1/4
Wabash R R 16 1/2 16 1/4 16 1/4
Wabash R R pf 36 1/2 36 1/4 36 1/4
Westinghouse 148 1/2 148 148
Western Un 75 1/2 75 1/4 75 1/4
Wiscon Cen 55 1/2 55 1/4 55 1/4

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Exchanges, \$27,855,096; balances, \$2,261,791. For the week ending Oct. 8, 1910: Exchanges, \$189,377,511; balances, \$10,870,500. Corresponding week of October, 1909: Exchanges, \$177,033,149; balances, \$10,164,835.

Spot Cotton
NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Spot cotton closed steady, 16 points advance. Mid. Upp. 14.65; mid gulf, 14.90. No sales.Exchanges and Balances
BOSTON, Oct. 8.—Exchanges, \$27,855,096; balances, \$2,261,791. For the week ending Oct. 8, 1910: Exchanges, \$189,377,511; balances, \$10,870,500. Corresponding week of October, 1909: Exchanges, \$177,033,149; balances, \$10,164,835.Spot Cotton
NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Spot cotton closed steady, 16 points advance. Mid. Upp. 14.65; mid gulf, 14.90. No sales.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The statement of the clearing house banks for the week shows that the banks held \$5,960, 14.82 per cent more than the requirements of the clearing house. This is a decrease of \$4,884,000 in the proportion of 14.82 per cent as compared with last week.

Mr. Quimby had been at the home for about a year, and during that time his health had gradually failed. He served in Company G, First Maine Heavy Artillery, from June 10, 1863, to June 10, 1865. He was three times wounded in May, 1864, at the battle of Spotsylvania Court House, Virginia. Soon after the close of the war he came to Lowell and for a long time he was employed by Rice & Co. He joined Post 42, G. A. R., March 25, 1899, and was at one time a senior vice commander. His body was brought to this city to the rooms of the J. B. Currier company.

TEMPLE—Lincoln Howard Temple, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Temple, Jr., died yesterday morning at the home of his parents, 24 Edison street, at the age of seven days. The body was taken to Taunton, where funeral services were held yesterday afternoon. Undertaker William H. Saunders had charge of funeral arrangements.

LAGASSE—Joseph Lagasse died on Thursday night at his home, 124 Alken avenue, aged 26 years. He leaves four brothers, Ernest, Napoleon, Remi and Thomas Lagasse, all of Lowell, and five sisters, Mrs. Maria Ducharme, Mrs. Arthur Morin and Misses Josephine and Maria Lagasse of Lowell, and Mrs. Valere Bernier of Salmon Falls, N. H.

BURNS—Helen F. Burns, aged 15 years, daughter of Mary A. Burns, died this morning at the home of her mother, 483 Central street. She leaves her mother, two sisters, Miss Mabel Burns and Mrs. William Stafford, and two brothers, Edward and John.

RELLI—Basilio Relli, aged 11 months, child of Esthela Maria, died this morning at the Lowell General Hospital. The body was removed to the home of the parents, 102 Jefferson street.

FUNERAL NOTICES

FURY—The funeral of the late Patrick J. Fury will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late home, 12 Marion street. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of P. H. Savage.

QUIMBY—Died in Chelsea, Oct. 6, Mr. John H. Quimby, aged 65 years. Funeral services will be held from the funeral parlors of Undertakers J. B. Currier Co. on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. Undertakers J. B. Currier Co. in charge.

HART—The funeral of Miss Mary Frances Hart will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late home, 26 Kinsman street, and services will be held at the Sacred Heart church at 3 o'clock. Friends invited. Funeral Director Thomas J. McDermott in charge.

Horace Hale Smith
ENGINEER AND
SURVEYOR
Room 3, 64 Central St. Call 1330Frank B. Trull
WANTS
Six Acclimated Horses at Once
Weighing from 1200 to 1300 lbs. each.
TELEPHONE 2535MONEY TO LOAN
NOTES OF SALARIED PEOPLE and others, to improve house and others, bought without security, easy payments. Offices in 60 principal cities. Don't be deceived by misleading advertisements. Investigate actual terms of others, than save money by trading here. D. H. Tolman, Room 45, 45 Merrimack st.BORROW HERE
OUR PLAN SAVES
YOU MONEY, TIME
AND TROUBLE
Our very low rates save you money, and our quick service saves your time. As we have eliminated all unnecessary red tape you get the money when you want it, without fuss or bother.
Loans from \$10 upwards to housekeepers and working-men. Everything strictly confidential.
Call, write or telephone 2434AMERICAN LOAN CO.
AGENTS,
Room 10, Hildreth Building
45 MERRIMACK STREETWHY
Borrow money and pay high rates of interest when you can get any reasonable amount from a reliable company at
ONE PER CENT.
made on day of application. Quick service and confidential methods.
If not convenient to call, write at once, and we will have our representative call on you.
Merrimack Loan Co.
Room 3, 61 Merrimack St. or 17 Elm Street
Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Monday and Saturday until 5 p. m.SUNLIGHT PARTY
Columbus Day, Wednesday, Oct. 12
Prescott Hall
Dancing 2 to 12. Admission 25 Cents
Kittredge's OrchestraMAX GOLDSTEIN
Dealer in wall papers at very lowest prices. Also painting, wallpapering and painting. Estimates given on large or small jobs. We will paint rooms for \$2.00. We furnish the wall paper. Work guaranteed.
The New Paint Store
155 Church Street Tel. 2807-1Taylor Roofing Co.
In case your roof needs shingling or a gravel roof you can call on the above concern and get the lowest figures. We use guaranteed material, and warrant all our work. Tel. 981-11.
If you want help in your business, try The Sun Loan Co.Merrimack Loan Co.
Room 3, 61 Merrimack St. or 17 Elm Street
Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Monday and Saturday until 5 p. m.WANTED
ROGER'S INDIAN BLOOD REMEDY is sold in Lowell at A. C. Stevens', 99 Central st.
BARN OR PIED wanted with water, and good yard space. Lowell Chimney Co., 32 Church st.
OLD FEATHER BEDS wanted. Guaranteed to double the value of any other dealer; also old fashioned furniture. Send orders to L. David, Gen. Delivery, Lowell.
OLD STOVES AND RANGES wanted to buy. Good price offered for the good ones. Lot us know today. Address: E. S. S. P. Box 1062.
DESIRABLE HOUSE wanted; sole, libraries, also paper novelties. Merritt's Book Store, 277 Middlesex st.
TENEMENT OF 5 ROOMS with shed or storage wanted near downtown for man and wife; low rent. Tel. 2442-4.
CHILDREN WANTED to board at 61 Concord st.TO LET
7-ROOM COTTAGE to let at 33 Elmwood ave., rent \$11. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 309-310 Wyman's Exchange.
UP-TO-DATE TENEMENT to let at 19 Lombard st., 7 large rooms, bath and pantry; hot water; rent \$10. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 309-310 Wyman's Exchange.
COTTAGE HOUSE to let; 7 rooms, bath and pantry; in first class order. Inquire on premises, 1 West Tenth st.
5-ROOM FLAT to let at 41 Concord st., Rent \$8. Inquire of Hogan Bros., 32 Concord st.
2-ROOM TENEMENT to let, 171 Walker st.; all modern improvements; steam heat. Inquire Farrell & Conant, 243 Dutton st., t-1, 1618.
GEORGE E. BROWN, 79 Chestnut st. has an extra clean, bright, sunny tenement to let, 4 rooms, good cellar, \$8. One flight up, easy home.
IF YOU ARE SICK you go to a doctor. If you have trouble come to a card reader, she will help you out with your trouble. Call at 40 Howard st.
VERY FINE TENEMENT FLAT to let, 3 rooms, bath and pantry, with cement cellar, large yard, two minutes to three car lines, 5 minutes walk to depot; good neighborhood. 169 Smith st., tel. 2829-5.
3-ROOM TENEMENT to let, with set of rooms, bath and pantry, with or without a large barn. For further particulars inquire at 23 Lombard st.
5-ROOM FLAT to let at 624 East Merrimack st., in good repair. Inquire Flynn's Market, 127 Graham st.
3-ROOM TENEMENT to let, on Royal st.; all modern improvements; steam heat; four sleeping rooms. Inquire 79 Royal st.
FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS to let, heat, gas and bath; 11 Burlington st., cor. of Wilbur st.
DOWN STAIRS TENEMENT of 4 rooms, to rent, 32 Elmwood ave. Gas. Your own back door. Newly papered and painted. Adults preferred.
FURNISHED ROOMS to let for light housekeeping; steam heat, bath and gas range. 177 Middlesex st.
ON EDGE OF HIGHLANDS, one, two or three rooms to let as desired, steam heat, bath, telephone, etc.; private family. Inquire at A. W. Dows & Co.
LARGE BARN to let at 326 Smith st. Inquire at A. W. Dows & Co.
3-ROOM HOUSE in Pawtucketville to let, bath and pantry, up to date, with small barn, near cars. Cross Avenue & Elm St., 215 Dutton st.
NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let, with steam heat, gas, bath; also table board at 259 Gorham st.
2-ROOM TENEMENT to let on West Fourth st., near Bridge st. Rent \$2.50 per week. Apply to Henry Miller & Son, 309-310 Wyman's Exchange.
2-ROOM TENEMENT to let in Pawtucketville. Bath, hot and cold water, gas, open plumbing, sewer connection; two car lines. Apply 89 Varnum ave. Phone 1019-3.
3-ROOM TENEMENT to let in two tenement house, on London st. near Gorham st.; set of rooms, hot water, and open plumbing. Inquire Mrs. H. E. Barrows, 666 Gorham st. Tel. 1023-2.
STORE to let at 561 Lawrence st. Call at 1128 Bridge st.
3-ROOM TENEMENT to let on Barclay st.; rent \$9 per month. Apply Phillips & Schutz Furniture Co., 338 Middlesex st.
TWO MODERN FLATS to let on Carter st., within a few minutes' walk of the Bunting, Lowell, Hildreth and Federal Shoe Co. Inquire at 937 Gorham st.
FRONT 4-ROOM FLAT to let; large bath room and pantry, set tubs, hot and cold water, open plumbing. Apply Fred W. Barrows, 646 Gorham st. Tel. 2579.
JOE FLYNN has a few 4 and 5 room tenements to let on Elm st.
OFFICE TO LET in Associate bldg. Light, bright and airy, overlooking Monument square. Rent reasonable. Apply to Janitor.SUNLIGHT PARTY
Columbus Day, Wednesday, Oct. 12
Prescott Hall
Dancing 2 to 12. Admission 25 Cents
Kittredge's OrchestraMAX GOLDSTEIN
Dealer in wall papers at very lowest prices. Also painting, wallpapering and painting. Estimates given on large or small jobs. We will paint rooms for \$2.00. We furnish the wall paper. Work guaranteed.
The New Paint Store
155 Church Street Tel. 2807-1Taylor Roofing Co.
In case your roof needs shingling or a gravel roof you can call on the above concern and get the lowest figures. We use guaranteed material, and warrant all our work. Tel. 981-11.
If you want help in your business, try The Sun Loan Co.Merrimack Loan Co.
Room 3, 61 Merrimack St. or 17 Elm Street
Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Monday and Saturday until 5 p. m.WANTED
ROGER'S INDIAN BLOOD REMEDY is sold in Lowell at A. C. Stevens', 99 Central st.
BARN OR PIED wanted with water, and good yard space. Lowell Chimney Co., 32 Church st.
OLD FEATHER BEDS wanted. Guaranteed to double the value of any other dealer; also old fashioned furniture. Send orders to L. David, Gen. Delivery, Lowell.
OLD STOVES AND RANGES wanted to buy. Good price offered for the good ones. Lot us know today. Address: E. S. S. P. Box 1062.
DESIRABLE HOUSE wanted; sole, libraries, also paper novelties. Merritt's Book Store, 277 Middlesex st.
TENEMENT OF 5 ROOMS with shed or storage wanted near downtown for man and wife; low rent. Tel. 2442-4.
CHILDREN WANTED to board at 61 Concord st.Merrimack Loan Co.
Room 3, 61 Merrimack St. or 17 Elm Street
Hours: 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Monday and Saturday until 5 p. m.

QUICK LOANS

AT POSITIVELY THE LOWEST RATES IN THE CITY
Our business is to loan money to housekeepers and working-men, in such a manner that it will be a help and not a burden. Perhaps you have a few small bills that you would like to pay. Here is an opportunity for you to pay them. Get a loan from us and pay us as thousands are paying us now. All business strictly confidential. Call, write or telephone 2974.
HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts. Fifth Floor. Take elevator. Rooms 503 and 505.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO. Wyman's Exchange, Cor. Merrimack and

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.				WESTERN DIV.			
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell
6:45	7:15	7:15	7:45	7:15	7:45	7:15	7:45
7:15	7:45	7:45	8:15	7:45	8:15	7:45	8:15
7:45	8:15	8:15	8:45	8:15	8:45	8:15	8:45
8:15	8:45	8:45	9:15	8:45	9:15	8:45	9:15
8:45	9:15	9:15	9:45	9:15	9:45	9:15	9:45
9:15	9:45	9:45	10:15	9:45	10:15	9:45	10:15
9:45	10:15	10:15	10:45	10:15	10:45	10:15	10:45
10:15	10:45	10:45	11:15	10:45	11:15	10:45	11:15
10:45	11:15	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:45
11:15	11:45	11:45	12:15	11:45	12:15	11:45	12:15
11:45	12:15	12:15	12:45	12:15	12:45	12:15	12:45
12:15	12:45	12:45	1:15	12:45	1:15	12:45	1:15
12:45	1:15	1:15	1:45	1:15	1:45	1:15	1:45
1:15	1:45	1:45	2:15	1:45	2:15	1:45	2:15
1:45	2:15	2:15	2:45	2:15	2:45	2:15	2:45
2:15	2:45	2:45	3:15	2:45	3:15	2:45	3:15
2:45	3:15	3:15	3:45	3:15	3:45	3:15	3:45
3:15	3:45	3:45	4:15	3:45	4:15	3:45	4:15
3:45	4:15	4:15	4:45	4:15	4:45	4:15	4:45
4:15	4:45	4:45	5:15	4:45	5:15	4:45	5:15
4:45	5:15	5:15	5:45	5:15	5:45	5:15	5:45
5:15	5:45	5:45	6:15	5:45	6:15	5:45	6:15
5:45	6:15	6:15	6:45	6:15	6:45	6:15	6:45
6:15	6:45	6:45	7:15	6:45	7:15	6:45	7:15
6:45	7:15	7:15	7:45	7:15	7:45	7:15	7:45
7:15	7:45	7:45	8:15	7:45	8:15	7:45	8:15
7:45	8:15	8:15	8:45	8:15	8:45	8:15	8:45
8:15	8:45	8:45	9:15	8:45	9:15	8:45	9:15
8:45	9:15	9:15	9:45	9:15	9:45	9:15	9:45
9:15	9:45	9:45	10:15	9:45	10:15	9:45	10:15
9:45	10:15	10:15	10:45	10:15	10:45	10:15	10:45
10:15	10:45	10:45	11:15	10:45	11:15	10:45	11:15
10:45	11:15	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:45
11:15	11:45	11:45	12:15	11:45	12:15	11:45	12:15
11:45	12:15	12:15	12:45	12:15	12:45	12:15	12:45
12:15	12:45	12:45	1:15	12:45	1:15	12:45	1:15
12:45	1:15	1:15	1:45	1:15	1:45	1:15	1:45

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION				WESTERN DIVISION			
To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston	To Boston	From Boston
Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell	Lowell
6:45	7:15	7:15	7:45	7:15	7:45	7:15	7:45
7:15	7:45	7:45	8:15	7:45	8:15	7:45	8:15
7:45	8:15	8:15	8:45	8:15	8:45	8:15	8:45
8:15	8:45	8:45	9:15	8:45	9:15	8:45	9:15
8:45	9:15	9:15	9:45	9:15	9:45	9:15	9:45
9:15	9:45	9:45	10:15	9:45	10:15	9:45	10:15
9:45	10:15	10:15	10:45	10:15	10:45	10:15	10:45
10:15	10:45	10:45	11:15	10:45	11:15	10:45	11:15
10:45	11:15	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:45
11:15	11:45	11:45	12:15	11:45	12:15	11:45	12:15
11:45	12:15	12:15	12:45	12:15	12:45	12:15	12:45
12:15	12:45	12:45	1:15	12:45	1:15	12:45	1:15
12:45	1:15	1:15	1:45	1:15	1:45	1:15	1:45

LOCAL NEWS

Political printing at Tobin's Printery.
J. F. Donohoe, Donovan bldg., real estate and insurance. Telephone.
The Thompson Hardware Co.'s 10c gas mantle is unequalled at the price.

PROF. PARKER

Says Lloyds Did Not Climb McKinley

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Professor Herold C. Parker, formerly of the Columbia University staff, who returned on Thursday from his unsuccessful attempt to climb Mt. McKinley, made his first public statement of the results of his trip before the Explorers' club at 20 West Thirty-ninth street last night. Without qualification he denounced from the platform the pretensions of the so-called Lloyd party, which claimed to have climbed Mt. McKinley in April last.

Professor Parker said he had been closer to the summit than any previous explorer and that from the observation which he was enabled to make there the story of the Lloyd party's achievement was manifestly a falsification. Professor Parker traversed the entire route Dr. Frederick A. Cook once claimed to have covered and he told the members of the Explorers' club very frankly that Dr. Cook did not have anything on the Lloyd party when it came to fiction.

The Columbia professor claims two world's records as the result of his adventures on the flanks of Mt. McKinley. One of them was the feat of staying fifty days on the Chullina glacier, supported only by the provisions which Professor Parker and his party could carry in on their backs.

The second record he claimed was that of having climbed to the highest point on the now famous mountain. His instruments registered a height of 10,500 feet, marking their best achievement. Even at that height, Professor Parker said he was seven miles away from the unconquered summit of the mountain.

In this expedition Dr. Cook set forth the claim to having reached 12,400 feet, but Professor Parker explained that after Dr. Cook's return a careful examination of his instruments showed that they registered 1000 feet out of the way.

C.B. COBURN CO.

Here's a Good Varnish Brush For You!

Minus the "Wearout"

It's our double chiseled, ox hair

Flowing Brush

And it's metal boned. Yes, it may be a little higher in price than other brushes, but the brush that wears the longest is the cheapest brush to buy.

One Inch..... 63c
Three Inch..... \$1.89
Free City Auto Delivery.

C.B. COBURN CO.

NOTICE

Dr. J. V. Pepin takes pleasure in informing his many friends and patients that he has reopened a dental office in the Associated building, 352 Merrimack street, corner Worthen, directly opposite his former office.

CURTIN & SPILLANE

Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters
Estimates cheerfully given
26 ANDOVER ST. TEL. 2429

FIVE SENTENCED

After Indictments by Grand Jury

KEENE, N. H., Oct. 8.—Five of the persons who were indicted in this city yesterday by the grand jury received their sentences from Judge Mitchell yesterday afternoon to the state prison at Concord by Sheriff Tuttle. One of the five men pleaded not guilty; he will stand a jury trial.

Elmer Oliver, indicted for breaking and entering, pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to state prison for a term of not more than three years and six months, nor less than two years and three months.

George O. Norcross, indicted for felonious assault, pleaded guilty and received sentence of more than five years nor less than three years.

Clarence of Alstead, indicted for burglary, pleaded guilty and received a sentence of not more than two years and six months nor less than one year and one month.

Arthur Norrington of Westminster, Vt., indicted for burning the Walpole bridge across the Connecticut river last April, on the charge of arson received the heaviest sentence of not more than seven years nor less than five years.

All were sentenced to hard labor and ordered to pay the costs of the court. Willard C. Reade, alias Beebe, pleaded not guilty to the charge of arson and he will be tried before the jury later in the session.

Following the arraignment and sentencing of the prisoners the judge granted a large number of naturalization papers to men in the county. The court adjourned until Monday afternoon and Judge Mitchell went to his home in Concord.

FELL FROM TREE

AGED MAN CAME NEAR LOSING HIS LIFE

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 8.—Jacob Brown of Ossipee, who is in his 80th year, went apple picking Thursday in the orchard of his daughter, Mrs. Ida A. Colbath of this city, whom he is visiting, and nearly lost his life by falling with the ladder from the top of a tree, a distance of 25 feet, late in the afternoon.

He was reaching out to get an apple on the end of a branch, when the ladder began to slide and he fell with it, striking the ground heavily on his stomach and chest. He was nearly unconscious when carried into the house. The attending physician found three ribs broken on the left side and injuries to his stomach and head.

Yesterday Mr. Brown suffered much pain and was unable to retain nourishment. He complained also of his head. The doctor says his chances of recovery are good if no complications develop.

IN POLICE COURT

Drunken Offenders Were Given Direct Sentences

Edward Hubert and Joseph Paul were arraigned in police court this morning on complaints charging them with drunkenness. Each entered a plea of not guilty, but after Patrolman Jeremiah Dooley had offered testimony relative to the actions of the two men, they were found guilty and nominal fines imposed.

Patrolman Dooley testified that he was called to Arch street shortly before five o'clock yesterday afternoon and found Hubert intoxicated and lying in the street. The man was helplessly drunk and it was necessary to carry him to the patrol box. Hubert said that he had had but five glasses of beer during the day and that was not enough to make a man drunk.

Patrolman Dooley said he advised Paul, who was with Hubert, to go to his home, but the latter refused to do so and the arrest followed. Paul said he had six glasses of beer during the day.

Both were found guilty and each was fined \$2.

Neglected His Children

Joseph E. Moran admitted that he had neglected to provide for his four minor children. His wife said that he had given her but \$13 in two months. She said she did not care what he gave her but she was anxious to have the children cared for. Owing to extenuating circumstances connected with the case Judge Hadley deemed it advisable to turn Moran over to the probation officer.

Other Offenders

George B. Kennedy, charged with being drunk, was sentenced to six months in jail, and John J. McNally, also charged with drunkenness, was given a similar sentence.

John J. Molloy was sentenced to the state farm.

Several first offenders were fined \$2 each.

ON COLUMBUS DAY

School Observance on Preceding Day

There will be no school Columbus day, Wednesday, October 12, the following notice having been sent to the teachers by Supr. Whitcomb some time ago: "October 12 being now a legal holiday you are authorized to omit the sessions of your schools on that day. For the preceding day I suggest such exercises as will have historical value and be appropriate to the occasion."

At the high school the exercises will be held in the hall on Tuesday morning. These exercises will be more or less elaborate, while in the other schools the exercises will be of a very simple nature.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

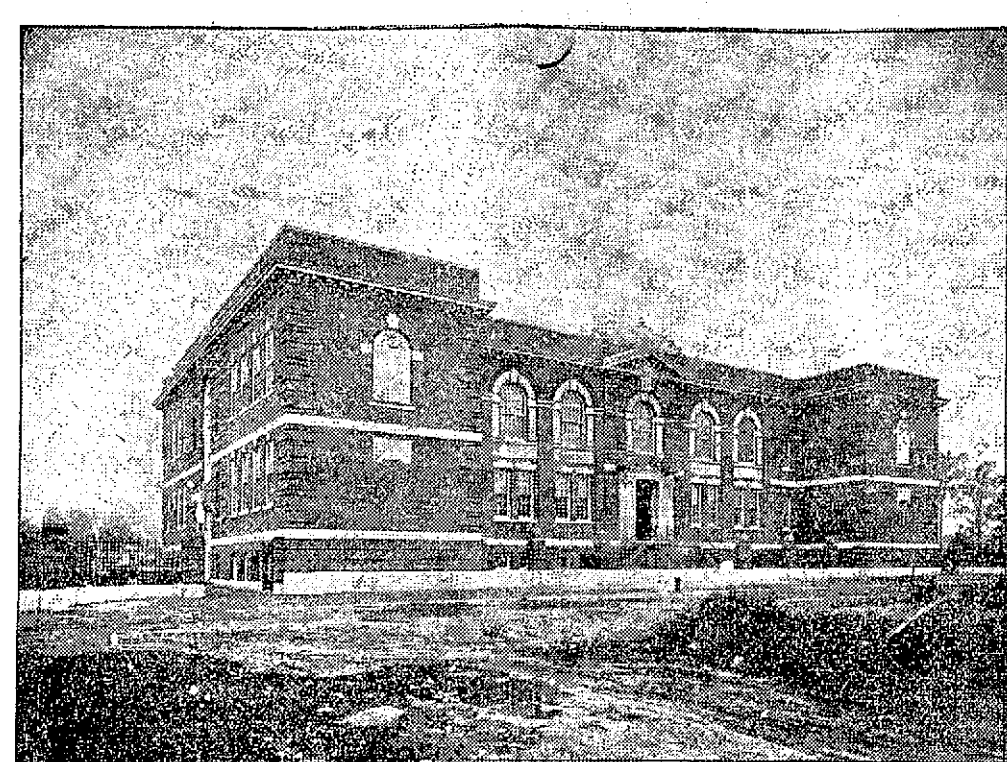
THE REVEREND
HARLETT & SPACK
MILLS, CHURCH & DOG
MOVING PICTURES
ADMISSION 5 AND 10 CENTS

OUR GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

THE WASHINGTON

The Latest of Our Grammar Schools

The Washington grammar school is situated in Lang street, opposite Inland street. It is a modern school building and while a great many have found fault with its location, believing that it should have been erected in Stevens street, yet it cannot be said



THE WASHINGTON SCHOOL

that the building does not present a very fine appearance. It is only in the winter time that serious objection is made to the location and then because of the fact that it is too far removed and not easy of access. Even teachers have complained of being unable to reach the school without getting their feet wet. When these complaints were made, however, the grading had not been completed and the building

contains ten class rooms and an assembly hall, together with several teachers' rooms, supply and emergency rooms. In the basement are the boys' and girls' rooms, 32 feet by 26 feet, two emergency rooms, teachers' master's, supply etc. On the first floor are six class rooms 32 feet by 26 feet, two emergency rooms, teachers' master's supply and clothing rooms; on the second floor are four class rooms, the same

The teachers are John F. Barr, master; Helen A. Dow, Esther M. Greene, Susan C. Griffin and Laura F. Greene. Mr. Barr was appointed principal of the Washington school when it opened. Mr. Barr is a Lowell boy and taught two or three years in the High school. He is a graduate of the Normal school in this city and also of Bates college. Mr. Barr is married and lives at 53 Beech street.

BICYCLE THEFTS

Are Charged Against Manchester Men

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 8.—Dennis Landry of 240 Union street, Adelard Lefebvre of 233 Manchester street and Lorenzo Dolisio of 148 Cedar street were arrested yesterday on charge of having to do with bicycle thefts. Within the last few weeks 20 bicycles have been stolen in different parts of the city.

Yesterday Patrolman Connor held up a boy on suspicion. The boy claimed he had bought the bicycle he was riding from LaFreniere. Policemen Connor and Mohr went to LaFreniere's home on Manchester street, and in the shed found a bicycle that had been missed by Clarence Colby of 589 South Main street. The police found in the house six bicycles, one of them belonging to A. W. Warren. Parts of some of the bicycles had been interchanged.

While the police were engaged in searching the house Landry entered and was arrested on suspicion of knowing something about the thefts. At Landry's home they found a bicycle belonging to P. P. Preston of 275 Taylor street. Landry, it is said, admitted taking that bicycle, but denied taking any others. He said "Pete" Delisle had some bicycles at his home. Here the police found other machines and parts, which were taken to the station, making in all 20 recovered.

Delisle is charged with the theft of a bicycle belonging to William Gallagher of 16 West street and of one belonging to a Greek living on Pine street.

VICE PRESIDENT

TO ATTEND KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS BANQUET

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Vice President James S. Sherman and U. S. Senator William Lorimer have accepted invitations to sit at the same banquet board in Chicago, Oct. 12, when local Knights of Columbus will celebrate Columbus day.

The feast will be spread in the gold room of the Congress hotel, where the Hamilton club dinner took place several weeks ago and Theodore Roosevelt declined to attend until the club's invitation to Senator Lorimer was withdrawn.

Mr. Sherman's acceptance was received yesterday and Senator Lorimer said yesterday that he would attend. They are both to sit at the speakers' table.

AVIATOR KILLED

He Plunged 1640 Feet to Death

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 8.—Captain Maclovich, the Russian military aviator, was killed yesterday in a fall from a biplane. The accident occurred during an altitude competition which was won by Maclovich, who reached a height of 3937 feet. Maclovich had risen 3930 feet but decided to descend. When at a height of 1640 feet his machine suddenly upset and the aviator was thrown out and came hurtling down like a plummet, reaching the ground before the biplane. Every bone in his body was broken, with the exception of an arm. It is the belief of the physician that he died of heart failure before reaching the ground. Loss of control of a lever is supposed to have been responsible for the accident.

The fall of the aviator through space created a panic among the spectators. Women shrieked and fainted and the wife of Maclovich became delirious and it is feared she will be permanently insane.

Maclovich was considered the most skillful and careful of the Russian military aviators. Only last Wednesday he took up Premier Stolypin for a 10-minute flight.

JOHN M. FARRELL, Auctioneer

Real Estate and Personal Property.
162 MARKET STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Thursday, Oct. 13, 1910, at 1 O'Clock, P. M.

At No. 1254 Gorham St., Lowell, Mass. Cars Pass the Door

I shall sell at public auction the stock and fixtures of the well stocked grocery store of Mr. J. R. Towle who has always kept the best goods in the market. The stock consists of a full line of canned goods, tomatoes, corn, peas, beans, fruits of all kinds, bottled tomato salads, pickled onions, lot of flour, barrels of molasses, and vinegar; lot of spices, extracts, teas, coffee, soups, etc. Pictures consist of five good show cases, coffee mill, oil tank, ice chest, counter scales, cheese chest, store stove, etc. Also lot of fancy goods, ribbons, laces, thread and a lot of small ware that space will not allow mentioning. Four ton of coal in bags, lot of coal. Also a small lot of household furniture, parlor suite, extra chairs and rockers, mirror, lace curtains and rugs, chamber suite, etc.

Mr. Towle by the death of his wife wishes to retire from business and takes this means to dispose of the entire stock to the highest bidder.

Terms: Cash.

Per order MR. J. R. TOWLE.

COLONIAL HALL

Monday Evening, Oct. 17, 8.15

FRANCIS MacMILLEN

AMERICA'S VIOLIN VIRTUOSO

With Boston Symphony Orchestra, Oct. 14 and 15

Tickets, \$1.00. On Sale at Steinert's, 130 Merrimack St., On and After October 10.

HATHAWAY'S

Every Afternoon Week Oct. 10 Evening At 8.15

WELCOME ENGAGEMENT OF THE FAVORITE DRAMATIC STAR

E. F. Hawley & Co.

In "THE BANDIT"

4 Musical Hodges

ARTISTIC INSTRUMENTALISTS

Kelley and Lafferty

NOVELTY SINGING AND DANCING

GEO. H. WOOD

THE POPULAR MONOLOGIST

Lorraine, Dudley & Co.

In a Comedy Sketch, "THE FINISH"

HATHASCOPE

NEW MOVING PICTURES

Lapo and Benjamin

"FLIPPING THE FLOPS"

A GENUINE NOVELTY, THE HERRING-CURTIS

AEROPLANE

Your Opportunity to See an Actual Airship

Planes from Steiner's

Don't Forget the Ladies' Bargain Matinee—10c

LOWELL'S NEW MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE 1 P. M. to 10.30 P. M.

NEXT WEEK'S PROGRAM

BLAKE'S ANIMAL CIRCUS

JAMES B. WATERS, Conductor

THE DEVRIES

Price